St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXVIII. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1879. NO. 214.

WE ARE RETAILING CLOTHING

Below the present cost of manufacture. Not a dime advance on the price of any article in our immense stock this season. The large piles of goods must be sold. Now is a rare opportunity to secure bargains in

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing

AT THE

Golden Eagle,

SOUTHWEST COR. FIFTH AND PINE.

DAN'L C. YOUNG, MANAGER.

COAL VASES

Double-Japanned, Finely Ornamented,

AT $3.00 EACH!

BOYS' VELOCIPEDES, SLEIGHS,

Tool-Chests, Skates, Etc.,

AT LOW PRICES.

Cheever, Burchard & Co.,

508 North Fourth Street.

711 Washington Ave. 711 Washington Ave

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

TOILET ARTICLES PRESCRIPTIONS

OUR NEW GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.

RUSSIA LEATHER, PURE IVORY, PEARL and SHELL

NOVELTIES

Of every description.

Genuine French Gilt Goods that will not tarnish. Jewelry Cases, Odor Stands, Handkerchief and Glove Boxes and

Rich Toilet Articles of New & Beautiful Designs.

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

PRESCRIPTIONS PREPARED DAY & NIGHT.

A. A. MELLIER.

ALL SAILS SET!

AND UNDER A

Full Head of Steam!

TO CATCH THE

Popular Breeze!

Of These Festal Days in the

Great Dry Goods Ship

OF

D. Crawford & Co.,

WHO, IN HER

Rigging, Trimming, Cargo and General Get-Up,

Leaves Far to the Leeward all the

COCKLE-SHELL CRAFT

That are Entered for the Race.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Have much pleasure in calling the attention of the public to their NOW MORE THAN MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

FANCY AND STAPLE

Dry Goods

SUITS, CLOAKS, UNDERWEAR, MILLINERY, SHOES, SLIPPERS, HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, Etc.

And would ask them to take a look at the TRULY ATTRACTIVE DISPLAYS which are made in their

Mile of Beautiful Show-Windows!

As, also, to the Magnificent Dressing-Up in ALL the Departments throughout their Vast Establishment, being such a display of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS as has never had an Equal on this Vast Continent, and which Clips the Wings of Every Display that has been made in the Exposition here.

PURCHASERS OF

Christmas Presents!

Should make it a point to visit, without fail, THE WONDERFUL

5c AND 10c DEPARTMENTS

On Second Floor of this House, as, also, the

Great House-Furnishing Department,

On same Floor, where may be found Thousands of Beautiful, Useful and Attractive Articles in

Hardware, Glassware, Woodenware, Willow-ware, etc., and Coal-Oil Lamps, Bohemian Vases, Harps, Coal Hods, Chamber Sets, Etc.

THE

Silk, Dress Goods

Suits, Cloaks, Shoes, Slippers, Shawls, Laces, Handkerchiefs, Glove and Hosiery

DEPARTMENTS

Are a Host of Themselves, and are Brimful of Beautiful Novelties from

KEEL TO TOP-MAST!

In a Word,

D. CRAWFORD AND CO.

Are now ready with the GRANDEST DISPLAY of

Christmas Novelties

They have ever shown, and guarantee the public an immense saving in making their purchases for the

Christmas AND New Year's

HOLIDAYS OF

1879 AND 1880!

The Popular and Progressive One-Price Cash House of

D. Crawford & Co.,

Fifth St. and Franklin Ave.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

OFFER FOR GENTLEMEN'S

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

VERY MANY

Useful, Sensible and Intrinsically Valuable Articles,

At Prices Far Below Those Who Deal Exclusively in Such Goods.

SILK UMBRELLAS!

Splendid assortment of these goods, all of the best make, in Carved Wood, Crook, Opera Hook, Knotted, Fancy and Bulb Ivory Handles, ranging from $5 to $10.

GENTS' SCARFS

In great variety and full assortment. Designs selected by ourselves and manufactured expressly for us.

LOTS SPECIALLY CHEAP

At 50c and 75c.

Scarf Pins and Rings

For the Prevailing Style of Neckwear, in handsome assortment and low in price.

Also, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Cashmere and Silk Mufflers. Decided Bargains in Plain Bordered, Colored Bordered and Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Real China Hemstitched Silk Handkerchiefs, Perfect-fitting Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders and Canton Flannel Drawers.

Knit & Silk Underwear

Excellent Shirts and Drawers at extreme low prices.

GENTS' HOSIERY

No such assortment to be found in any one house in Fancy Cotton, Plain Merino, Fancy and Plain Silk Half Hose.

GENTS' GLOVES!

In full assortment and variety. Gents' 2-Button Trefousse Kids, $1 75.

GENTS' FRENCH DOGSKIN GLOVES at $1 35.

For the accommodation of the public, OUR STORE will be OPEN until 8 p. m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Last Edition

PREMATURE PREDICTIONS.

Chicago's Faint Hope of Capturing the Democratic Convention.

Idiotic Expressions Regarding Presidential Selections.

Grant Spoken of as Available for a Second-Hand Nomination by the Democracy.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, December 22.—It is by no means certain that Chicago will not be inflicted with both Republican and Democratic National Conventions in 1880. Such a possibility is frequently spoken of by Democrats, particularly since the decision of the Republican Committee last week in favor of that place. The railroad facilities for going and coming, together with the hotel accommodations and the advantages of the Exposition building, are mentioned as reasons for such a course. But back of all that there is another motive which actuates many. The Democrats are considering the possibility of carrying Illinois in the next Presidential campaign, and the candidate they talk of in this connection is David Davis, of that State. This feeling is rather growing, particularly in view of the threatened action of the New York Legislature in regard to the electoral vote of that State. It is believed by many Democrats that Senator Davis would have a large following of independent voters in his own State and elsewhere sufficient at least to carry Illinois. He is spoken of as a strong candidate to run against Grant, as he would receive the votes of a large number of Republicans who do not believe in a third term.

In figuring the chances of the next year the Democrats generally concede the renomination of Gen. Grant. Fernando Wood, of New York, was approached the other day upon the subject of whom his party would nominate, and he was asked if it would be Seymour. He said no; that Seymour was too old and wouldn't have it anyway. Hendricks, Bayard and Hancock were each mentioned, but the Democratic leader of the House declared, with much assurance, that none of these would be selected as the standard-bearer of his party. "I tell you what it is," he said, "we have got to nominate a new man. We must find some one that the Republicans can't throw dirt at," and then he mentioned David Davis as one who might possibly answer the requirements of the hour. It is this, probably, more than anything else, that has given rise to the talking of holding the convention in Chicago, and if the Democratic National Convention should act upon this idea it would be considered in the light of a decided point in Davis' favor. The friends of Tilden favor New York and are opposed to Chicago in view of the significance that would attach to such a step.

A somewhat singular possibility is being considered and frequently talked of in Washington just at this time, and that is the nomination of Gen. Grant by the Democrats in case the Republican should select some one else. This was discussed at considerable length by members of the Republican National Committee while in the city last week, and while by many it was thought to be out of the question, still others, quoting the campaign of 1872, when Horace Greeley was the Democratic nominee, expressed the belief that the party would not hesitate a moment to nominate Grant if it was thought that he would accept and could be elected. But while many Republican politicians are found who do not favor his nomination or who would prefer some one else, it is looked upon by a large majority of that party as almost an established fact that he will be the Republican nominee. His canvass has seemed to take a decided shape since the election of Don Cameron to the chairmanship of the Republican National Committee, who also openly admits having assumed the position for the purpose of pushing Grant.

National Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 22.—The counsel of M. A. Dauphin wishing to amend the bill in equity against the Postmaster-General for retaining letters, the Court dismissed the bill without prejudice and a few minutes thereafter the amended complaint was filed by Senator Carpenter, counsel for Dauphin.

APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President has approved the bill authorizing the allowance for loss by leakage or casualty of spirits withdrawn from distillery warehouses for exportation.

OURAY OUTWITTED.

Failure of the Chief to Deliver to Justice the Guilty Utes—As an Ultimatum the Murderers Must Choose Between War and the Surrender of the Prisoners.

LAKE CITY, COL., December 22.—The following dispatch has been received from Los Pinos: Ouray has just arrived from the camp of the White River Utes and announces to the Commission that he was unable to effect a surrender of the prisoners demanded by the Commissioners. Ouray has given the White River Utes until the 23rd inst., to deliver up the prisoners. This is his ultimatum, and if not complied with by that time, he will call for troops and assist them in a war against Douglass and his tribe. Ouray says the feeling is very strong against giving up the Indians, and he is of the opinion that the war faction will prevail. Ouray has done all in his power to carry out the peace policy of the Government, and, having failed, is ready to assist the War Department whenever it shall commence operations.

Boxing Matches With Gloves.

LONDON, December 22.—The so-called boxing matches with gloves have been very numerous here of late. These affairs are little less than real prize-fighting, the very thinly disguised gloves now in use affording little protection and being merely adopted as a device to evade the law. The authorities seem at last to become aware of the affair and magistrates are co-operating in their efforts for its suppression. Heretofore the punishment for such offense has been a nominal fine or a term of imprisonment at the discretion of court, the imprisonment being generally remitted and the fine remaining uncollected. It is now proposed to allow the courts no discretion in the matter but to make imprisonment obligatory in all cases.

Ashore.

DETROIT, December 22.—Advices from Ludington state that the Northern Transportation Company's propeller City of Toledo, with a cargo from Milwaukee, went ashore nine miles north of that harbor at nine o'clock last night.

Sympathy for Ireland.

TORONTO, December 22.—The Mayor has called a public meeting for Tuesday night to consider the distress prevalent in Ireland, and for devising means for practical and immediate relief.

The Shermans in New York.

NEW YORK, December 22.—Secretary Sherman and Gen. Sherman are in the city. Each speaks to-night at the New England Society's dinner.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Edison, the Inventor, Announces Its Perfection.

Effect of the News Upon the St. Louis Gas Companies.

The morning papers contain a telegram from New York stating that the first public exhibition of Edison's long-looked-for electric light takes place New Year's evening at Menlo Park, on which occasion that place will be illuminated with the new light. It says the new light is produced from a little piece of paper which Edison makes more infusible than platinum, more durable than granite, and that it involves no complicated process. The paper is merely baked in an oven until its elements have passed away, except its carbon frame-work. The latter is placed in a glass globe connected with wires leading to the electricity producing machine and the air exhausted from the globe, then the apparatus is ready to give out a light that produces no deleterious gases, no smoke, no offensive odors; a light without flame, without danger, requiring no matches to ignite, giving out but little heat, vitiating no air, and free from all flickering; a light that is a little globe of sunshine. And this light, the inventor claims, can be produced cheaper than that from the cheapest oil. The inventor finds that the electricity can be regulated with entire reliability at the central station, just as the pressure of gas is now regulated. The entire cost of constructing the lamp is not more than twenty-five cents.

This announcement produced a ripple of excitement in gas circles this morning, and was the subject of considerable criticism and comment at the several offices. The opinions of a majority of the gas men are still biased towards Mr. Edison, and they refused to acknowledge that the declaration made relative to his invention would be attendant with any future brightness calculated to eclipse the present mode of lighting cities. A few anticipated a depression in gas stocks, which they believed would only be temporary, followed by a greater rise should the Menlo Park experiment prove a failure. A few liberal-minded gas-producers expressed their faith in Mr. Edison's announcement, as the great inventor has never willingly permitted his works to be publicly exhibited until he himself had tested their perfection and was satisfied they would succeed. Should the labor of the luminous father receive its reward, there will be music in the air wherever a gas company exists, and the bloated officials will be compelled to fold their spacious tents and silently steal away amid the refulgent rays of electric jets. Reporters of the POST-DISPATCH felt the gaseous pulses this morning, and this is how they beat:

SUPERINTENDENT ZUBISKEY,
of the Laclede Gas Company, was found at the works. He had not yet read the telegram, being busily engaged. After a careful perusal of the the dispatch Mr. Zubiskey said: "I am not prepared to say anything about this, as this is the first I have seen about the perfection of the light."

"Is there anything improbable about it?"

"No, there is nothing improbable about this at all, but it might be another canard such as some of those we have already heard about the light. This entire cost of the lamp that Edison places at 25 cents is maybe the cost of putting the necessary apparatus on any street lamp."

"Do you think it very possible for Edison to light up a city with this light?"

"Well, he might light up Menlo Park very well, but when it comes to lighting up a large city it is something different."

"What plan do you think he will adopt to light up a city?"

"Very probably run the wire through a pipe just like gas pipes. But we can not say anything of this until we hear something more about the cost of furnishing the light; then we can begin to figure up."

VICE-PRESIDENT MAGOVERN,
of the Laclede Gaslight Company, was found at the company's office, corner of Seventh and Washington avenue. Speaking of the announcement by telegraph of Edison's success with the electric light, Mr. Magovern said: "That is a startling piece of news, but I do not believe it is true. The large gas companies of New York and other States have had experts both here and in Europe at work on the electric light, and they have not been able to make it a success."

"Have those experts reported anything on the plan of carbonized paper that Edison now uses?"

"No, they have not. This is a new plan, but I do not think there is anything in it."

"If this was a success would you be very likely to have heard about it, or have you already received any private telegrams in this connection?"

"Certainly; if it was successful I would have received telegrams and letters concerning it. I have heard nothing further than this from New York."

"You think, then, that Edison has not been so successful as the telegraph makes him?"

"No, I do not believe Edison will ever be so successful as to have the electric light replace gas in private houses. This, no doubt, will do for railroad depots, large halls, open-meetings, etc., but it will never do for residences. The electric light is the white ray and gives everything a ghastly color and will only do for those places."

"What effect will this announcement have on gas stock?"

"None, I think. You know before when the announcement was made about the light it caused a perfect panic. I do not think this will have any great effect. And then again we have to hear something yet about the cost of furnishing the light."

RECEIVER NEWMAN,
of the St. Louis Gas Light Company, was found absorbed in business at the office on Olive street. He had read the telegram, but when asked for an opinion said: "I am not recognized as a gas man and do not like to place my opinion on the question of electric light against that of Mr. Edison. I have not yet learned of the announcement effecting any change in gas stocks. Last year the announcement of the success of the light made the stocks drop away down, but so far this year I have not heard of Mr. Edison's experiments making any, though I have carefully read the gas journals and stocks."

Several persons holding inferior positions in both companies expressed their faith in the truth of the announcement, basing their views upon the fact that Edison in all his other experiments waited until he had perfected them before inviting the attention of the public.

Gas Stocks.

To ascertain the effect of the declaration of Edison's success on gas stocks a reporter visited the several brokers.

Mr. Whittaker, of Matthews & Whittaker, had not heard of any changes, though there may be some before the day is over.

Mr. Charles Thornburg, of L. Coquard, had also not heard of any fluctuations in stock, although the announcement was spoken of considerably on the streets.

Mr. Fraley, of Donaldson & Fraley, in response to the inquiry as to the effect on stocks, said: "Well, there is hardly anything doing in the market now, as buyers are all awaiting the decision of the Supreme Court in the matter of a rehearing of the gas case. The announcement of Edison's success has had the effect, though, of retarding buyers. I met three men this morning who wanted to buy gas stock Saturday night, but would not take it at the same figures to-day owing to this; and if the experiments on New Year's evening should develop into a big thing gas stocks will be entirely wiped out.

Labor Lost.

NEW YORK, December 22.—The Tribune says of the latest electric lamp that there is no new principle involved in Edison's light, and the modifications he has made in the Sawyer-Man light are but a poor return for fifteen months' labor. The new Sawyer-Man-Edison lamp is not likely to be regarded as a complete and a satisfactory solution of the great problem which has so long been absorbing the attention of electricians.

"IF your foot is pretty, show it" with Swope's glove-fitting shoe.

A Close Call.

Judge Cady this morning heard the case of the State against Jennie McDermott, charged with assault to kill. Jennie is rather a pretty girl, with dark hair and eyes and evidently something of a temper. She had a slight divergence of opinion with Jennie Dawes, and in her own words: "She 'n her mother were a talkin about sluggin' me, 'n so I wasn't goin to give her a chance, 'n that night as I was goin' to the grocery she skipped after me so quick I thought she was goin' to slug me then, 'n so I turned round 'n let her have it."

"You let her have it?"

"Yes, you bet yer life I let her have it; 'n I'd do it again, too. 'N as for that ugly-lookin' woman there," she said, singling out one of the State's witnesses, "I'll tell you what she is." And she proceeded to give the Court some private points in the life of the said witness of such an extremely personal and derogatory character that the two women began to get perfectly furious. It was like a scene from an opera, the two fish wives upbraiding each other with all the fervor of Billingsgate.

As soon as Judge Cady could be heard he sternly ordered the gentle Jennie to get her to the nunnery—in other words, to the City Jail, and there stay until the grand jury could take action upon her. The facts in her case appear to be be that Jennie blazed away with her pistol right in the face of the prosecuting witness, missing her about an inch and filling her face full of powder. After Mrs. McDermott got into the dock she made a bad mash on the susceptible Deputy Sheriff, and at the 11 o'clock adjournment walked down to the jail on his arm.

AN elegant assortment of white and black satin slippers at Swopo's.

KILT SUITS
A special feature with
HUMPHREY & CO.,
Corner Fifth and Pine.

THERE is but *one* Swope in St. Louis, and he sells first-class boots and shoes, which alone give satisfaction to the wearer.

WHO GETS THE MONEY

When the Husband is Insured in a Benevolent Society and the Wife Dies Before Him?—Important Decision by Judge Thayer.

Judge Thayer this morning rendered a decision in the following two cases: The Expressmen's Aid Society vs. M. D. Lewis, Public Administrator, and the Expressmen's Mutual Benefit Association vs. M. D. Lewis.

The suits grew out of the following circumstances: Charles Willby in his lifetime became a member of the Expressmen's Aid Society and of the Expressmen's Mutual Benefit Association, both of which were voluntary, unincorporated associations.

He died in October, 1878, when certain sums of money became due from each of the companies by virtue of his membership. The companies paid the fund into court and asked the court to determine whether the money belongs to the representative of the deceased Charles Willby, or to the representative of the deceased wife Margaret Willby, who died previous to the death of her husband. The third article of the by-laws of the "Aid Society" provides that a certificate of membership shall be issued to each member, and that "the certificate shall state to whom the amount of the fund shall be paid at the death of the member," and that "the beneficiary elected by the member can be changed only on application of the insured to the secretary and the surrender of the certificate, in which case it shall be the duty of the secretary to issue a new certificate."

Under this by-law a certificate of membership was issued to C. Willby, wherein he elected or appointed his wife, Margaret Willby, beneficiary of the fund that might become due at his death. The beneficiary named was never changed by Charles Willby, though she died months before the death of her husband.

The by-laws of the "Mutual Benefit Association" also provide that "the name of the person to whom the amount in the fund shall be paid on the event of death shall be endorsed upon the certificate of membership and upon the register of the association, and incase the member fails to elect to whom the fund shall be paid it shall be given to his widow and children; in case there are no widow and children it shall be paid to his next nearest of kin.

In this case also the certificate contained the following endorsement: "Policy payable to Mrs. M. Willby." After the death of Mrs. Willby her husband made no attempt to change the beneficiary. The deceased husband and wife left no children or other descendants.

The court decided that the fund should be paid to the representative of Charles Willby.

The Judge in his opinion says: "As the beneficiary named by Charles Willby, to-wit, his wife, was a mere appointee to receive such benefits, if any, as might accrue at his death; and she died before her husband, the appointment failed, and the benefit reverts to the member to whom it would have belonged if no appointment had ever been made. In this connection it should be remarked that the appointment made in this case was to Margaret Willby personally and not "to her or her heirs and assigns." The case is, in most respects, like that of a legacy given to a legatee who dies prior to the death of the testator and thereby loses the legacy. There is no indication on the face of the certificates of membership that the member in whom the power of appointment resided intended that the fund should go to the collateral relatives of the wife in case she failed to survive him."

The Court further says: "If at the time [of death] there is no appointee in existence capable of taking the fund, it goes to the members nearest of kin, in the event (as in this case) that there is no wife or children."

GOLDEN EAGLE Clothing House open every evening this week till 9 p. m.

SWOPE'S shoes are warranted to fit and wear well.

ONLY $20,000.

Two Corporations Sued for Damages by William M. Fortescue.

Two suits were instituted to-day in the Circuit Court by William M. Fortescue, through his attorneys, J. M. and O. H. Krum, against the St. Louis and Indianapolis Railroad Company and the St. Louis Bridge Co., claiming $10,000 damages from each. The petition alleges that on the 20th of the present month Fortescue was a passenger upon a St. L. and I. train, and while crossing the bridge he was violently assaulted and assailed, beaten, thrown against the seats of the car, and then dragged from it by a conductor in the employ of the Bridge Company. The conductor, it is alleged, abused him and maltreated him shamefully. For these indignities and the injury occasioned him Fortescue demands $20,000—$10,000 from the St. Louis and Indianapolis Railroad and $10,000 from the Bridge Company.

The Four Courts Grist.

The Criminal Court stands adjourned until January 3.

Judge Cady's court adjourned at 11 o'clock this morning.

Four petit larcenies in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning were assessed from one to four months in the Work-house.

In the Police Court this morning nothing but a beggarly array of drunks and disturbances filled the docket, and the proceedings were as dull as Blue Monday could make them.

Officer Stack reports fire at 1:45 this morning "in the alley, rear of 520 North Main, in a hogshead occupied by Edward Filley. We upset the same in the street and extinguished the fire. No damage. Origin of fire hot ashes."

SWOPE has the largest retail shoe house in this country.

Harry O'Fallon.

A nolle pros. was entered by Mr. Will Garesche in the State against Harry O'Fallon, charged with mayhem. It is said that a warrant for assault and battery will probably be sworn out to-day.

HARD on the doctors—St. Jacobs Oil.

Ala Same Quira Dora.

While short dresses are in vogue the glove-fitting shoes from Swope's are the only ones that should be worn.

GOLDEN EAGLE Clothing House open every evening this week till 9 p. m.

FULL-DRESS SUITS,
Perfect fitting and of elegant finish.
HUMPHREY & CO.,
Fifth and Pine.

Moody and Sankey.

First M. E. Church, Eighth and Washington avenue, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, December 23d to 26th, at 4 p. m. All are welcome.

PERSONS prematurely gray can have their hair restored to its youthful beauty, by using Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, the best article in the market.

UNCLE DAN'S CONVERSION.

Three Spicy Opinions Upon the Old Showman's New Pledge.

Dan Rice the Most Distinguished Convert of Moody and Sankey in St. Louis.

"I was up to the Sanitarium yesterday," said an old and well known clergyman, whose leaning to Rome is hinted in Protestant circles, to a POST-DISPATCH reporter; "I was up among the Temperance people, and who do you suppose addressed us?"

The reporter concealed his knowledge of the facts in the case and queried, "Who was it?"

"Dan Rice, the old circus man. I remember going to see him before I was ordained. Yes, sir, that old sinner has turned at last—or at least he says he has, and he talked a pretty fair ringmaster talk to us on the evils of intemperance?"

"Do you think he is in earnest?"

"Well, I don't know," said the old clergyman. "Twenty years' preaching the gospel is liable to make a person very uncharitable in the way he looks at these sudden conversions, especially when the converted, the strayed lamb, proposes to make his living hereafter out of his conversion."

"I thought the pastor was disposed to take the chances on a returning prodigal?"

"Oh, we are, we are—as a general rule we'd weep over the devil if he came into our churches with a decently composed face, but you see this temperance business we professionals can see into more clearly. We are not blinded by our prejudices, especially we of the old school who like a little sherry and a little whist of an evening. I should say that Dan Rice's sudden conversion is either a more pronounced swear off than usual, or else Dan means to go into temperance for a livelihood. It may be a little of both, but I think it is bound to be evanescent. He won't stick. Give Dan a trick mule and he can manage him well and make money on him, but Dan Rice with a reformed drunkard on his hand will find himself too heavily handicapped."

"So you think him a fraud?"

"Not exactly a fraud. I think there is speculation in his eye, but the chief part of his conversion is what the Germans call 'katzenjammer.' We have no one English word for it; it is the headache and the general blubiness of things, and the hot, brassy taste in your throat the morning after a night with the boys. I have no doubt you have been there yourself, my friend. If Dan Rice really has reformed, however, he will make a popular sort of an harangueer for some audiences; he will be a man after Cordell's own order."

SOME TEMPERANCE TALK.

Pondering the Rev. Mr. ——'s statements in his mind, the reporter sought out a gentleman whose total abstinence is blended with the insurance business in such a way that one supports the other like the two bears on the arms of the State of Missouri. The modern representative of "Rumor pointed full of tongues" entered the dingy office of the man of policies, and, sinking into a grimy arm-chair, asked: "Were you out at the sanitarium yesterday, Mr. ——?"

"No, I was not. But I suppose you were going to say something about Dan Rice's conversion?"

"Yes, I want to know what you think about it?"

"Well, I think it is a splendid thing. The idea that Dan Rice, whom all the world knew to be for years and years a drinker and an outcast, living with low circus people and actors, could by the healing Word, as expounded by Brother Moody, be brought back to life, is wonderful, sir, is wonderful! Why, I don't believe there was such another conversion since the dying thief repented on the cross. This one conversion of such a drunkard as he is, is enough to pay for all the trouble the Evangelists have had in St. Louis. Why, if I had been asked to point out in this town the man whom the devil had the surest hold on, I should unhesitatingly have pointed out old Dan Rice. And now that that man has been plucked as a brand from the burning—why, young man, you don't know what this means. It means salvation to every drunkard in the West. If Dan Rice can turn over a new leaf, then it is within anybody's power to reform."

"Are you certain that Dan is not trying to make a little money out of you?" suggested the reporter, meekly.

"Money!" he almost shrieked. "Money—what's money beside his immortal soul?" This looked like a question, and the reporter was about to try to size up the money that Dan Rice was apt to make, and the second mortgages on the old circus man's soul, but before he got the question solved Mr. —— continued: "That is just the way they talked about me after I reformed. Money—suppose he does make a little money. Won't it be a good thing? Won't it encourage others to follow the same path?"

"So you believe Dan is sincere. The Rev. Mr. —— does not."

"Well, I think the Rev. Mr. —— might be in better business than making Mr. Rice's path hard for him just at this trying time. I shall certainly hold out the right hand of fellowship to him and encourage him all I can."

A BUSINESS VIEW OF THE MATTER.

The reporter was rapidly getting mixed up on the matter, and hailed with delight a canny Scot who was coming up the street, known to all the town as authority almost ex cathedra on flour and flower, the first in barrel, the second in boutonniere.

"Look here, Mr. ——," exclaimed the newsgatherer, "straighten me out, please; I'm all tangled up on Dan Rice's conversion."

"Oh, you are, eh? Well, how do you know Dan's been converted?"

"I don't know; that is what I have been trying to find out."

"Well, I'll tell you Dan Rice is about as much converted as I am. He is broke and poor and down at the heel and has no friends, and the easiest way to get friends is to get religion and take the pledge. You see he excites fanaticism and bigotry in his favor at once, enlists half a dozen of the most combative influences in the human breast on his side. I think Dan is wise—wiser than I have given him credit for. If ever I know anybody that is a wreck, I'll bear this in mind to tell him."

"So you think this move means business?"

"Yea, verily, it does; business from the word 'go,' and I respect Dan a good deal more than I did a week ago for his 'cuteness. He can always command an audience; his name will do that, and if he just slings in cold water pyrotechnics enough, and is as much of a mountebank on the temperance rostrum as he was on the saw-dust, he will make money. You may depend on it."

A DRUGGIST says that he has heard the very highest praise given to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in very many instances—some of Croup. Price 25 cents.

A GOOD article at a fair price always the cheapest. Swope's shoes, considering the quality, are the cheapest in St. Louis—consider this a fact.

A SPLENDID SHOW
Of gents' party, walking and driving gloves made by
HUMPHREY & CO.,
200 and 202—northeast corner Pine.

GOLDEN EAGLE Clothing House open every evening this week till 9 p. m.

No More Use for Chiropodists.

A bottle of McCreedy's Corn Solvent will do the work. No cure no pay. Swope, Sole Agent, 311 N. Fourth street.

Bishop Haven's Illness.

[From the Chicago Times.]

The malarial fever from which Bishop Gilbert Haven is suffering is said to have crept into his system during his visit to Liberia two years ago. The present attack is a very severe one. Bishop Haven has been a hard-working church official. Since his appointment he has traveled to Mexico, to Africa, through the continent of Europe, and in Great Britain; has been over the Rocky Mountains twice, and has visited Lower California (whence he has just returned), and has done all this in addition to his regular visitation of local institutions and conferences.

A Lady Wants to Know

the latest Parisian style of dress and bonnet; a new way to arrange the hair. Millions are expended for artificial appliances which only make conspicuous the fact that emaciation, nervous debility and female weakness exist. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold under a positive guarantee. If used as directed, *art* can be dispensed with. It will overcome those diseases peculiar to females. Dr. Pierce's Memorandum Books are given away by druggists.

Holiday Novelties!

AT

PETTES & LEATHE'S

(Opposite Lindell Hotel.)

Open Till 9 P. M. Monday and Tuesday.

English Tiles.	Variety of good subjects artistically mounted in ebony stands, $4 50 to $6 each.
Hanging Cabinets	New and thoroughly artistic designs, in ebony, oak and walnut, strictly first-class workmanship, at low prices; $7 50 to $85 each.
Feather Bird Panels.	Beautifully painted in water colors, with inscription "Merry Christmas," $1 to $1 50 each; also the birds on black panels, for decorating.
Parlor Easels.	Largest stock in the city just received, comprising unequaled designs and finest finish in oak, maple, ebony, ash and walnut, special patterns; $10 to $37 50 each.
Table Easels.	In great variety, from 10c to $3 50 each.
Panel Pictures.	New and beautiful panels, from 20c to $3 each; 100 best subjects, framed handsomely, from 50 cents to $2 each.
Painted Shells.	Specially painted to our order by talented artists.
Plain Shells.	An immense stock, very carefully selected; all sizes, including many very rare shells; 15 cents to $3 each.
East India Clams.	Just received. Beautifully marked, very ornamental, and among them are many unusually fine specimens; 50 cents to $3 a pair.
Popular Statuary.	Comprising over sixty desirable subjects; similar in color to the well-known Rogers Groups; easily cleaned; 75 cents to $7 50 each. Price list on application.
Rogers' Groups.	A full assortment of best subjects at New York prices. Illustrated catalogues and price lists on application.
Keramic Pottery.	A new and beautiful line of artistic Pottery. Rare and unique styles of Vases, Puritan Flasks, Pinecones, Tete-a-Tete Sets, Match Safes, Flower Pots, Cuspadores, Pitchers, etc.; 50 cents to $5.
Velvet Frames.	Large and attractive assortment, from 90 cents to $12 each.
Gift Books on Art.	Magazine of Art. vol. Elegantly bound in cloth; gilt edges; 400 illustrations, including fine full-page etching and engravings; same in 2 vols.
The Rhine.	The Rhine from Its Source to the Sea; 425 illustrations; elegantly bound in red cloth, gilt edges. 1 vol.
Works on Art.	The Great Painters of Christendom, from Cimabue to Wilkie; superbly bound; over 500 illustrations from their famous works. 1 vol.

New and Elegant Pictures at Popular Prices.

PETTES & LEATHE'S

(Opposite Lindell Hotel).

Open Till 9 P. M. Monday and Tuesday.

Open

Evenings until after **Christmas,** for the accommodation of our friends who can not make their purchases during the day. We shall offer some grand goods, suitable for **Presents** at **Exceedingly LOW Prices.** We have not time to enumerate them, but trust our friends who have not finished their purchases will not fail to come and see us on **Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday** next, as we shall make it both profitable and pleasant for them. **Gentlemen** wishing to buy a present can call in the **Evening,** if too busy during the day, and every attention will be shown them.

H. D. Mann & Co

417 and 419 N. Fourth St.

St. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

The use of this preparation in cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Headache, Toothache, Frozen Ears and Feet, and other bodily pains, is accompanied by results simply wonderful. Among the many who have personally tested its merits and who recommend it are:

Rt. Rev. BISHOP GILMOUR, Cleveland, Ohio.
Rev. Dr. B. PICK, Rochester, N. Y.
G. A. HEILMANN, Esq., Editor Daily Republican, Pittsburg, Pa.
Hon. HUGO PREYER, National Candidate Lieut. Governor, Ohio.
EDWARD STUART LLOYD, Esq., New York.
WILLIAMSBURGH, N. Y., ATHLETIC CLUB.

As a household article to be resorted to in ailments like the above and all similar painful complaints, the Great German Remedy, ST. JACOBS OIL, is incomparably superior to any other medicine in the market. It costs 50 *cents a bottle* and is sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md.

USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL PRESENTS!

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!

J. KENNARD & SONS

Have JUST RECEIVED a Large Importation of

Genuine Turkish and Persian Carpets, Rugs AND MATS,

Embracing the Following Celebrated Qualities:

"KHORASSAN,"
"DAGHESTAN,"
"YHIORDES,"
"FERAHAN,"
"NEPAUL,"
AND
"AGRA."

J. KENNARD & SONS.

ALSO,

A Large and Varied Assortment of

"ORIENTAL,"
"ANTIQUE,"
REAL SWISS and FRENCH GUIPURE

CURTAINS!

Piano and Table Covers

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

CALL AND SEE THE NOVELTIES.

J. KENNARD & SONS.

OUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

ARE

Numerous and Attractive, Useful and Ornamental.

Silks, Satins and Velvets; Cashmeres, Camel Hair and Armures; French, English and American Dress Goods; French, Saxony and English Plaids; Broche, Beaver and Cloth Shawls; Ladies' Jackets, Nubias and Mittens; Children's Wool Sacques, Hoods and Leggings; Ladies and Children's Scarlet and White Merino Underwear; Gents' and Boys' Scarlet and White Merino Underwear; Ladies' Misses', Gents' and Boys' Fancy Merino and Cotton Hosiery; Ladies' Silk, Cloth, Dog and Kid Gloves; Ladies' Silk-Embroidered Initial and Hem-Stitched Linen Handkerchiefs; Gents' Silk, China, Crepe, Hemmed and Hem-Stitched Linen Handkerchiefs; Gents' Ties, Bows, Scarfs and Black Silk Cravats; Ladies' and Gents' Twilled Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas, and a thousand and one

NOVEL, USEFUL AND ATTRACTIVE ARTICLES!

ADAPTED FOR SENSIBLE

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Wm. F. Crow & Co.,

Fourth and Washington Ave.

MABLEY'S HOLIDAY COUPLETS

MABLEY'S the Man, deny who can,
To clothe the mortal race of man.

Go to MABLEY'S with your Boys,
Breeches are better far than toys.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're wise,
You're sure to draw a brilliant prize.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're in love,
His Coats and Pants fit like a glove.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're poor,
He'll make his prices suit you, sure.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're cold,
There's warmth in every wrapping fold.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're tall,
For Coat or Pants or Over all.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're good,
Fine Clothes count more than Angels' food.

Go to MABLEY'S and see the styles,
Buy, or not buy, you have his smiles.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're able,
For Garbs that suit Church, Shop or Stable.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're fat,
For Overcoat or Ulsterette.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're sad,
His Styles make e'en the mourner glad.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're short,
His rigs are all the "Natty" sort.

Go to MABLEY'S if you're evil,
Good Clothes, 'tis said, improve the devil.

Go to MABLEY'S, young and old,
One-half his worth has ne'er been told.

SPECIALTIES FOR HOLIDAY TRADE!

CHEAP DIAMONDS.

An English Chemist Discovers the Philosophers' Stone.

[London Cable Dispatch to the N. Y. Herald.]

Mr. James Maclear, of the St. Rollox Chemical Works, has informed the Glasgow Philosophical Society that, after experiments since 1866, he has succeeded in obtaining crystallized forms of carbon which Professors Tyndall and Smyth, and Mr. Maskelyne, of the British Museum, do not doubt are diamonds. [In 1828 two famous experiments were made nearly at the same time by MM. Cagniard de Latour and Gannal, both distinguished in French science. M. de Latour presented his results to the Academy of Sciences, October 10, 1828, and those of M. Gannal were presented November 23, in the same year. Cagniard de Latour sent to the Academy ten tubes containing a number of light brown crystals, some of which were of considerable dimensions. They were brilliant, transparent and harder than quartz. Submitted to intense heat in contact with the air, the crystals experienced not the slightest change, a proof sufficient in itself that they were not of the nature of the diamond. Besides, notwithstanding their unusual hardness, they were easily scratched by the latter gem. The Academical savans concluded that they were merely silicates or artificial precious stones. The experiments of M. Gannal gained more renown. Specimens of his productions were sent to M. Champigny, director of the workrooms of the jeweler Petitot, who examined them with care; and, having satisfied himself that they scratched steel and could be scratched by no metal, that they were of pure water and displayed a brilliant lustre, concluded that these little bodies were nothing else but diamonds. This declaration, coming from a man well versed in the special trade, created a panic in the diamond business; for it is well known that any sudden rise or fall in the value of precious stones would be attended by consequences only second in importance to sudden variations in the value of gold. During the French Revolution the price of diamonds was doubled in a few months. The immense capital which in this form now lies dormant in royal treasures or in private hands is little suspected by people outside the trade.

TESTED BY FIRE.

At the time of M. Gannal's experiments the nature of the diamond was still imperfectly understood. The first important fact about it was established as late as the middle of the seventeenth century by Boyle, who showed that under the influence of a great heat the diamond disappeared. In 1694 Cosmo III., Grand Duke of Tuscany, subjected a diamond at Florence to the intense heat of the sun's rays by means of a concave mirror. The diamond first split, then emitted sparks, then disappeared. A hundred years later a French lapidary named Maillard affirmed that fire had no effect upon the diamond. He took the bowl of a tobacco pipe, placed three diamonds inside in the midst of charcoal powder closely packed, closed the mouth of the pipe with a cover of iron, and then shut up the whole in a crucible filled with chalk and covered with a siliceous coating. The crucible was now subjected to a temperature such that at the end of four hours it was completely soft. Then the fire was slackened. As soon as the crucible cooled it was broken open, the pipe bowl was found entire, with the charcoal in it as black as at first, and in the midst of this were the three diamonds, in every respect unaltered and uninjured. The precious stone had always disappeared when heated in the presence of air. It had undergone no modification when removed from the action of the air by means of powdered charcoal and lime. Upon this Sir Humphrey Davy in England and Lavoisier in France speedily solved the problem. "What is the diamond?" asks Babinet. "The most precious thing in the whole world. And what is carbon? The most common material that is known. Yet the diamond and carbon are identical. Diamond is crystalized carbon." All doubts on this question were dispelled by the publication in 1841 of the work of MM. Dumas and Stass.

WEALTH IN THE CRUCIBLE.

M. Gannal's crystals having been shown to be worthless, the slumbers of jewel owners were again disturbed by the experiments of M. Despretz. This patient and persevering chemist fixed a cylinder of pure carbon to the positive pole of a weak Daniell pile, and a platina wire to the other pole; he then plunged both poles into slightly acidulated water. After two months the negative wire or pole became covered with a black coating. The product of the experiment was sent to M. Gaudin to test upon hard stones. He proved, in the presence of M. Despretz and others, that, mixed with a little oil, the substance which had enveloped the platina wire sufficed to polish several rubies. As it is known that the diamond is the only substance that polishes the ruby, M. Gaudin did not hesitate to consider the substance as the powder of the diamond. This conclusion was generally accepted by men of science. "The question still remains," says M. Dienlafait, "is there any reasonable probability that the diamond will yet be produced artificially? This question we must answer in the affirmative. When it is considered how perfectly substances much more complex in composition and complicated in crystalline constitution have been artificial produced; when it is considered, too, what definite results were furnished by the experiments of M. Despretz—for in such case the size of the crystals is a matter of indifference—there seems to be no reason for serious doubts of the possibility of the artificial reproduction of the diamond. Undoubtedly it will be a discovery from which diamond merchants and owners of diamonds will have much to suffer; but in this, as in other cases, the loss that will fall upon a small section of the community will be outweighed a thousand times by the advantages which arts and industry in general will derive from the discovery."]

Facts About Rice.

[From the New York Times.]

As rice has long been regarded as one of the staples of this country, it seems odd that we have, according to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, been obliged to bring from abroad during the last fiscal year nearly 76,600,000 pounds of the cereal. Any one might have thought that we should certainly have grown enough for our own use, if not for export, especially as we have excellent soil for raising rice all through the South, and as we have raised it in thirteen of the States in that section. As long ago as 1850 we produced about 216,000,000 bushels, of which South Carolina alone furnished three-quarters of the whole. Since the civil war and the abolition of slavery, the rice-fields have been, we believe, much neglected, the free blacks being unwilling, their late masters say, to work in them, owing to the severe labor required, and the unwholesomeness of the occupation. Such objections, it might be supposed, could be readily overcome. The rice crop is usually abundant, regular and remunerative, and such conditions ought to insure its energetic cultivation. Where money can be made, means can always be found to make it. Now that we are supplying so large a part of the Old World with the fruits of our soil, it appears strange enough that we should be importing from abroad—paying heavy freight and duties—what we can so readily and profitably raise at home. Rice has been grown in this country ever since 1647, when Sir William Berkley got sixteen bushels in Virginia from half a bushel of seed. It was first raised in South Carolina forty-seven years later, the seed having been obtained from a ship from Madagascar which had put into Charleston during a stress of weather. It is certainly singular that after growing rice for 230 odd years we should be compelled to depend on foreign lands for what we need for home consumption.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, December 22.—For the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and Lake Regions, stationary followed by rising barometer, southerly veering to cooler northwest winds, rain or snow, followed by clearing weather. For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valley, diminishing northerly winds, rising followed by stationary, and possibly at Western stations falling barometer, stationary or higher temperature and clear weather. Cautionary signals continue at Houghton, Duluth, Marquette, Escanaba, Milwaukee, Section 1, Chicago, Grand Haven, Section 3, Mackinac City, Alpena, Port Huron, Detroit, Section 4, Toledo, Sandusky, Cleveland, Section 5, Erie, Buffalo, Rochester, Oswego.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:07 a. m., December 22.

STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer	Wind.	Rainfall in last 24 hours.	Weather.
Boise City	down			.05	
Cairo	29.35	45	N		Thr'tn'g.
Chicago	29.96	25	W	.14	Clear.
Cincinnati	29.75	55	W	1.3	Cloudy.
Davenport	30.03	14	NW	.01	Clear.
Denver	29.77	21	S		Clear.
Des Moines	30.17	5	NW	.02	Clear.
Dodge City	29.98	6	S		Clear.
Fort Gibson	30.09	28	N		Cloudy.
Indianapolis	29.83	36	NW		Cloudy.
Keokuk	30.02	17	NW		Fair.
La Crosse	29.96	12	W	.05	Clear.
Leavenworth	30.21	8	N	.01	Clear.
Louisville	29.78	47	S	.86	Cloudy.
Memphis	29.92	63	SW	.05	Cloudy.
Nashville	29.80	64	S	.57	Cloudy.
New Orleans	30.11	68	S		Foggy.
Omaha	30.23	4	NW		Clear.
Pioche, Nev		23	S		Clear.
Pittsburg	30.78	47	S	1.27	H'vy. rain.
Sacramento, Cal	30.04	41	S	.09	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.65	27	SE	.04	Clear.
San Francisco	30.06	47	NW	.53	Clear.
Shreveport	29.97	68	S		Clear.
Springfield, Ill	30.02	27	NW	.41	Cloudy.
St. Louis	30.03	29	NW	.34	Cloudy.
St. Paul	29.98	0	W	.14	Clear.
Vicksburg	30.01	68	SW		Cloudy.
Virginia City	29.33	10	SE		Fair.
Winnemucca, Nev	29.88	27	SW	.02	Lt. snow.
Yankton	30.32	7	NW	.02	Cloudy.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—The Collier Union Square combination commence a week's engagement this evening at the Grand Opera-house, producing Bronson Howard's successful play of "The Banker's Daughter" which achieved such remarkable success in New York. It will be presented with new scenery, new appointments, etc.

POPE'S THEATER.—The Saville English Opera Company makes its debut to-night in those two popular operettas, "Trial by Jury" and "Pinafore." The company comes here with a well-earned reputation, and there will be considerable curiosity to witness how the Saville troupe will render Sullivan's work, which has already been presented here by so many companies.

OLYMPIC THEATER.—Lotta will begin the second and last week of her engagement as "Little Nell" and the "Marchioness," which will be repeated to-morrow evening.

Pat Short's benefit comes off next Saturday evening, when a programme brimfull of novelties will be presented.

THEATRE COMIQUE.—The Rentz Santley Novelty Company, including the Rentz Minstrels and Mabel Santley's Burlesquers, opened at the Theatre Comique last night to a packed house. Long before the curtain rose every seat was taken. Nearly all the members of both companies are well known in St. Louis. The programme for last night's performance was a good one, and thoroughly enjoyed by the large audience. The bill concluded with a burlesque on "Pinafore," which scarcely came up to the standard of the rest of the performance.

A matinee will be given on Christmas day.

THE Naomi Rebekah Society give their tenth annual hop at the new Turners' Hall, corner Thirteenth and Monroe streets, to-morrow (Tuesday) evening. The committe of arrangements includes E. S. Pike, Wm. Burton and Jno. Caulfield, and Messrs. J. F. Bodine and Frank S. Taylor are musical directors. In the hands of these gentlemen the affair is sure to be a pleasant one, and a large attendance of the elite of North St. Louis is guaranteed.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCE.

Receipts and Withdrawals of Wheat.

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 48 HOURS ENDED 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	8,856	7,174
Central A. & B. & W.	9,600	4,800
E. St. Louis	2,405	2,287
Advance	.....	.....
Venice	840	.....
Total	21,701	14,261

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDED 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

Warehouses not included.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat, bu	14,261	.....	.....	14,261
Corn, bu	9,004	471	.....	9,475
Oats, bu	7,524	1,425	.....	8,949
Rye, bu	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barley, bu	1,612	479	.....	2,091

Grain in Store at St. Louis.

In the various Elevators named, at 7 a. m., today.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. Louis	321,682	502,242	26,595	36,722	74,017
Central	165,257	239,432	5,186	7,102	43,924
E. St. L.	272,290	26,680	10,413	512	604
Advance	60,840	67,538	16,296	.....	.....
Venice	144,558	126,864	41,396	10,295	1,421
Total	967,587	962,753	100,886	54,631	119,934

Exports of Provisions.

The exports of provisions of the principal ports of the United States from November 1 to Dec. 13 were as follows:

	1879-80.	1878-9.	Increase.
Pork, lbs	11,034,200	10,612,800	421,400
Meats, lbs	95,185,481	101,207,370	.....
Lard, lbs	53,682,528	49,538,088	4,144,440
Total	160,202,209	161,358,258	4,565,840
Decrease		lb	

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat at Principal Points.

	Shipments. To-day	Shipments. Yes'dy	Receipts. To-day	Receipts. Yes'dy
St. Louis	43,371	38,899	5,030	21,324
Chicago	104,448	83,901	20,680	19,881
Milwaukee	56,300	59,300	4,900	4,100
Toledo	18,000	16,000	20,000	1,000
New York	.....	36,000	.....	.....
Baltimore	67,467	69,325	73,198	92,000

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—5 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 3 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 18 cars No. 2 red winter, 19 cars No. 3 red winter, 12 cars No. 4 winter, 1 car rejected winter, 2 cars no-grade winter. Total—60 cars.

Corn—35 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 1 car rejected, white-mixed, 157 cars No. 2 mixed, 11 cars rejected. Total—204 cars.

Oats—20 cars No. 2, 4 cars No. 2 white, 2 cars rejected. Total—26 cars.

Barley—2 cars rejected spring. Total—2 cars.

Rye—2 cars No. 2, 1 car rejected. Total—3 cars.

The Produce Market.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Choice N. Y. dull in first hands at $6 50@6 75—jobbing 50c higher.

RYE FLOUR—Choice $4 85@5 10 in first hands.

CORN MEAL—Firm. Sales city on orders at $2 25@2 30del.

HIGHWINES—Steady. Demand active at $1 14.

LEAD—Soft Missouri steady; in demand at $5 50.

HEMP—Scarce and firm. Undressed $125@140 for poor to fair; dressed $155@175; hackled tow $80@85, break tow $55@65, shorts, $140@150.

BALING STUFFS—Bagging active. Jobbing rates 11c for 2-lb jute, 9¼c for 2-lb flax, hemp twine 11¼@12c; iron cotton ties $2 25@2 75 ₩ bdl—discounts on quantities.

FURS—Receipts light; demand active at quotations. Western: Raccoon—No. 1, 50c; No. 2, 35c; No. 3, 20c; No. 4, 5@10c. Mink—No. 1, 50c; No. 2, 35@40; No. 3, 15@20c; No. 4, 5@10. Opossum, 5c to 8c. Skunk—Black, 60@75c; short, 40@50c; narrow, 20@30c; broad and white, 10@15c. Muskrat—Fall, 5@10c; do Kitten, 2@3c. Wild Cat, 10c to 25c. House Cat, 5c to 10c. Otter—No. 1 large, $5; No. 2, $3 50; No. 3, $1 50; No. 4, 50c. Beaver, 25c to $2 50. Fox—No. 1 gray, 50@80c; No. 1 red, 75c. Wolf—No. 1 large, $2; No. 1 small, 50@75c. Badger, 10c to 50c. Bear—No. 1, $5@8. Southern range from 15c to 25c per cent lower.

WOOL—Weak; demand light. We quote: Tub-washed—Choice 52@53c, medium 49@50c, low and dingy 45@47c. Unwashed—medium 32@33c; coarse 28@30c, fine 25@28c. Burry, black and cotted 3c to 10c ₩ lb less.

HIDES—Dry flint—No. 1, 20½c; damaged 17c; dry salt 16½c; green salt—No. 1 10c, damaged 8½c; green 8½@8½c; bull and stag 6½@7c.

FEATHERS—Steady. Prime L. G. 45@45½c—latter for small sacks; damp and unripe do 40@43c; mixed 10@38c. Tare 3@10 per cent.

DEER SKINS—Dull and weak. Dry 38@42c.

BEESWAX—In fair demand at 22@22½c.

WHITE BEANS—Common to choice country 75c@$1 25; navy $1 40; Eastern $1 60@1 70.

GRASS SEEDS—We quote, nominally: Clover $5 15@5 25, redtop 40@45c, timothy $2 25@2 55.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples at 7c for poor to 8c for choice; peaches—prime new at 7½@8c for unlimed to 8½@9c for halves; old 5@7c.

FLAXSEED—In fair demand at $1 30@1 35.

LOUISIANA ORANGES—Active and firm. We quote choice bright repacked at $6 50@7 ₩ brl.

HEMP SEED—Steady at $1 35@1 40.

PECANS—Steady. Western 9½c; Texas 10½@11c.

PEANUTS—Steady. Tennessee—red at 2¾@3¼c, white 3½@4c.

BROOM CORN—Firm and in demand. Crooked 2¾@3c, mixed 3¼@3½c, choice 4@4¼c, strictly choice 4½c.

CASTOR BEANS—Sellers of prime at $1 15.

SORGHUM—In fair request at 25c for prime to 30c for choice.

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 48 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1878.

	Receipts. 1879.	Receipts. 1878.	Shipments. 1879.	Shipments. 1878.
Cattle	1,163	1,167	223	219
Hogs	10,067	19,707	1,394	1,931
Sheep	320	642	150	3

CATTLE—The market was fairly steady this forenoon, and the moderate supply found ready disposal to local butchers and the buyers of the canning companies at strong prices. All classes of buyers were present in fair numbers, and all of them were anxious for purchases. Mixed butchers' stuff, native and Southwest in fair condition brought strong prices, as will be seen by the sales below. Superior and common a little slow, yet these found sale for want of anything better. Missouri and Illinois feeders, as they can not find enough of good native feeding steers, now turn their attention to common stockers and pay from $2 37½@3 per 100 lbs. Eastern shippers had fair orders to fill, and the comparatively few lots were held at strong prices. Reports from New York were quite favorable to the buying interests. Outside of this there was nothing new to note. Milch cows with calves in fair demand. Ruling quotations firm.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Choice native steers	$4 80@4 90
Prime native steers, average 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	4 40@4 70
Good to prime steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350 lbs	4 00@4 30
Common to good grass native steers	3 00@3 25
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,100 to 1,300 lbs	3 00@3 65
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	2 50@2 90
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 75@3 25
Common to fair native cows	2 25@2 65
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	2 75@3 25
Common to good grass Texan steers	2 25@3 15
Fair to good Colorado steers	3 00@3 40

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
18	Southwest steers	994	$3 70
20	Southwest steers	1,134	3 70
41	Southwest steers	1,012	3 70
17	Southwest butcher	803	3 25
18	Indian mixed	941	3 50
10	native cows and heifers	773	2 50
13	native cows	870	3 00
19	native butcher	1,100	3 25
16	native butcher	1,039	3 37½
18	native butcher	1,097	3 25
21	native butcher	874	3 37½
16	native butcher	858	3 37½
40	Texan oxen and steers	1,173	2 40
26	Indian mixed	965	3 05
20	Southwest stockers	682	2 37½

HOGS—There was a better feeling in the hog market this forenoon, and prices were full 5@10c per 100 lbs higher on all grades. Packers and shippers entered the market and commenced operations, and paid from $4 20@4 40 for mixed packing, and $4 05@4 15 for light shipping. Supply moderate, and mainly of mixed grades. No doubt the supply will change hands before the close of the day at the above range.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price	No.	Av.	Price
65	228	$4 25	69	195	$4 20
78	188	4 15	203	325	4 30
60	192	4 15	74	201	3 50
82	193	4 15	79	209	4 25
63	261	4 30	64	231	4 25
73	204	4 35	53	265	4 35
52	282	4 40	40	321	4 45
59	222	4 25	65	207	4 25
82	250	4 30	27	191	4 10
10	205	4 10			

SHEEP—Fair to good muttons in active demand and scarce. Local butchers were rather urgent in their inquiry. Offerings mainly of common and medium mixed, which brought strong prices. Lambs wanted. Values firm.

We quote: $2 75@3 25 for medium muttons, $3 40@3 75 for fair to good and $3 85@4 10 for choice. Extra heavy and prime shipping sheep $4 15@4 50 per 100 lbs. Lambs $1@2 50 per head. Texan sheep $2 25@3 per head.

MARINE NEWS.

THE Clifton is still at Chester.

CAPT. JIM KANE is master of the General Rucker.

CAPT. HENRY MCPHERSON has charge of the H. C. Yaeger.

THE Katie P. Kountz' cargo, Memphis to Evansville, 1,500 to 2,000 bales.

THE steamer Elon G. Smith has gone up to the bridge to raise the tug Katie M.

THERE is no ice in the channel. What there is the wind blows to the east side of the river.

THE damage done by the new steamer Will Kyle, at Vicksburg, on her down trip, is estimated at $2,000.

THE Durfee is aground at Twin Hollow. Capt. Keuh's purpose is to secure a boat to go to her assistance.

IT is said by an old and reliable boatman that the river is lower from here to Cairo than for the last seventeen years.

CAPT. GEO. KEITH of the Durfee is in town. This boat, en route from Pittsburg, the captain expects to arrive at our wharf to-day.

NATCHEZ, December 19.—The Centennial will arrive at New Orleans Sunday, and leave Tuesday for St. Louis. T. L. Davidson, master.

N. O. TIMES, 20: The Port Eads, out last evening for St. Louis, had six barges, containing as freight 527 bales leaf tobacco, 3,465 boxes tin plate, and 337 tons pig iron?

THE Wyoming for the St. Louis and Pittsburg trade is 258 feet long, 45 feet beam, 5 feet hold; cylinders 18 inches, 7 feet stroke. She was to leave Pittsburg last Saturday on her first trip.

THE river has fallen so much that the wharfboats are aground. Probably there is not over three and a half feet of water to Cairo. Navigation has not been suspended, but loading of boats and barges in this harbor was and still is.

THAT is a conundrum, propounded by the Memphis Avalanche—why is abuse so persistently launched against the Kountz Line, and all other opposition boats that put down freights to the profit of the mercantile community along the line of the rivers?

MEMPHIS Appeal, 21: Miss Jessie Leathers, daughter of Capt. T. P. Leathers, was married in New Orleans yesterday evening to Mr. ——. Bienvenue. Mrs. Jessie, may prosperity linger with you as long as your father's fame, and may your sorrows be as fleeting as the big Injun in a race against time.

THE remains of Capt. David Haney were buried this afternoon in Bellefontaine Cemetery. The flag of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company's wharfboat is placed at half-mast, in memory of deceased. The same company showed similar respect to the deceased Capt. D. W. Brady.

VERY GOOD.—J. R. Chalmers has introduced a bill in the House of Representatives providing for the construction of a dredge and snagboat, to have its headquarters at Greenville. With a boat of this kind continually in our midst, ready at all times to remove snags and keep open the channel over the several bad bars between Greenville and Bayou Sara, our local packets will be able to carry full loads at all seasons of the year.—[Natchez Democrat.

PITTSBURG, December 22.—River 5 feet 5 inches and rising. Weather cloudy; rained all night. Arrived: C. W. Batchelor, 1 a. m. Sunday: W. N. Chancellor, 8 p. m. The Batchelor departs at 12 m.

PERSONAL.

1000 Bill Heads, $1; business cards $1 per 1,000. Tanner & Bro., 414 N. Third st.

A T N. JACOBS—Highest price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address, 308 Locust street.

A COMPLETE SET English silverware; also a lot fine silver-plated ware at decided bargains, at Ed. Wright's, 314 Vine st. 8

A. B. PEARSON & CO., Manufacturers of Scales and Beams, 409 and 411 Morgan.

BUY Celluloid Hair Brushes and sets for Christmas. We also have a full assortment of all kinds of Brushes. Examine our stock before buying elsewhere. Laitner & Bro., 8 South Fifth st. 25.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

COAL, wood and white sand, in large or small quantities. F. M. Harthy, 205 South Seventh street. Send postal. 18

CORSETS, SHOULDER BRACES, Abdominal Supporters. Apparatus for spinal affections a specialty. 1120 Olive street. MISS E. RAWLINGS.

DR. ALLEON, Clairvoyant and Astrologer, reveals the past, present and future; causes speedy marriages and makes them happy; cures all diseases, overcomes family troubles and removes evil influences. Send five stamps for marriage guide. Office, 910 N. Tenth street, near Franklin avenue. 6

DRY KINDLING WOOD, the most in quantity and for the cash, delivered in any part of the city for $2 a load. Address postal L. H. Converse, 1009 Morgan street. 19

FIRE PLACE HEATERS and hard coal base burners, all styles and prices. DANA & CO., 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

FOUND—New Year Cards, 50c per 100, 500 styles. Tanner Bro., 414 N. Third street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

HIGHEST PRICES paid for ladies' and gents' and silver, carpets and feathers. B. De Vries, 1607 Franklin avenue. Send Postal.

MORGENS, THE FANCY DYER, 118 North Sixth street, near Pine.

NICHOLAS ZINK, 604 Chestnut street, is the only cheap tailor in fine custom work. A perfect fit guaranteed. Give him a call.

PERSONAL—H. S. Chase, Dentist, has removed to 2822 Washington avenue. 1

PERSONAL—Calf shoes $3 50, to measure, at 1no. Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Mme. Laura DeKnevett, nee White, natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium, 1413 Morgan street.

REMEMBER the Winter Garden Restaurant is now open. Is first class still. Baltimore oysters 25c per dozen; N. Y. counts 35c per doz. 6

SHIRTS TO ORDER—Three very best shirts of faultless fit for $3 50. Shirts rebosomed, etc. W. Freeman, custom shirt maker, 611 North Eighth street. 3

REMOVALS.

MRS. KESSLER, Premium Corset-Maker, has removed to 209 North Fourteenth street, between Olive and Pine. 4

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. CARSWELL. DR. A. MURRAY.
THE NEW ERA DENTAL ROOMS,
911 Olive street, next door to Pope's Theater. All Operations Guaranteed.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

MEDICAL.

DR. ROBB'S ELECTRICAL TREATMENT cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Nervous and General Debility and all nervous troubles. S. E. corner Fourteenth and Pine.

Public Adminstrator's Sale of Stocks,

In Re Estate of August Uhrig.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO BREWERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order made by the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 20th day of December, A. D. 1879, I will sell, as Public Administrator, and as such in charge of the estate of August Uhrig, deceased, the following described stocks, to-wit: 1,327 shares in the "Joseph Uhrig Brewing Company," each share being for $100.

Sale at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of that day. Terms cash, and sale made subject to the approval of the Probate Court.

The above sale ought to attract the attention of brewers and speculators, generally, as the "Joseph Uhrig Brewing Company" is one among the oldest and largest brewery establishments west of the Mississippi River, and the stock to be sold at this sale represents nearly one third of the entire capital stock of the company.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator.
FINKELNBURG & RASSIEUR, Att'ys for Adm'r.
St. Louis, December 22, 1879. 381

TAMAR INDIEN
(Universally prescribed by the Faculty).—A Laxative, Refreshing and Medicated Fruit Lozenge; for the immediate relief and effectual cure of Constipation, Headache, Bile, Hemorrhoids, &c. Tamar (unlike pills and the usual purgatives), is agreeable to take and never produces irritation. E. GRILLON, 37 Rue Rambuteau, Paris. Sold by all chemists. E. FOUGERA & CO., 30 North William Street, New York.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE

MISSOURI STATE Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of St. Louis.

DIRECTORS—W. A. Hargadine, E. Wyman, James Smith, S. M Edgell, H. S. Turner, Adolphus Meier, B. W. Alexander, C. S. Greeley, James E. Kaime.

S. M. EDGELL, President.
F. B. HOMER, Secretary.
Office: Chamber of Commerce, Rooms Nos. 12½ and 128. Entrance from Chestnut street. RISKS taken only in the City and County of St. Louis.

COLD STORAGE,
For FRUITS, BUTTER, CHEESE, etc.
214 N. COMMERCIAL ST.
GEO. W. WOODWORTH, Supt.

CIS-ATLANTIC GLOVES,

KID WALKING and DRIVING,
ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
FISK, CLARK & FLAGG,
MAKERS, AND SOLD BY FIRST-CLASS RETAILERS.

FOR RENT.

1402 CHESTNUT—Comfortably furnished front room—for gentlemen only; $6 per month. *10

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

10 ACRE farm, pleasantly situated, with good farm house, barn and outbuildings, in good order, ¼ mile from Vineland Station, I. M. R. R.; will be sold very low for cash, or will exchange for unimproved city property. Y. T. Cole, this office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Several pair diamond ear-rings, diamond studs and rings, at very small per cent over amounts advanced, at the Loan Office of Ed. Wright, 314 Vine st. 8

FOR SALE—A lot second-hand sewing machines, very cheap—from $6 to $20—at Ed. Wright's, 314 Vine st. 8

MUSICAL.

PIANOS! PIANOS!
Secure your bargains now for the Holidays at Moxter & Bahnsen's Piano Warerooms,
303 & 305 N. Twelfth, near Olive.

WANTED—A competent teacher to give lessons in singing to a double quartette of young men. Address, stating evenings convenient and terms per lesson, "O. W. Lee," this office.

FINANCIAL.

FINANCIAL—Money loaned at lowest rates on diamonds, watches, gold and silverware, at Ed. Wright's, 314 Vine st. 8

MONEY TO LOAN.—I have authority to forward applications to Eastern and English capitalists for loans on this city improved real estate $10,000 and over at 6 to 7 per cent. Loans $2,000 and over 7 to 8 per cent, home capital. Notes, chattle mortgages and other good collateral negotiated.
W. W. IVORY,
305½ Olive st., Room 7.

BOOKS.

10,000 STANDARD books, new and old, French and English, cheap. Catalogue free. Dan. Linahan, Fourth and Washington avenue. 8

HOLIDAY BOOKS—New and Old Books—Best bargains in the city. Archer's, 703 Olive. 10

SEVEN canvassers wanted at the office of the POST-DISPATCH. None but persons of experience need apply. Applicants will call between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.

JOHNSON'S CYCLOPÆDIA now complete, the latest, the cheapest and the best. Wm. Ramsay, Manager, 16 S. Fifth. 6*

LOST AND FOUND

LOST.—Ear-drop, between depot of Narrow Gauge Railroad and Franklin avenue. Liberal reward to finder on leaving same at this office. 20

STRAYED OR STOLEN—An English retriever dog pup, with brown, wavy coat; answers to name of "Dawn." A suitable reward will be paid upon his return to No. 2033 Olive st. *20

EDUCATIONAL.

MOUND CITY Commercial College, 210 and 212 N. 4th street. Est. 1859. Commercial course just reduced from $60 to $40. 2

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FROM $3,000 to $20,000 per annum, net, to active working agents in a pleasant business. W. Ramsay, 16 S. Fifth.

ALL SORTS.

4 SHAW, 1313 Franklin avenue.—Hundreds of 2nd-hand stoves of every description; old stoves taken in exchange; satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. N. B.—Goods delivered in plain wagons. *3

BARGAINS—A large lot forfeited pledges, consisting of gold and silver watches, plain gold and cameo rings, bracelets, necklaces, etc., that must be sold, at Ed. Wright's, 314 Vine st. 8

IF YOU want a looking glass, a fine engraving, a cheap chrome or picture frame, go to No. 11 N. Seventh street; cheapest place in the city; only place to get hand mirrors at factory prices.

INVENTORS wanting patterns and models, either in wood or metal, with valuable suggestions, should call on D. Strawbridge, 914 North Sixth st.

SEE S. F. SILENCE'S Holiday styles of Fine Silk, Soft and Stiff Hats, at wholesale prices. Old hats remodeled. Southeast corner Fifth and Christy avenue, upstairs.

802 WASHINGTON AVE.—Washington Av. Dental Company. Best set of Gum Teeth, $8; large size Gold Fillings, $3; Extracting, 50 cents.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY THE
DISPATCH PUBLISHING COMPANY,
JOSEPH PULITZER, PRESIDENT.

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

HUGH R. HILDRETH PRINTING CO. are selling Standard Books in the most elegant bindings. Writing Desks and Fancy Stationery for Holiday Presents.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

POPE'S THEATER—Pinafore.
OLYMPIC THEATER—Lotta.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Banker's Daughter.
THEATRE COMIQUE—Variety Performance.

THE Supreme Court of the State has overruled the motion for a rehearing in the case of the City of St. Louis vs. the St. Louis Gaslight Company.

IT is reported that the Sherman movement is declining in Ohio. The cold weather probably killed it. It is impossible to keep up enthusiasm for a human iceberg like Sherman with the temperature anywhere below 40° Fahrenheit.

FROM the violent way in which the New York *Tribune* enters upon the movement to "bear" Edison's electric light stock, one might naturally conclude that there is a gas factory concealed somewhere about the *Tribune* building.

THE Louisiana Republicans are getting ready to start a daily newspaper in New Orleans, with Michael Hahn as editor. The Republican party of Louisiana can't pay two cents on the dollar, and if it has any spare change it should invest in life-preservers.

GAMBETTA'S friends are again urging him to accept the Presidency of the French Republic. As Gambetta is virtually President now, and is in far better position to serve the Republic than if sitting in M. Grevy's chair, it would seem that his friends are actually wasting themselves.

MAHONE'S success as a debt readjuster in Virginia has excited the ambition of a lot of demagogues in Tennessee, and a movement is on foot to organize the negroes, Republicans and repudiating Democrats into a party having in view the readjustment of the State debt. The bad example of Virginia will be felt for many a day in the South. Every honest politician in Tennessee should at once put himself in line to ward off the calamity which threatens his State.

EX-SENATOR BARNUM is reported as saying that the Democrats will go to Louisville to hold their Convention next year because they need plenty of hotel accommodation and abundant local journalistic encouragement. There is not enough hotel accommodation in Louisville for a colored target excursion and only one newspaper which would be likely to encourage the Convention, and that paper belongs body and breeches to Tilden. We rather suspect that Mr. Barnum's real desire to hold the Convention in Louisville is based on the erroneous idea that the whisky is better and cheaper there than in other cities remote from the Bourbon district.

MR. EDISON finally authorizes the announcement to be made that he has subdued the electrical giant, and has harnessed him for domestic uses. In other words, he has produced a soft, steady, mellow light which can be distributed after the manner of gas, and served to householders at a much lower figure. His struggle for three years has been to divide and measure an electric current so that it could be sold to consumers as gas is sold—according to the quantity used. On New Year's night he proposes to give a grand test illumination at Menlo Park, and the public will then be permitted to judge for itself. Very naturally, Mr. Edison's proclamation shakes the nerves of gas companies and holders of gas stock, but there will be no panic. It is easy enough for Mr. Edison to send out newspaper pyrotechnics from Menlo Park. When he begins to light streets and illume houses, the gas-makers will start for the rear, and not a moment sooner.

THE decision of Judge Treat, on Saturday last, that newspaper reading does not disqualify a man from service on a jury, is an exceedingly sensible and gratifying one. It has long been a stupid theory in the courts that a man couldn't read an account of a crime in a newspaper without at once formulating an opinion as to the case and the guilt or innocence of the accused. As a consequence our juries were given over to ignorant men, who, in the very nature of things, were incapable of weighing testimony or rendering an intelligent verdict upon any question. The very fact that a man reads a newspaper presupposes that he has brains, that he is amenable to reason, and that he has no opinion or prejudices which cannot be removed by a presentation of facts and sensible theories. Judge Treat's decision is in the interest of enlightenment and progress, and he certainly deserves the thanks of the intellectual elements of the community, which have been discriminated against in the jury-box quite long enough.

OUR sensitive contemporary, the *Globe-Democrat*, is shocked, pained, disgusted and alarmed by the outrageous conduct of the Maine Democracy. It extends a kind invitation to all "decent Democrats" to step at once into the Republican organization and thereby testify their hatred of partisan chicanery. If our contemporary were not solemn and religious, we would class this among the jokes of the day. When sensitive gentlemen begin to quit the Democratic party on account of its fraudulent practices and move into the Republican party in quest of a better atmosphere, we shall expect to hear of nervous spirits in rural graveyards shifting their quarters to boiler factories in the hope of finding repose. When the Democratic party gets too wicked to hold its pure souls, the same alternative will be offered to them which was presented to the gentleman who found himself situated with the devil on one side and the deep sea on the other.

THE venerable Hannibal Hamlin addressed an indignation meeting of his Maine fellow-citizens at Bangor, on Saturday night last, and made such a display of patriotic virtue as has not been seen since the days of William Tell. As the ancient defender of eight-by-seven fraud, and the upholder of every partisan outrage devised to keep the Democratic party out of power, contemplated the act of Garcelon and the State Council, which simply deprived certain Republican members of the Legislature of their seats on the ground of fraud in the election, his bosom heaved with rage, and it was feared, at one time, that he would burst a blood vessel. "The country will resent this outrage," shouted in fiery accents the antique husbandman and overcoatless statesman. Perhaps so; but Mr. Hamlin and his chewing-gum fellow-citizens should bear in mind that there are several big political outrages on the docket for the country to resent—notably the one which cheated a Democratic President out of his seat after he was elected—and it will probably be several years before the Maine case is reached.

HAVING completed a Southern railway at a cost of something like $20,000,000, the merchants of Cincinnati are casting about to secure the trade which they were promised would flow into their coffers as soon as the Cumberland Valley was tapped. They propose to invite a large body of Southern merchants to pay them a flying visit in January, give them a Theodore Thomas concert at Music Hall and then stuff them with such a dinner as they have not enjoyed since the war. The Cincinnatians will meet with no difficulty in getting rid of their free music and big dinner. The Southern merchants will accept the dead-head ride and the "free blow," but so long as Cincinnati politicians and Cincinnati newspapers continue to denounce the people of the South as cut-throats, barbariaas, repudiationists and rebels there will be no reciprocity in the matter of trade. The Southern road traverses a country which will furnish very little local traffic, and the Chattanooga terminus is reached by lines of railway which bring the people of the Central South into close relations with more sympathetic cities. Cincinnati should immediately knock her white elephant down to the highest bidder.

A CORPORATION of venerable persons who are striving to ameliorate the condition of cats and dogs and animals in general, doing business under the style of the American Humane Society, has offered a prize of $5,000 for a railway car in which animals *in transitu* can be watered and fed and bedded and warmed and furnished with shaving water in the morning. There is certainly a great need of reform in the matter of transportation of live stock in this country by railway, and Congress will doubtless, at its present session, enact a general law on the subject. It is, perhaps, well enough to have a lot of mushy people grieving over the distresses of animals while passing with indifference the sorrows and sufferings of their own kind. But before too much attention is given to cars for the transportation of mules and hogs and cattle we should like to have a little attention paid to Mr. Pullman's monopoly for the promotion of pneumonia among American travelers. The sleeping car has ceased to be a luxury. It is a necessity on all our extended railway lines. There is no extortion so great as that which compels a man to pay $2 for pretending to sleep five or six hours on a narrow shelf, or which forces him to pay a dollar for riding a hundred miles in a drawing-room coach. All this would not be so bad if Mr. Pullman could be compelled to place his portable hotels in charge of scientific conductors and porters who understand the laws of heat. It is the custom of Mr. Pullman's agents to heat sleeping-cars to the point of suffocation in the winter, at the precise hour when passengers retire. The unsuspecting traveler climbs into his Turkish bath, and immediately thereafter kicks off the covering. In two hours the sable demon of the furnace is sound asleep, the fire dies out, and the temperature of the car drops from blood heat to the neighborhood of zero. This, with the draughts and currents of air, does the business, and the man who can put in one night in a Pullman car without contracting a permanent cold is a veritable salamander. The American Humane Society should offer a prize for a sleeping-car for human beings free from draughts, for an eating house which will sell pies not made out of white lead, and for a negro porter or brakeman who knows how and when to use a poker scientifically.

WE have heard a great deal of late about the amount of valuable governmental information picked up by Grant in his trip around the world. Mr. D. B. de Randolph Keim, the talented Jeemes Yellowplush of the State Department, has been graciously permitted to hold a protracted conversation with the accomplished and scientific ex-ruler, and through him we are permitted to enjoy some of the wisdom gathered like manna by the General while sweeping through the Orient. He tells us that the General found our Consular service in Asia in a very bad way. He found an inferior quality of men holding important trusts on very low salaries, denied the privilege of entering into business for themselves, and, therefore, forced into transactions alike discreditable to themselves and the Government in order to eke out an existence. He thinks that if our Consuls can't be better paid they ought not to be denied the privilege of following commercial pursuits. He would remove that inhibition. The trouble with our Consuls is, that they are generally a low type of ward politicians who are paid off in this way for dirty party work. There is no law compelling gentlemen to go abroad and serve their country for less than they can live on, and when they accept such places they know precisely what they are doing. If we can't keep our Asiatic Consuls from being thieves it would be well to increase their wages. The plan which Grant proposes would be simply ruinous. To turn these fellows loose to traffic among the guileless children of the far East, with the power and influence which their positions behind them would give, would be to turn our Aryan neighbors over to something but little better than rapine and pillage. Perhaps if Grant is re-elected to the Presidency he will distinguish himself by appointing a nice lot of gentlemen to these distant consulates who will uphold the dignity of our Government at their own expense, as it were, and refrain from stealing and jobbing out of compliment to their illustrious chief.

A NEW YORK clergyman named Hyatt has been recently expatiating on the wickedness of this country at large and the special sinfulness of such cities as Cincinnati and St. Louis. From what we can gather from a cursory reading, the Rev. Mr. Hyatt will be disagreeably disappointed if a shower of brimstone and molasses, or some other disagreeable compound, does not do the Sodom and Gomorrah business for some of our loosely conducted cities before the season is over. We learn from him that the Lord has the matter under advisement. It is possible that some of our large cities have prejudiced themselves in the eyes of Mr. Hyatt's Deity by keeping their theaters, barber-shops and bar-rooms open on Sunday; but the reverend gentleman should bear in mind that it is our coal smoke and dust which prevents us from being as good as most people would like to have us. Cleanliness is said to be the next thing to godliness. It follows quite naturally that there can be no true goodness where there is dirt and coal smoke. Baltimore is one of the cleanest and tidiest cities in the Union, and it is the most Puritanical. It has a church on every square, and it enforces its Blue Laws with John Endicott rigor. New York is not quite so clean as Baltimore, and it is not nearly so good. The two cities which trouble themselves the least about Sunday and its observance are Cincinnati and St. Louis, and it is utterly impossible in either of these cities to wear a shirt more than one day without washing. In one of his charming stories Charles Lever puts into a letter written by one of his characters the theory that rich people in Ireland are as good as they care to be, while the poor are as good as they are able. We indorse the sentiment, and go still further in laying down the doctrine that in this country the clean people are as good as they desire to be, while the dirty folks are as good as it is possible for them to be under the circumstances. We hope, therefore, that the Rev. Mr. Hyatt will excuse our shortcomings and allow us that unrestrained Sabbath without which our lives would be, to a certain extent, incomplete.

THE poetry which gushed forth in Philadelphia during Grant's recent visit was no better than the rhythmical hog-wash and flapdoodle which graced his passage through Chicago. It was crude and overheated, and gave surface indications of mental dyspepsia. Our own opinion is that our American school of poetry is a little flimsy. A heroic occasion such as two or three hundred thousand people running wild over a professional office-holder and national almoner ought to provoke a high order of poesy, if there is such a thing in the land. We should like to have Grant visit Boston. If that classic and cultured corner couldn't reel off a poem equal to the occasion we would insist hereafter on having American newspapers printed wholly in prose.

THE conversion of the Hon. Daniel Rice from the paths of sinfulness to the bewildered thoroughfares of morality and temperance is a subject for congratulation on the part of all persons save those imme

distely interested in manufacture of whisky; but Mr should be careful how he mentions t in his lectures that he and Grant en drunk together. Since Grant r it is quite unpleasant to him to have t iniscences stuck under his nose, and t it injures the boom to have it known First Citizen of America was once i t of getting drunk with a common c wn.

GRANT'S visit to Philadel a godsend to George Alfred Tow He sold the *Press* a history of Grant ry campaigns which was published f e week at the rate of four columns a a great fire were to take place in Jer Townsend would doubtless persua Philadelphia paper to print over his re the entire work of Flavius Josephu istorian.

THE English chemist, Mr. J clear, who has discovered a way to co rbon into first-class diamonds, turns e to late to benefit the holiday pr kers this year, but if James' diam n be manufactured for $2 a bushel th n of the country will scintillate next Christmas.

GEN. GRANT attended divine in Philadelphia yesterday and a se crowd was on hand to greet him. os- ity to see a worldly-minded man lik in a place of worship must be very gre

FATHER HAMLIN calls the Governo e a Usurper. He must have picke word at the same Democratic the Hon. R. B. Hayes was unde

OHIO I-dees continue to spread women in some parts of Canada are ing against the saloon-keepers in th prayer.

An Agricultural Oversigh

[From the Atlanta Constitution.

What is the matter with the South $24,923 pounds of rice were impo this country last year? It can be gr where in Georgia from the crown o Gorman's hat to the Blue Ridge foot- is worth a dollar a bushel. What fen prevents our people from planting an rice?

A Slight Moral Gain.

[From the Springfield Republican.]

The Republican National Committee even kick out Gorham; quite the co Gorham nominated Cameron. Still, a ble resigned, the next National Repu Convention will be called to order by holding but one indicted man on it, Patt of South Carolina, instead of two.

Hint to Actresses.

[From the New York Star.]

Twenty-five newspapers in Kansas whi ported that Carlotta Patti was intoxicated recent concert are about organizing a fu defend themselves in libel suits. Now le actresses make a fund to defend themse from alleged husbands.

The National Mendicant.

[From the Cleveland Plaindealer.]

Eighteen dry goods boxes full of gifts gathe by Grant on his travels around the world en route over the Pacific Railway. And s he is still dead-heading it through the coun and begging for a third term of the presidenc

Baby as an Impresario.

[From the Boston Post.]

Gerster gets $500 a night for singing hours in opera, but that baby can make travel up and down a room all night and for just nothing at all.

The Only Vacancies.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

It is stated that an Ohio man is to wed Widow Oliver. This and a foreign mission two are all the vacant public offices now remember.

Why the I

[From the

The great trouble f wars has been a lack ing. The Indians hav their share.

Let Us H

[From the Kan

Grant ought to give he ought to do it willin a cheerful giver."

A Home

[From the Philac

In Maine they do things aid of visiting statesmen.

Weather in the Ea

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., December 22.—Snow has fallen here to the depth of nearly seven feet. The storm extends along the line of the Erie Railway to the Susquehanna, and north for a distance of twenty-four miles. Trains are but little delayed. The thermometer marked this morning three degrees above zero. The weather to-day has moderated.

AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 22.—The snow of last night and rain of to-day fill the streets ankle deep with slush. Pedestrianism in the open air is abominable work. Street cars and stages, all well filled with people, are dragged along by double teams.

An Alabama Lynching.

MACON, GA., December 22.—Two Irish lads, Edward Harvey and James McGee, peddlers of dry goods, were murdered Friday night by negroes near Jernigan, Russell county, Alabama, and their bodies thrown into the Chattahoochie River. The murder was discovered Saturday, when two negroes were arrested. These confessed, implicating two others. A large crowd of whites and blacks assembled Sunday at 4 p. m., and decided to hang the two murderers. This was done forthwith. They displayed a sullen indifference and asked no mercy. The two implicated have not been arrested.

Destructive Fire at Milwaukee.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MILWAUKEE, December 22.—Fire broke out at 10 o'clock last evening totally destroying the Milwaukee High School building with all the collections, labratory, etc. The loss is about $10,000. An alarm sounded again about 1 o'clock, quickly followed by a second and third, which proved to be the Malt House, a new elevator and the extensive building of the Empire brewery of P. Bert & Co., and at 2:15 the fire was still raging. Engines were telegraphed for from Racine. The loss is probably $200,000. At 3 a. m. the fire was under control.

Kalloch's Bullet Extracted.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 22.—The bullet which entered Mayor Kalloch's chest, last August, and has, since his convalescence, caused him considerable trouble, was, yesterday, extracted from his left armpit.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Judgment in the Garibaldi divorce case will be rendered at Rome January 31st.

Work in all the Cincinnati breweries was resumed this morning and the strike is ended.

The friends of Gambetta are urging the apparent necessity of electing him President of France.

The Empress of Russia is in a critical condition and her death is momentarily expected.

The Prussian Diet has adjourned to the 8th of January.

Our Patent Case French Dresser Suits are the latest novelty—unique, stylish and convenient. No one buys the old styles after seeing these. Examine them at Burrell, Comstock & Co.'s, 402 and 404 North Fourth street.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Disaffection at the Spanish Capital—Remarks of Parnell at Queenstown—Affairs in Afghanistan—Departure of Italian Emigrants for America—Miscellaneous Notes.

France.

ELECTION OF DEPUTIES.

PARIS, December 22.—Gent, a member of the Republican Union, has been elected member of the Chamber of Deputies from the Orange department of Vaucluse, receiving 6,069 votes against 4,093 for Humbert, Communist, and Maze, a moderate Rupublican, has been elected from Versailles, receiving 4,480 votes against 1,264 for Buffenoir, Radical. Goblet, a member of the Republican Union in the Chamber of Deputies, will probably succeed Le Royer as Minister of Justice.

PROFITS OF THE FETE.

The net profits of the fete on the 18th, organized by Paris journalists for the relief of sufferers by the floods in Spain, are about 300,000 francs.

The fund started by the Figaro for the relief of the poor in Paris has reached 1,000,000 francs.

Severe weather continues to prevail here. Several deaths have occurred in the streets from cold and privation. The Seine is passable afoot at several points within the city.

Paul De Cassagnac, in an article in the Pays, proposes another six months' mourning for the Prince Imperial, on the ground that his place in the party and the dynasty has not yet been filled.

Germany.

BISMARCK'S ILLNESS.

BERLIN, December 22.—Considerable anxiety is felt here relative to the prolonged illness of Prince Bismarck, and it is beginning to be generally understood that he will never be able to resume his heretofore important position and active participation in the affairs of State. His condition is reported worse, and while his physicians claim they are not apprehensive of a fatal result, they give little reason to hope for his early convalescence. It is almost impossible to get at the exact facts of the case, but there is every reason to believe that the state of his health is much more precarious than the bull-tin would indicate.

Spain.

AFFAIRS AT MADRID.

LONDON, December 22.—All special dispatches from Madrid agree that the Ministry of Canovas del Castillo is becoming daily more unpopular. Gen. Martinez Campos, who has heretofore favored conciliation, is now openly hostile to the Government in consequence of the dismissal of the Generals who had previously withdrawn their resignations at his request. One of the dismissed Generals on Saturday gave a banquet to General Martinez Campos and thirty other officers, together with a number of Colonial memvers of the Chamber of Deputies.

Ireland.

PARNELL AT QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, December 22.—Charles S. Parnell, addressing a crowd at Queenstown yesterday, said he hoped one of the results of his visit to the United States would be to show that the sympathies of Americans would beat warmly towards Ireland. He said that if Michael Davitt should put in practice, or if repressive measures were introduced in the House of Commons before the 1st of March next, when he intended to return, he would return immediately.

Russia.

NORDENSKJOLD'S PROPOSITIONS.

BERLIN, December 22.—In a letter from Professor Nordenskjold, the Arctic explorer, to the German Geographical Society, he advocates the establishment of a regular navigation line from the south of the River Jenisei, Siberia. He believes that the mouth of the River Lena can be regularly reached from Russia and Europe. With a view to this end, he proposes the establishment of life boat and hospital stations on the Siberian shore.

Afghanistan.

YAKOOB KHAN.

LONDON, December 22.—Ex-Ameer Yakoob arrived at Meerut. He is confined in a fort and police guards, but it is said that he will be kept there long, as the route of Meerut to Delhi and to other points in Mussulman tradition renders it an unsafe place for the safe custody of [illegible]

[illegible] received. [illegible] attacks [illegible] engage [illegible] is had [illegible] dispersed.

[illegible] India [illegible] reports [illegible] ing the [illegible] y for [illegible] chief [illegible] itory [illegible] d, is [illegible] r to [illegible] been [illegible] port [illegible] that

[illegible] DENIED.

LONDON, December 22.—The Chilian Minister at Paris telegraphs that the pretended recent victory of the Peruvian and Bolivian allies over the Chilians is officially denied. He says: "The entire province of Tarapaca is in our power."

Africa.

SECOCOENI'S STRONGHOLD ATTACKED.

LONDON, December 22.—Advices from Cape Town state that Chief Secocoeni's stronghold was attacked from four sides, and that the resistance was less determined than expected.

Italy.

IMMIGRATING TO AMERICA.

LONDON, December 22.—Two hundred and eighty emigrants left Trevizo and Udine, Italy, for America.

Marrying a Minor.

At 1:30 o'clock to-day the case of Margaretta von Buettner and her husband, Ernest von Buettner, against Henry Smythe came up for trial before Judge Thayer. The facts in the case briefly stated are that the plaintiffs seek $300 damages from the defendant, who is a Justice of the Peace, for marrying their son Joseph, then a minor, to Minnie Eastwood, also a minor. The defense mean to prove that the young man was of full age when married. All the parties to the suit were present in the room, and the proceedings were fairly inaugurated by an affidavit on the part of the defendant that an important witness Mr. Ben. F. Clarke, to whom, it is alleged, Mrs. Von Beutner said that her son was over twenty-one years of age, could not be present. The case was promptly continued until the next term.

A Heavy Judgment.

Amanda E. Christy has been carrying on for some time an important lawsuit against Thos. Ryan and others, which was finally decided in her favor in the Supreme Court and a mandate sent to the Court of Appeals ordering that body to enter up judgment in her favor. When the case first traveled out of the Circuit Court the appeal bond for $20,000 was given by B. M. Chambers and Nicholas Schaeffer, and as Thomas Ryan has not turned over the amount of the judgment to the plaintiff she has sued his securities, and to-day recovered a judgment from Judge Thayer for $11,085 32 against B. M. Chambers as the only solvent security on the bond.

City Hall Notes.

There were ten burial certificates issued from the Health Department to-day.

A special committee composed of Messrs. Rowse, McGrath and Parks of the Council meets at 4 o'clock to-day to consider a resolution adopted by the House of Delegates, charging the River Rendering Company for the franchise of collecting the dead animals throughout the city, a privilege granted by ordinance.

The collections to-day were as follows: South St. Louis Police Court $10 44; Supply Commissioner Garesche, proceeds of sale of condemned horses of the Fire Department, $76; Inspector of Weights, $72 85; back taxes, $28,143 17; collections, $537 03.

A man named Dennis Quinlivan, fifty years of age, living on Montgomery street, between Broadway and Ninth, slipped and fell down a flight of stairs at his home, sustaining a dislocated shoulder and broken shoulder blade. The injuries were attended to at the Dispensary.

THE GAS CASE.

The Supreme Court Denies the Motion for a Rehearing.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., December 22.—The Supreme Court has rendered the following decisions: Affirmed—Baum vs. Litman, Pierce vs. Merritt, Tompkins vs. Young, Sloan vs. Owens et al., Dickson vs. Livingston County, Brown vs. Langles, and Ross & Gray vs. St. Julien. Reversed and remanded—Burksdale vs. Brooks, Kohn vs. the Bank of St. Joe, Otis vs. Kountz, Beatty vs. Strong, Kenny vs. the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad, Berry vs. Kaufman, Ainge vs. Carby, Studebaker vs. Dickson, Kidwell vs. Kirkpatrick, Beeler vs. Frost.

In the case of the City of St. Louis against the St. Louis Gas Light Company, the motion for a rehearing was overruled, and on motion of Judge Wagner a mandate was issued to carry out the order of the court.

In the case of Chouteau against Gibson the motion to advance the case was overruled.

In the case of the State against Stephens, supersedeas granted.

Adjourned to January 9.

The Gas Case Settled.

The refusal of the Supreme Court to grant the motion for a rehearing of the gas case finally settles the long and protracted suit of the city against the St. Louis Gas Company. The city has lost everything, and the matter is now definitely settled. There is nothing now left to be done except for the receiver to turn over the works and property to the Gas Company. The corporation has gained a signal victory and the people have lost all. The gas works will now remain in possession of the company until 1881, when its charter expires. There is no other way of bringing the matter before the courts, so that this action of the supreme tribunal is final.

A reporter called upon Judge Gottschalk, who expressed it as his opinion that the decision of the Supreme Court was not final in its character. He thought that the city would proceed against the Gas Company in the nature of a quo warranto, claiming that the company had violated and lost its charter.

If this was not done, he thought the case ought to be taken before the United States Supreme Court.

Vincent Mullery.

A number of members of the bar met in Court-room No. 4 to-day to express their regret upon the death of Mr. Vincent Mullery. Mr. A. W. Alexander was called to the chair and Mr. E. A. Noonan secretary. On taking the chair Mr. Alexander made some appropriate remarks and suggested the appointment of a committee. Mr. Noonan also made a brief address, in which he alluded very feelingly to the deceased. A committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. McAfee, Griffin and Kennedy, and they were ordered to report at a meeting to-morrow at 2 o'clock.

JAPANESE ART TREASURES.

An Elegant and Curious Display at 305 North Fifth Street.

When Gen. Grant was asked which was the most interesting country he had visited, he replied quickly, Japan. And well he might, for its civilization of over 3,000 years is not only a distinctive one, but it surpasses in many respects that of any other country. Japanese art is everywhere recognized as high art, and surprising novelties are every day produced, such as only the patient hands and inventive brain of Japan could design. No more faithful exposition of this art was ever seen in St. Louis than the articles on exhibition Saturday and to-day at 305 North Fifth. The place was thronged with admiring visitors, and frequent regrets expressed that none of the articles can be obtained at private sale before the auction. We shall not attempt to describe the many beautiful and unique specimens that were displayed, but our citizens will do well to avail themselves of the opportunity now afforded for obtaining articles of real merit. Sale, by catalogue, will take place to-day and to-morrow, at 11 a. m. Mr. Warner, recently from Yokohama, is in charge of the goods, and Messrs. Brock, Tyler & Co. conduct the sale, which opened this morning at 11 o'clock, to continue and close with Tuesday's sale.

Second District Police Court.

Twelve cases were docketed in this court to-day, which brought $28.

For disturbing the peace Laura Simms, Bridget Geisley, Wm. Opel, Wm. Williams, Billy Westing, Jas. Houlihan, Mike Houlihan and Edward McKensie were assessed from $3 to $10.

Kate Lamb paid $3 for the privilege of imbibing too freely intoxicating liquors.

Appropriate Holiday Presents.

Ladies' work tables, fancy, ebony and walnut; Japanese desks; easels; wall, standing and music cabinets; bamboo, fancy and folding chairs; patent rockers, cheffoniers, shaving stands, foot rests, jardinieres, Japanese stands and screens, pedestals, Shaw's patent reclining chairs, fine parlor and chamber suits, etc., etc., at old prices.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402 and 404 North Fourth street.

LOCAL PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. B. Montgomery, daughter of Gov. Phelps, is at the Planters'.

Louis James and Marie Wainwright and children are at the Lindell.

C. B. Upgan and wife, Moberly, Mo.; E. E. Braisted, Toledo, O.; John Kouland, New Orleans, have rooms at the Hotel Barnum.

Col. W. Irving, Topeka, Kansas; R. P. Hall, Holden, Mo.; Capt. Lee Hughes, Miami, and J. S. McFadden, Boonville, are at Hursts's Hotel.

J. H. Million and W. P. Palmer, Alexandria, Mo.; Rev. B. Frankland and Jerome Root, Chicago, and A. Dahlman, New York, are at Hurst's Hotel.

C. C. Love, Leadville, Col.; D. W. Marmaduke, Sweet Springs; C. S. Blackman, Chicago; Preston C. F. West, Boston; L. D. Shackelford, Illinois; John E. Hogan, Texas, are stopping at the Laclede.

H. M. Armstrong, Kimswick, Mo.; H. J. Sheldon, Chicago; W. Fogelsing, Pittsburg, Pa.; Wm. Hazetson, Boston, Mass.; E. L. Wright and Wm. Gay, Memphis, Tenn.; W. N. Hood, Greenville, Miss.; J. M. Samuels, Cincinnati, and R. D. Hamilton, Louisville, Ky., are at Barnum's.

C. H. Townley, Cincinnati; J. M. Lorser, Cleveland, O.; H. D. Coutright, Kansas City, F. S. Oliver, Cincinnati; William Ware, Boston; A. H. Cragin, Washington; R. A. Campbell, Louisville; J. W. Carter, Kansas City; C. J. Sprague, U. S. Army, are among the prominent arrivals at the Lindell.

L. D. McGlosham, Ottumwa; J. G. High, Kansas City; H. P. Forwood, Atlanta, Ga.; G. T. Brown, Sedalia; W. J. Weis, Salina, Kan. Benj. W. Massey, Missouri; C. F. Garner, Jr., Richmond, Mo.; Col. Royan, U. S. army; Henry W. Ewing and wife, Jefferson City; Elijah Smith, Boston; W. H. Willis, Galveston, are domiciled at the Planters'.

FINANCIAL.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, December 22, 12 m.—Money easy, 5@6. Sterling firm; actual business 81¾ to 83¾. Silver at London 52 7-16. Governments quiet and firm. Railroad bonds inactive. State securities dull. Stocks been generally firm in comparatively narrow fluctuations.

Rock Island	149	L., C. & L.	2%
Panama	161	B., C. R. & N.	55
Fort Wayne	112⅝	A. & T. H.	17
Pittsburg	106¼	" prfd.	40
Illinois Central	98⅞	W., St. L. & Pacific	37
C., R. & Q.	126	" prfd.	61½
Chicago & Alton	99⅝	Hannibal & St. Joseph	31⅝
Chicago & Alton pfd.	117	St. Joseph, pfd.	62
N. Y. Central	126	Iron Mountain	42½
Harlem	154	St. L. & San Fran.	37⅝
Lake Shore	99⅝	" prfd.	45
Canada Southern	61⅝	" first prfd.	65
Michigan Central	90⅝	C., St. L. & N. O.	24
Erie	39⅝	Kansas & Texas	20⅝
Erie, preferred	85	Union Pacific	82
Northwestern	86⅝	Kansas Pacific	88
Northwestern, pfd.	102	Northern Pacific	29
St. Paul	71⅝	Northern Pacific, pfd	54
St. Paul, pfd.	98	Louisville & Nashville	85
St. Paul & Minnesota	44⅞	Houston & Texas	47⅝
St. Paul & Sioux City	35	Western Union	99⅝
St. P. & S. C. prfd.	73	A. & P. Telegraph	40⅝
Del. & Lack.	81	Pacific Mail	33½
Morris & Essex	100½	Little Pittsburg	30
Del. & Hudson	73⅝	Reading	...
N. J. Central	78	Adams	105
Ohio	26⅝	Fargo	104⅝
Ohio, preferred	55	American	87
Chesapeake & Ohio	15	United States	48
Mobile & Ohio	18	Canton	...
Cleveland & Col.	75	Quicksilver	19¼
C., C. & I. C.	20	" pref.	60

Closing quotations of New York to-day are as follows:

Coupons of '81	...
New 5's	...
New 4½'s, registered	...
New 4½'s, coupons	...
New 4's, registered	...
New 4's, coupons	...
Currency 6's	...

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY THE
DISPATCH PUBLISHING COMPANY,
JOSEPH PULITZER, PRESIDENT.

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

HUGH R. HILDRETH PRINTING CO. are selling Standard Books in the most elegant bindings. Writing Desks and Fancy Stationery for Holiday Presents.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

POPE'S THEATER—Pinafore.
OLYMPIC THEATER—Lotta.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Banker's Daughter.
THEATRE COMIQUE—Variety Performance.

THE Supreme Court of the State has overruled the motion for a rehearing in the case of the City of St. Louis vs. the St. Louis Gaslight Company.

IT is reported that the Sherman movement is declining in Ohio. The cold weather probably killed it. It is impossible to keep up enthusiasm for a human iceberg like Sherman with the temperature anywhere below 40° Fahrenheit.

FROM the violent way in which the New York *Tribune* enters upon the movement to "bear" Edison's electric light stock, one might naturally conclude that there is a gas factory concealed somewhere about the *Tribune* building.

THE Louisiana Republicans are getting ready to start a daily newspaper in New Orleans, with Michael Hahn as editor. The Republican party of Louisiana can't pay two cents on the dollar, and if it has any spare change it should invest in life-preservers.

GAMBETTA'S friends are again urging him to accept the Presidency of the French Republic. As Gambetta is virtually President now, and is in far better position to serve the Republic than if sitting in M. Grevy's chair, it would seem that his friends are actually wasting themselves.

MAHONE'S success as a debt readjuster in Virginia has excited the ambition of a lot of demagogues in Tennessee, and a movement is on foot to organize the negroes, Republicans and repudiating Democrats into a party having in view the readjustment of the State debt. The bad example of Virginia will be felt for many a day in the South. Every honest politician in Tennessee should at once put himself in line to ward off the calamity which threatens his State.

EX-SENATOR BARNUM is reported as saying that the Democrats will go to Louisville to hold their Convention next year because they need plenty of hotel accommodation and abundant local journalistic encouragement. There is not enough hotel accommodation in Louisville for a colored target excursion and only one newspaper which would be likely to encourage the Convention, and that paper belongs body and breeches to Tilden. We rather suspect that Mr. Barnum's real desire to hold the Convention in Louisville is based on the erroneous idea that the whisky is better and cheaper there than in other cities remote from the Bourbon district.

MR. EDISON finally authorizes the announcement to be made that he has subdued the electrical giant, and has harnessed him for domestic uses. In other words, he has produced a soft, steady, mellow light which can be distributed after the manner of gas, and served to householders at a much lower figure. His struggle for three years has been to divide and measure an electric current so that it could be sold to consumers as gas is sold—according to the quantity used. On New Year's night he proposes to give a grand test illumination at Menlo Park, and the public will then be permitted to judge for itself. Very naturally, Mr. Edison's proclamation shakes the nerves of gas companies and holders of gas stock, but there will be no panic. It is easy enough for Mr. Edison to send out newspaper pyrotechnics from Menlo Park. When he begins to light streets and illume houses, the gas-makers will start for the rear, and not a moment sooner.

THE decision of Judge Treat, on Saturday last, that newspaper reading does not disqualify a man from service on a jury, is an exceedingly sensible and gratifying one. It has long been a stupid theory in the courts that a man couldn't read an account of a crime in a newspaper without at once formulating an opinion as to the case and the guilt or innocence of the accused. As a consequence our juries were given over to ignorant men, who, in the very nature of things, were incapable of weighing testimony or rendering an intelligent verdict upon any question. The very fact that a man reads a newspaper presupposes that he has brains, that he is amenable to reason, and that he has no opinion or prejudices which cannot be removed by a presentation of facts and sensible theories. Judge Treat's decision is in the interest of enlightenment and progress, and he certainly deserves the thanks of the intellectual elements of the community, which have been discriminated against in the jury-box quite long enough.

OUR sensitive contemporary, the *Globe-Democrat*, is shocked, pained, disgusted and alarmed by the outrageous conduct of the Maine Democracy. It extends a kind invitation to all "decent Democrats" to step at once into the Republican organization and thereby testify their hatred of partisan chicanery. If our contemporary were not solemn and religious, we would class this among the jokes of the day. When sensitive gentlemen begin to quit the Democratic party on account of its fraudulent practices and move into the Republican party in quest of a better atmosphere, we shall expect to hear of nervous spirits in rural graveyards shifting their quarters to boiler factories in the hope of finding repose. When the Democratic party gets too wicked to hold its pure souls, the same alternative will be offered to them which was presented to the gentleman who found himself situated with the devil on one side and the deep sea on the other.

THE venerable Hannibal Hamlin addressed an indignation meeting of his Maine fellow-citizens at Bangor, on Saturday night last, and made such a display of patriotic virtue as has not been seen since the days of William Tell. As the ancient defender of eight-by-seven fraud, and the upholder of every partisan outrage devised to keep the Democratic party out of power, contemplated the act of Garcelon and the State Council, which simply deprived certain Republican members of the Legislature of their seats on the ground of fraud in the election, his bosom heaved with rage, and it was feared, at one time, that he would burst a blood vessel. "The country will resent this outrage," shouted in fiery accents the antique husbandman and overcoatless statesman. Perhaps so; but Mr. Hamlin and his chewing-gum fellow-citizens should bear in mind that there are several big political outrages on the docket for the country to resent—notably the one which cheated a Democratic President out of his seat after he was elected—and it will probably be several years before the Maine case is reached.

HAVING completed a Southern railway at a cost of something like $20,000,000, the merchants of Cincinnati are casting about to secure the trade which they were promised would flow into their coffers as soon as the Cumberland Valley was tapped. They propose to invite a large body of Southern merchants to pay them a flying visit in January, give them a Theodore Thomas concert at Music Hall and then stuff them with such a dinner as they have not enjoyed since the war. The Cincinnatians will meet with no difficulty in getting rid of their free music and big dinner. The Southern merchants will accept the dead-head ride and the "free blow," but so long as Cincinnati politicians and Cincinnati newspapers continue to denounce the people of the South as cut-throats, barbarians, repudiationists and rebels there will be no reciprocity in the matter of trade. The Southern road traverses a country which will furnish very little local traffic, and the Chattanooga terminus is reached by lines of railway which bring the people of the Central South into close relations with more sympathetic cities. Cincinnati should immediately knock her white elephant down to the highest bidder.

A CORPORATION of venerable persons who are striving to ameliorate the condition of cats and dogs and animals in general, doing business under the style of the American Humane Society, has offered a prize of $5,000 for a railway car in which animals *in transitu* can be watered and fed and bedded and warmed and furnished with shaving water in the morning. There is certainly a great need of reform in the matter of transportation of live stock in this country by railway, and Congress will doubtless, at its present session, enact a general law on the subject. It is, perhaps, well enough to have a lot of mushy people grieving over the distresses of animals while passing with indifference the sorrows and sufferings of their own kind. But before too much attention is given to cars for the transportation of mules and hogs and cattle we should like to have a little attention paid to Mr. Pullman's monopoly for the promotion of pneumonia among American travelers. The sleeping car has ceased to be a luxury. It is a necessity on all our extended railway lines. There is no extortion so great as that which compels a man to pay $2 for pretending to sleep five or six hours on a narrow shelf, or which forces him to pay a dollar for riding a hundred miles in a drawing-room coach. All this would not be so bad if Mr. Pullman could be compelled to place his portable hotels in charge of scientific conductors and porters who understand the laws of heat. It is the custom of Mr. Pullman's agents to heat sleeping-cars to the point of suffocation in the winter, at the precise hour when passengers retire. The unsuspecting traveler climbs into his Turkish bath, and immediately thereafter kicks off the covering. In two hours the sable demon of the furnace is sound asleep, the fire dies out, and the temperature of the car drops from blood heat to the neighborhood of zero. This, with the draughts and currents of air, does the business, and the man who can put in one night in a Pullman car without contracting a permanent cold is a veritable salamander. The American Humane Society should offer a prize for a sleeping-car for human beings free from draughts, for an eating house which will sell pies not made out of white lead, and for a negro porter or brakeman who knows how and when to use a poker scientifically.

WE have heard a great deal of late about the amount of valuable governmental information picked up by Grant in his trip around the world. Mr. D. B. de Randolph Keim, the talented Jeemes Yellowplush of the State Department, has been graciously permitted to hold a protracted conversation with the accomplished and scientific ex-ruler, and through him we are permitted to enjoy some of the wisdom gathered like manna by the General while sweeping through the Orient. He tells us that the General found our Consular service in Asia in a very bad way. He found an inferior quality of men holding important trusts on very low salaries, denied the privilege of entering into business for themselves, and, therefore, forced into transactions alike discreditable to themselves and the Government in order to eke out an existence. He thinks that if our Consuls can't be better paid they ought not to be denied the privilege of following commercial pursuits. He would remove that inhibition. The trouble with our Consuls is, that they are generally a low type of ward politicians who are paid off in this way for dirty party work. There is no law compelling gentlemen to go abroad and serve their country for less than they can live on, and when they accept such places they know precisely what they are doing. If we can't keep our Asiatic Consuls from being thieves it would be well to increase their wages. The plan which Grant proposes would be simply ruinous. To turn these fellows loose to traffic among the guileless children of the far East, with the power and influence which their positions behind them would give, would be to turn our Aryan neighbors over to something but little better than rapine and pillage. Perhaps if Grant is re-elected to the Presidency he will distinguish himself by appointing a nice lot of gentlemen to these distant consulates who will uphold the dignity of our Government at their own expense, as it were, and refrain from stealing and jobbing out of compliment to their illustrious chief.

A NEW YORK clergyman named Hyatt has been recently expatiating on the wickedness of this country at large and the special sinfulness of such cities as Cincinnati and St. Louis. From what we can gather from a cursory reading, the Rev. Mr. Hyatt will be disagreeably disappointed if a shower of brimstone and molasses, or some other disagreeable compound, does not do the Sodom and Gomorrah business for some of our loosely conducted cities before the season is over. We learn from him that the Lord has the matter under advisement. It is possible that some of our large cities have prejudiced themselves in the eyes of Mr. Hyatt's Deity by keeping their theaters, barber-shops and bar-rooms open on Sunday; but the reverend gentleman should bear in mind that it is our coal smoke and dust which prevents us from being as good as most people would like to have us. Cleanliness is said to be the next thing to godliness. It follows quite naturally that there can be no true goodness where there is dirt and coal smoke. Baltimore is one of the cleanest and tidiest cities in the Union, and it is the most Puritanical. It has a church on every square, and it enforces its Blue Laws with John Endicott rigor. New York is not quite so clean as Baltimore, and it is not nearly so good. The two cities which trouble themselves the least about Sunday and its observance are Cincinnati and St. Louis, and it is utterly impossible in either of these cities to wear a shirt more than one day without washing. In one of his charming stories Charles Lever puts into a letter written by one of his characters the theory that rich people in Ireland are as good as they care to be, while the poor are as good as they are able. We indorse the sentiment, and go still further in laying down the doctrine that in this country the clean people are as good as they desire to be, while the dirty folks are as good as it is possible for them to be under the circumstances. We hope, therefore, that the Rev. Mr. Hyatt will excuse our shortcomings and allow us that unrestrained Sabbath without which our lives would be, to a certain extent, incomplete.

THE poetry which gushed forth in Philadelphia during Grant's recent visit was no better than the rhythmical hog-wash and flapdoodle which graced his passage through Chicago. It was crude and overheated, and gave surface indications of mental dyspepsia. Our own opinion is that our American school of poetry is a little flimsy. A heroic occasion such as two or three hundred thousand people running wild over a professional office-holder and national almoner ought to provoke a high order of poesy, if there is such a thing in the land. We should like to have Grant visit Boston. If that classic and cultured corner couldn't reel off a poem equal to the occasion we would insist hereafter on having American newspapers printed wholly in prose.

THE conversion of the Hon. Daniel Rice from the paths of sinfulness to the bowldered thoroughfares of morality and temperance is a subject for congratulation on the part of all persons save those immediately interested in the manufacture of whisky; but Mr. Rice should be careful how he mentions the fact in his lectures that he and Grant have been drunk together. Since Grant reformed it is quite unpleasant to him to have those reminiscences stuck under his nose, and besides, it injures the boom to have it known that the First Citizen of America was once in the habit of getting drunk with a common circus clown.

GRANT'S visit to Philadelphia was a godsend to George Alfred Townsend. He sold the *Press* a history of Grant's military campaigns which was published for a whole week at the rate of four columns a day. If a great fire were to take place in Jerusalem, Townsend would doubtless persuade some Philadelphia paper to print over his signature the entire work of Flavius Josephus, the historian.

THE English chemist, Mr. James Maclear, who has discovered a way to convert carbon into first-class diamonds, turns up a little too late to benefit the holiday present-makers this year, but if James' diamonds can be manufactured for $2 a bushel this section of the country will scintillate about next Christmas.

GEN. GRANT attended divine service in Philadelphia yesterday and an immense crowd was on hand to greet him. The curiosity to see a worldly-minded man like Grant in a place of worship must be very great.

FATHER HAMLIN calls the Governor of Maine a Usurper. He must have picked up that word at the same Democratic meeting where the Hon. R. B. Hayes was under discussion.

OHIO I-dees continue to spread. The women in some parts of Canada are proceeding against the saloon-keepers in the spirit of prayer.

An Agricultural Oversight.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

What is the matter with the South that 75,824,923 pounds of rice were imported into this country last year? It can be grown anywhere in Georgia from the crown of John B. Gorman's hat to the Blue Ridge foot-hills, and is worth a dollar a bushel. What fiendish law prevents our people from planting and raising rice?

A Slight Moral Gain.

[From the Springfield Republican.]

The Republican National Committee didn't even kick out Gorham; quite the contrary, Gorham nominated Cameron. Still, as Kemble resigned, the next National Republican Convention will be called to order by a body holding but one indicted man on it, Patterson, of South Carolina, instead of two.

Hint to Actresses.

[From the New York Star.]

Twenty-five newspapers in Kansas which reported that Carlotta Patti was intoxicated at a recent concert are about organizing a fund to defend themselves in libel suits. Now let the actresses make a fund to defend themselves from alleged husbands.

The National Mendicant.

[From the Cleveland Plaindealer.]

Eighteen dry goods boxes full of gifts gathered by Grant on his travels aroung the world are en route over the Pacific Railway. And still he is still dead-heading it through the country and begging for a third term of the presidency.

Baby as an Impresario.

[From the Boston Post.]

Gerster gets $500 a night for singing two hours in opera, but that baby can make her travel up and down a room all night and sing for just nothing at all.

The Only Vacancies.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

It is stated that an Ohio man is to wed the Widow Oliver. This and a foreign mission or two are all the vacant public offices we can now remember.

Why the Indians Increase.

[From the Denver Tribune.]

The great trouble in all our alleged Indian wars has been a lack of reciprocity in the killing. The Indians have always done more than their share.

Let Us Have Peace.

[From the Kansas City Times.]

Grant ought to give the country a rest, and he ought to do it willingly. "The Lord loveth a cheerful giver."

A Home Product.

[From the Philadelphia Times.]

In Maine they do things without the powerful aid of visiting statesmen.

Weather in the East.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., December 22.—Snow has fallen here to the depth of nearly seven feet. The storm extends along the line of the Erie Railway to the Susquehanna, and north for a distance of twenty-four miles. Trains are but little delayed. The thermometer marked this morning three degrees above zero. The weather to-day has moderated.

AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 22.—The snow of last night and rain of to-day fill the streets ankle deep with slush. Pedestrianism in the open air is abominable work. Street cars and stages, all well filled with people, are dragged along by double teams.

An Alabama Lynching.

MACON, GA., December 22.—Two Irish lads, Edward Harvey and James McGee, peddlers of dry goods, were murdered Friday night by negroes near Jernigan, Russell county, Alabama, and their bodies thrown into the Chattahoochie River. The murder was discovered Saturday, when two negroes were arrested. These confessed, implicating two others. A large crowd of whites and blacks assembled Sunday at 4 p. m., and decided to hang the two murderers. This was done forthwith. They displayed a sullen indifference and asked no mercy. The two implicated have not been arrested.

Destructive Fire at Milwaukee.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MILWAUKEE, December 22.—Fire broke out at 10 o'clock last evening totally destroying the Milwaukee High School building with all the collections, labratory, etc. The loss is about $10,000. An alarm sounded again about 1 o'clock, quickly followed by a second and third, which proved to be the Malt House, a new elevator and the extensive building of the Empire brewery of P. Bert & Co., and at 2:15 the fire was still raging. Engines were telegraphed for from Racine. The loss is probably $200,000. At 3 a. m. the fire was under control.

Kalloch's Bullet Extracted.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 22.—The bullet which entered Mayor Kalloch's chest, last August, and has, since his convalescence, caused him considerable trouble, was, yesterday, extracted from his left armpit.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Judgment in the Garibaldi divorce case will be rendered at Rome January 31st.

Work in all the Cincinnati breweries was resumed this morning and the strike is ended.

The friends of Gambetta are urging the apparent necessity of electing him President of France.

The Empress of Russia is in a critical condition and her death is momentarily expected.

The Prussian Diet has adjourned to the 8th of January.

Our Patent Case French Dresser Suits are the latest novelty—unique, stylish and convenient. No one buys the old styles after seeing these. Examine them at Burrell, Comstock & Co.'s, 402 and 404 North Fourth street.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Disaffection at the Spanish Capital—Remarks of Parnell at Queenstown—Affairs in Afghanistan—Departure of Italian Emigrants for America—Miscellaneous Notes.

France.

ELECTION OF DEPUTIES.

PARIS, December 22.—Gent, a member of the Republican Union, has been elected member of the Chamber of Deputies from the Orange department of Vaucluse, receiving 6,069 votes against 4,093 for Humbert, Communist, and Maze, a moderate Republican, has been elected from Versailles, receiving 4,480 votes against 1,294 for Buffenoir, Radical. Goblet, a member of the Republican Union in the Chamber of Deputies, will probably succeed Le Royer as Minister of Justice.

PROFITS OF THE FETE.

The net profits of the fete on the 18th, organized by Paris journalists for the relief of sufferers by the floods in Spain, are about 300,000 francs.

The fund started by the Figaro for the relief of the poor in Paris has reached 1,000,000 francs.

Severe weather continues to prevail here. Several deaths have occurred in the streets from cold and privation. The Seine is passable afoot at several points within the city.

Paul De Cassagnac, in an article in the Pays, proposes another six months' mourning for the Prince Imperial, on the ground that his place in the party and the dynasty has not yet been filled.

Germany.

BISMARCK'S ILLNESS.

BERLIN, December 22.—Considerable anxiety is felt here relative to the prolonged illness of Prince Bismarck, and it is beginning to be generally understood that he will never be able to resume his heretofore important position and active participation in the affairs of State. His condition is reported worse, and while his physicians claim they are not apprehensive of a fatal result, they give little reason to hope for his early convalescence. It is almost impossible to get at the exact facts of the case, but there is every reason to believe that the state of his health is much more precarious than the bulletin would indicate.

Spain.

AFFAIRS AT MADRID.

LONDON, December 22.—All special dispatches from Madrid agree that the Ministry of Canovas del Castillo is becoming daily more unpopular. Gen. Martinez Campos, who has heretofore favored conciliation, is now openly hostile to the Government in consequence of the dismissal of the Generals who had previously withdrawn their resignations at his request. One of the dismissed Generals on Saturday gave a banquet to General Martinez Campos and thirty other officers, together with a number of Colonial members of the Chamber of Deputies.

Ireland.

PARNELL AT QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, December 22.—Charles S. Parnell, addressing a crowd at Queenstown yesterday, said he hoped one of the results of his visit to the United States would be to show that the hearts of Americans would beat warmly towards Ireland. He said that if Michael Davitt was put on trial, or if repressive measures were introduced in the House of Commons before the 1st of March next, when he intended to return, he would return immediately.

Russia.

NORDENSKJOLD'S PROPOSITIONS.

BERLIN, December 22.—In a letter from Professor Nordenskjold, the Arctic explorer, to the Russian Geographical Society, he advocates the establishment of a regular navigation line to the mouth of the River Jenisei, Siberia. He even believes that the mouth of the River Lena may be regularly reached from Russia and America. With a view to this end, he proposes the establishment of life boat and hospital stations on the Siberian shore.

Afghanistan.

YAKOOB KHAN.

CALCUTTA, December 22.—Ex-Ameer Yakoob Khan has arrived at Meerut. He is confined under military and police guards, but it is doubtful whether he will be kept there long, as the proximity of Meerut to Delhi and to other centers of Mussulman tradition renders it an inexpedient place for the safe custody of Mahommedan State prisoners.

REPULSING THE ENEMY.

CALCUTTA, December 26.—Gen. Gough reports that, in consequence of desultory attacks by Ghilzais, it became necessary to engage them all along the line; that the Ghilzais had been driven off and he hopes they are dispersing.

REINFORCEMENTS.

LONDON, December 22.—The Viceroy of India telegraphs to-day that General Bright reports the movement of reinforcements all along the line. General Gough marched yesterday for Cabul. Azmatullah Khan, the Ghilzai chief of Tughman, who led the tribe in "desultory attacks" upon General Gough's command, is reported wounded. His followers appear to be deserting him. Reinforcements have been sent to Dakka in consequence of the report that Mohmunds are assembling in that vicinity.

South America.

DENIED.

LONDON, December 22.—The Chilian Minister at Paris telegraphs that the pretended recent victory of the Peruvian and Bolivian allies over the Chilians is officially denied. He says: "The entire province of Tarapaca is in our power."

Africa.

SECOCOENI'S STRONGHOLD ATTACKED.

LONDON, December 22.—Advices from Cape Town state that Chief Secocoeni's stronghold was attacked from four sides, and that the resistance was less determined than expected.

Italy.

IMMIGRATING TO AMERICA.

LONDON, December 22.—Two hundred and eighty emigrants left Trevizo and Udine, Italy, for America.

Marrying a Minor.

At 1:30 o'clock to-day the case of Margaretta von Buettner and her husband, Ernest von Buettner, against Henry Smythe came up for trial before Judge Thayer. The facts in the case briefly stated are that the plaintiffs seek $300 damages from the defendant, who is a Justice of the Peace, for marrying their son Joseph, then a minor, to Minnie Eastwood, also a minor. The defense mean to prove that the young man was of full age when married. All the parties to the suit were present in the room, and the proceedings were fairly inaugurated by an affidavit on the part of the defendant that an important witness Mr. Ben. F. Clarke, to whom, it is alleged, Mrs. Von Beuttner said that her son was over twenty-one years of age, could not be present. The case was promptly continued until the next term.

A Heavy Judgment.

Amanda E. Christy has been carrying on for some time an important lawsuit against Thos. Ryan and others, which was finally decided in her favor in the Supreme Court and a mandate sent to the Court of Appeals ordering that body to enter up judgment in her favor. When the case first traveled out of the Circuit Court the appeal bond for $20,000 was given by B. M. Chambers and Nicholas Schaeffer, and as Thomas Ryan has not turned over the amount of the judgment to the plaintiff she has sued his securities, and to-day rendered a judgment from Judge Thayer for $11,085 32 against B. M. Chambers as the only solvent security on the bond.

City Hall Notes.

There were ten burial certificates issued from the Health Department to-day.

A special committee composed of Messrs. Rowse, McGrath and Parks of the Council meets at 4 o'clock to-day to consider a resolution adopted by the House of Delegates, charging the River Rendering Company for the franchise of collecting the dead animals throughout the city, a privilege granted by ordinance.

The collections to-day were as follows: South St. Louis Police Court $10 44; Supply Commissioner Garesche, proceeds of sale of condemned horses of the Fire Department, $76; Inspector of Weights, $72 85; back taxes, $28,143 17; collections, $537 03.

A man named Dennis Quinlivan, fifty years of age, living on Montgomery street, between Broadway and Ninth, slipped and fell down a flight of stairs at his home, sustaining a dislocated shoulder and broken shoulder blade. The injuries were attended to at the Dispensary.

THE GAS CASE.

The Supreme Court Denies the Motion for a Rehearing.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., December 22.—The Supreme Court has rendered the following decisions: Affirmed—Baum vs. Litman, Pierce vs. Merritt, Tompkins vs. Young, Sloan vs. Owens et al., Dickson vs. Livingston County, Brown vs. Langles, and Ross & Gray vs. St. Julien. Reversed and remanded—Barksdale vs. Brooks, Kohn vs. the Bank of St. Joe, Otis vs. Kountz, Beatty vs. Strong, Kenny vs. the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad, Berry vs. Kaufman, Ainge vs. Carby, Studebaker vs. Dickson, Kidwell vs. Kirkpatrick, Beeler vs. Frost.

In the case of the City of St. Louis against the St. Louis Gas Light Company, the motion for a rehearing was overruled, and on motion of Judge Wagner a mandate was issued to carry out the order of the court.

In the case of Chouteau against Gibson the motion to advance the case was overruled.

In the case of the State against Stephens, supersedeas granted.

Adjourned to January 9.

The Gas Case Settled.

The refusal of the Supreme Court to grant the motion for a rehearing of the gas case finally settles the long and protracted suit of the city against the St. Louis Gas Company. The city has lost everything, and the matter is now definitely settled. There is nothing now left to be done except for the receiver to turn over the works and property to the Gas Company. The corporation has gained a signal victory and the people have lost all. The gas works will now remain in possession of the company until 1881, when its charter expires. There is no other way of bringing the matter before the courts, so that this action of the supreme tribunal is final.

A reporter called upon Judge Gottschalk, who expressed it as his opinion that the decision of the Supreme Court was not final in its character. He thought that the city would proceed against the Gas Company in the nature of a quo warranto, claiming that the company had violated and lost its charter.

If this was not done, he thought the case ought to be taken before the United States Supreme Court.

Vincent Mullery.

A number of members of the bar met in Court-room No. 4 to-day to express their regret upon the death of Mr. Vincent Mullery. Mr. A. W. Alexander was called to the chair and Mr. E. A. Noonan secretary. On taking the chair Mr. Alexander made some appropriate remarks and suggested the appointment of a committee. Mr. Noonan also made a brief address, in which he alluded very feelingly to the deceased. A committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. McAfee, Griffin and Kennedy, and they were ordered to report at a meeting to-morrow at 2 o'clock.

JAPANESE ART TREASURES.

An Elegant and Curious Display at 305 North Fifth Street.

When Gen. Grant was asked which was the most interesting country he had visited, he replied quickly, Japan. And well he might, for its civilization of over 3,000 years is not only a distinctive one, but it surpasses in many respects that of any other country. Japanese art is everywhere recognized as high art, and surprising novelties are every day produced, such as only the patient hands and inventive brain of Japan could design. No more faithful expression of this art was ever seen in St. Louis than the articles on exhibition Saturday and to-day at 305 North Fifth. The place was thronged with admiring visitors, and frequent regrets expressed that none of the articles can be obtained at private sale before the auction. We shall not attempt to describe the many beautiful and unique specimens that were displayed, but our citizens will do well to avail themselves of the opportunity now afforded for obtaining articles of real merit. Sale, by catalogue, will take place to-day and to-morrow, at 11 a. m. Mr. Warner, recently from Yokohama, is in charge of the goods, and Messrs. Block, Tyler & Co. conduct the sale, which opened this morning at 11 o'clock, to continue and close with Tuesday's sale.

Second District Police Court.

Twelve cases were docketed in this court to-day, which brought $28.

For disturbing the peace Laura Simms, Bridget Geisley, Wm. Opel, Wm. Williams, Billy Westing, Jas. Houlihan, Mike Houlihan and Edward McKensie were assessed from $3 to $10.

Kate Lamb paid $3 for the privilege of imbibing too freely intoxicating liquors.

Appropriate Holiday Presents.

Ladies' work tables, fancy, ebony and walnut; Japanese desks; easels; wall, standing and music cabinets; bamboo, fancy and folding chairs; patent rockers, chiffoniers, shaving stands, foot rests, jardinieres, Japanese stands and screens, pedestals, Shaw's patent reclining chairs, fine parlor and chamber suits, etc., etc., at old prices.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402 and 404 North Fourth street.

LOCAL PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. B. Montgomery, daughter of Gov. Phelps, is at the Planters'.

Lonis James and Marie Wainwright and children are at the Lindell.

C. B. Upgan and wife, Moberly, Mo.; E. E. Braisted, Toledo, O.; John Kouland, New Orleans, have rooms at the Hotel Barnum.

Col. W. Irving, Topeka, Kansas; R. P. Hall, Holden, Mo.; Capt. Lee Hughes, Miami, and J. S. McFadden, Boonville, are at Hursts's Hotel.

J. H. Million and W. P. Palmer, Alexandria, Mo.; Rev. B. Frankland and Jerome Root, Chicago, and A. Dahlman, New York, are at Hurst's Hotel.

C. C. Love, Leadville, Col.; D. W. Marmaduke, Sweet Springs; C. S. Blackman, Chicago; Preston C. F. West, Boston; L. D. Shackelford, Illinois; John E. Hogan, Texas, are stopping at the Laclede.

H. M. Armstrong, Kimswick, Mo.; H. J. Sheldon, Chicago; W. Fogelsing, Pittsburg, Pa.; Wm. Hazetson, Boston, Mass.; E. L. Wright and Wm. Gay, Memphis, Tenn.; W. N. Hood, Greenville, Miss.; J. M. Samuels, Cincinnati, and R. D. Hamilton, Louisville, Ky., are at Barnum's.

C. H. Townley, Cincinnati; J. M. Lorser, Cleveland, O.; H. D. Coutright, Kansas City; F. S. Oliver, Cincinnati; William Ware, Boston; A. H. Cragin, Washington; R. A. Campbell, Louiseville; J. W. Carter, Kansas City; C. J. Sprague, U. S. Army, are among the prominent arrivals at the Lindell.

L. D. McGlosham, Ottumwa; J. G. High, Kansas City; H. P. Forwood, Atlanta, Ga.; G. T. Brown, Sedalia; W. J. Wells, Salina, Kan. Benj. W. Massey, Missouri; C. F. Garner, Jr., Richmond, Mo.; Col. Royan, U. S. army; Henry W. Ewing and wife, Jefferson City; Elijah Smith, Boston; W. H. Willis, Galveston, are domiciled at the Planters'.

FINANCIAL.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, December 22, 12 m.—Money easy, 5@6. Sterling firm; actual business 81¾ to 83¾. Silver at London 52 7-16. Governments quiet and firm. Railroad bonds inactive. State securities dull. Stocks been generally firm in comparatively narrow fluctuations.

Rock Island	119	L. C. & L.	2¾
Panama	131	St. L. R. R. N.	53
Fort Wayne	112¾	A. & T. H.	17
Pittsburg	106¾	" prfd.	40
Illinois Central	98¾	W., St. L. & Pacific	37
C., R. & Q.	126	" prfd.	61¾
Chicago & Alton	99¼	Hannibal & St. Joseph	31¾
Chicago & Alton pfd.	117	St. Joseph, pfd	62
N. Y. Central	126	Iron Mountain	42½
Harlem	154	St. L. & San Fran.	37¾
Lake Shore	99¾	" prfd.	45
Canada Southern	64¾	" first prfd.	65
Michigan Central	90¾	C., St. L. & N. O.	24
Erie	39¾	Kansas & Texas	29¾
Erie, preferred	63¾	Union Pacific	82
Northwestern	86¾	Kansas Pacific	28
Northwestern, pfd.	102	Northern Pacific	29
St. Paul	71½	Northern Pacific, pfd	54
St. Paul, pfd.	98	Louisville & Nashville	85
St. Paul & Minnesota	44¾	Houston & Texas	47¾
St. Paul & Sioux City	95	Western Union	99¾
St. P. & S. C. prfd.	73	A. & P. Telegraph	40¾
Del. & Lack.	81	Pacific Mail	33¾
Morris & Essex	100¾	Little Pittsburg	30
Del. & Hudson	73¾	Reading	
N. J. Central	78	Adams	105
Ohio	26¾	Fargo	104¾
Ohio, preferred	55	American	57
Chesapeake & Ohio	15	United States	48
Mobile & Ohio	18	Canton	
Cleveland & Col.	75	Quicksilver	19¾
C., C. & I. C.	20	" pref.	50

Closing quotations of New York to-day are as follows:

Coupons of '81
New 5's
New 6's, registered
New 6's, coupons
New 4½'s, registered
New 4½'s, coupons
Currency 6's

THE LAST

Funeral of William M
noon.

Beautiful Floral Tribut
vices—The Est

The funeral of Mr. Wil
proprietor of the Globe-De
occurred so suddenly ea
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noon from the family
Pine street. At 10 o'c
the Globe-Democrat was
and those connected with t
ments who wished to atten
carriages and went out to t
The hour for holding th
o'clock. A large number
tendance, among whom
Chase & Cabot, Jos. Cabot,
Foy, Dr. J. B. Johnson,
A. Dilion, Joseph Pulitzer,
Leverett Bell, E. L. Adreon
ward Butler, Gen. Cavende
C. Reynolds, ex-Senator D
S. Pope, Dr. McLean,
R. D. Lancaster, S
Judge Cady. There
relations and friends of d
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and family, of Leavenwor
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THE FLORAL T
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two feet high, surmounted
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By Mr. D. M. Houser, b
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roses and hyacinths;
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mortelles. Made by Jorda
By the reporters of the
cross twenty inches high
leaves, ferns and daisies;
with a scroll, upon which
McKee, and at the bottom
quill pen handsomely w
Elleard.
By the compositors of th
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orated with rosebuds. Ro
edged with fern leaves,
sprays; in the center the
ed in purple immortelles
cornations. Made by Mel
By Mr. S. Ray, secretary
crat Publishing Company
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made by Jordan.
By Mr. Louis Bohle, a l
tasteful fresh flowers.
By Mr. Henry McKee
ceased, an anchor of be
by Young.
By Miss Ellen McKee,
ceased, a broken column
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The broken part, give
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lay in rich profusion all
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who had been most intim
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THE PALL-
It was thought appro
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associated with Mr. McK
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W. Gilson, Mr. Fred.
Kerten, Mr. William Mc
Sheldon.
The following were th
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ver, Mr. Thomas Walsh
Mr. Steve Ridgely, Mr.
John C. Porter and Dr.
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and the body laid to re
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the city for many years
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Globe-Democrat.
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THE LAST RITES.

Funeral of William McKee This Afternoon.

Beautiful Floral Tributes—Religious Services—The Estate, Etc.

The funeral of Mr. William McKee, senior proprietor of the Globe-Democrat, whose death occurred so suddenly early Saturday morning, took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the family residence, 3028 Pine street. At 10 o'clock the office of the Globe-Democrat was entirely closed, and those connected with the various departments who wished to attend the funeral took carriages and went out to the house in a body. The hour for holding the services was 2 o'clock. A large number of people were in attendance, among whom were Mr. Chase, of Chase & Cabot, Jos. Cabot, Dan'l Catlin, P. L. Foy, Dr. J. B. Johnson, Jesse Arnot, John A. Dilion, Joseph Pulitzer, M. A. Rosenblatt, Leverett Bell, E. L. Adreon, J. C. Normile, Edward Butler, Gen. Cavender, ex-Gov. Thomas C. Reynolds, ex-Senator D. H. Armstrong, W. S. Pope, Dr. McLlean, N. C. Hudson, R. D. Lancaster, Sheriff Finn and Judge Cady. There were several relations and friends of deceased from a distance present, among whom were McKee Holmes, of Springfield, Ill., J. C. Salter and family, of Chester, Illinois, and John McKee and family, of Leavenworth, Kas.

The residence was crowded with sympathizing friends, and a great many people had to stand without for lack of room. The casket containing the body was in the parlor, which was appropriately draped for the occasion. At the head of the casket were

THE FLORAL TRIBUTES

which were most elaborate and expensive. The following are discriptions of the principal pieces, with the names of the givers:

By Mr. Joseph B. McCullagh, managing editor of the Globe-Democrat, a completed shaft two feet high, surmounted by a white dove; body of shaft covered with ivy; a string of roses around the neck of the dove and extening down to the base, wound spirally around the shaft; the base finished with tea roses. Made by Ellerard.

By Mr. D. M. Houser, business manager of the Globe-Democrat, a Doric column two feet high, surmounted by an anchor of natural flowers; capital of ivy sprinkled with small flowers; body of column of ivy with vines of smilax twining about from capital to base, interspersed with rosebuds, tube-roses and hyacinths; base of rose-buds, camelias, hyacinths, with the name "Wm. McKee" worked in purple immortelles. Made by Jordan.

By the reporters of the Globe Democrat, a cross twenty inches high, made of autumn leaves, ferns and daisies; base of fresh flowers with a scroll, upon which was the name Wm. McKee, and at the bottom of which was a real quill pen handsomely worked in. Made by Ellerd.

By the compositors of the Globe-Democrat, a pillow two feet across, made up of camellias, stevia, jasmines, prim roses, tuberoses, decorated with rosebuds, Roman hyacinths and edged with fern leaves, stevia and jasmine sprays; in the center the word "Rest" worked in purple immortelles on a ground of white cornations. Made by Michel.

By Mr. S. Ray, secretary of the Globe-Democrat Publishing Company, a pillow, eight by twelve inches, of beautiful fresh flowers, with the word "Rest" worked in purple immortelles. Made by Jordan.

By Mr. Louis Noble, a large sheaf, filled with tasteful fresh flowers.

By Mr. Henry McKee, brother of the deceased, an anchor of beautiful flowers made by Young.

By Miss Ellen McKee, daughter of the deceased, a broken column most profusely ornamented with rare flowers, the word "Father" being worked in most tastefully.

Over the whole was shed a mellow light from the chandelier above.

The broken shaft given by the daughter occupied the central position, and the white dove above it rose up between two lighted globes of the chandelier as if it were at the portals of the shining gates of heaven. The casket was covered with black and had nothing gaudy or showy about it except the flowers that lay in rich profusion all over it. Through the glass opening could be seen the features of the deceased. They were quite natural-looking, as if they were at rest in a sweet slumber. Close around the coffin were ranged the family of Mr. McKee and some of those who had been most intimately associated with him in his busy life. The services were brief and were conducted by Dr. H. D. Ganse, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. This over, the casket was closed up and put in the hearse.

THE PALL-BEARERS.

It was thought appropriate to select the pall bearers from those who had been intimately associated with Mr. McKee in his busy life. The following are those selected, all of them being old employes: Mr. P. G. Ferguson, Mr. D. W. Wood, Mr. Robert Hacking, Maj. Geo. W. Gilson, Mr. Fred. Meredith, Mr Joseph Kerten, Mr. William Mooney and Mr. C. F. Sheldon.

The following were the honorary pall-bearers: Mr. Samuel Knox, Judge Henry A. Clover, Mr. Thomas Walsh, Mr. Jas. Richardson, Mr. Steve Ridgely, Mr. Monroe R. Collins, Mr. John C. Porter and Dr. Thos. O'Reilly.

There were probably a hundred carriages in the procession that moved off to Bellefontaine Cemetery, where the last rites were said and the body laid to its last rest. It was one of the largest funerals that has taken place in the city for many years.

THE ESTATE.

It does not yet appear that Mr. McKee made a will. If such a thing is in existence, his immediate family know nothing of it. If he made one and deposited it with some friend, it will probably be made known to-morrow. In case there is no will, the whole estate, amounting to near one million dollars, goes to his wife and daughter. The law allows the wife a dower of one-third, or, where there are children, gives her the privilege of taking a child's part. The wife is allowed to administer on the estate, if she desires to do so, or she may suggest some one who will be appointed by the Probate Court. Of course there can only be conjecture as to who will administer on Mr. McKee's estate, but whoever does will represent his stock in the Globe-Democrat. The administrator, whoever it may be, will have but little trouble in winding up the estate, as there is not a dollar of debt against it. In any event, Miss Ellen McKee becomes a very wealthy young lady.

A BUST OF MR. M'KEE.

When Mr. McCullagh was out on a visit to the afflicted widow and daughter, yesterday, he suggested that they have a bust made of Mr. McKee, and it was immediately resolved to have it done. Mr. Howard Kretschmar, the well-known artist, went to the residence this morning and took a plaster cast of the face of the deceased, and will at once commence the work. Having died so suddenly, the features of Mr. McKee were left in a most natural condition, and by studying a good portrait Mr. Kretschmar will be enabled to make a bust of almost absolute fidelity.

The Krieger Trial.

Judge Cady did not decide the question of barring Messrs. Chandler and Harris from assisting Prosecuting Attorney Hogan in the Krieger, Sr., trial. At the hour set for the discussion Messrs. Chandler & Harris were in court, but as Krieger's attorneys were not present Judge Cady adjourned the court until to-morrow.

MONEY.

Banks generally report a fair demand for money, and business quiet and unchanged. Discount offerings were practically all commercial. Money was easy, although firm, and rates unchanged at 8@10 per cent.

Eastern exchange was dull and lower, with sales at ⅛c discount.

Currency orders were small, with nothing coming back.

Foreign exchange teady. R. E. M. Bain, No. 104 North Third street, quotes as follows: Prime bankers' sterling, 481½@483¾; commercial, 60-days, 479¾@480¾; commercial, demand, 482½@4⅝; do, 60-days, francs, 526¾@525; do, demand, do, 523¾@521; do, 60-days, reichs marks, 94⅝; do, demand, do, 94¾@⅞; do 60-days, guilders, florins, 39¾.

Closing quotations of Government bonds at New York to-day are as follows

Coupons of '81	107½
New 5's	103½
New 4½'s, registered	106⅛
New 4½'s, coupons	106¾
New 4's, registered	103¼
New 4's, coupons	104⅛
Currency 6's	122½

COMMERCE.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 48 hours ending Monday, Dec. 22, 1879, and corresponding day in 1878, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail, 1879.	Receipts by River and Rail, 1878.	Shipments by Rail, 1879.	Shipments by Rail, 1878.
Apples, brls	704	2	956	333
Barley, sacks	261	20	8	164
Barley, in blk, bu	10,500	5,850	1,612	.....
Butter, lbs	56,015	17,741	2,240	5,700
Corn, sacks	236	.....	1,364	169
Corn, in bulk, bu	110,700	23,200	15,500	22,500
Eggs, pkgs	652	605	.....	16
Flour, brls	5,583	4,111	11,020	11,516
Hay, bales	3,042	1,371	267	207
Hides, lbs	66,456	106,323	100,105	156,188
Lard, lbs	210	910	145,430	930,460
Lead, pigs	4,652	4,051	145	1,481
Oats, sacks	320	133	889	784
Oats, in blk, bu	18,750	2,100	.....	.....
Pork, brls	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hams, lbs	.....	.....	176,380	78,810
Meats, lbs	268,168	218,000	404,620	879,019
Potatoes, sks, brls	.....	1	609	6
Potatoes, bulk	800	.....	.....	.....
Rye, sacks	54	.....	.....	.....
Rye, in bulk	1,350	800	366	.....
Tallow, lbs	11,348	16,752	6,290	36,830
Tobacco, hhds	47	46	2	29
Wheat, sacks	2,276	947	.....	.....
Wheat, in blk, bu	38,250	35,200	6,080	16,984
Wool, lbs	10,187	60,477	13,080	53,030
Lumber, M. feet	800	240	370	270

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	Saturday.	To-day.
No. 2 red wheat, cash	134¾	133¾
" " Jan	136¾	135¼
" " Feb	141¾	140⅛
" " March	145½	147⅜ bid
" " April	148¾	144¾
No. 3 red wheat, cash	126	124¾
No. 2 spring	121¼	120 bid
No. 2 mixed corn, c'h	35⅞	35½
" " Dec	36	35⅝
" " Jan	36¾	36⅛@¼
" " Feb	38⅝ bid	38¾
" " Mar	40¾ bid	40¾
" " May	43⅜	43
Rejected corn, cash	33½	33
No. 2 wh. mxd c. cash	37⅜	37
No. 2 oats, cash	36¾	36⅝
" " Dec	36⅜ bid	36 bid
" " Jan	37 bid	36 bid
" " Feb	38¼ bid	38
" " May	40 bid	40¾ bid
Rejected oats, cash	36¼	35½ bid
No. 2 rye, cash	81¼	81
" " Jan	81 bid	80 bid
" " Feb	82 bid	.....
Rejected rye, cash	76 bid	75½ bid
Mess pork, cash	$13 00	$13 00
" " Jan	$13 00 nom	$13 00
" " Feb	$13 30	$13 27½
" " March	$13 50 bid	$13 40 bid
Lard, prime steam	7 30	7¼ bid
" " Jan	.....	.....
" " Feb	7 30 bid	7 27½ bid
D. S. shlds, cash	4@4½	4 10@4 20
" " Jan	4 bid	4 bid
" " Feb	4¼ bid	4¼ bid
D. S. cl'r ribs, cash	6 20@6 30	6 30@6 40
" " Jan	.....	6¾ bid
" " Feb	6¾ bid	6¾ bid
" clear	6 30@6 40	6 45@6 55
Bacon shoulders, cash	4¾	4¾
" clear rib, cash	7¼	7¾
" clear, cash	7½	7¾
S. C. Hams	9½@10	9¾@10
Tallow, prime country	6@6¼	6

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

The comparative values of grain to-day and a year ago are shown as follows:

	Dec. 22, 1879.	Same day, 1878.
No. 2 red wheat	$1 34 @1 33¾	91¼
No. 2 mixed corn	35¼@35¾	29¾
No. 2 oats	36¾	21¾

MORNING BOARD—FUTURES.

Wheat—Opened lower and weak, but subsequently steadied with a slight reaction, though weaker at the close, at full ½c decline from Saturday. Trading was very light, with operators offish and few orders here. Cash No. 2 red sold at $1 34@1 33¾; January at $1 36⅛@1 35⅞ (5 cars at $1 35¼); February at $1 40⅞@1 41, closing at $1 40⅝; March at $1 44⅝@1 45, closing at $1 44¾.

Corn—Lower, with a weak and almost panicky market early, but firmer later, as there was quite a pressure to buy shown by several parties. Trading fairly active and much larger than last week. Cash No. 2 mixed sold at 35¼@35¾c, December 35¾@35¾, January 36¾@36 1-16, closing 36 3-16c; February 38 3-16@38¼, March 40¾, May 43c.

Oats—Lower and dull, with operators apart and very little done in consequence. Cash No. 2 sold at 36¾c, and February at 38c.

Provisions firm, and, in some instances, better, but movement small and market slow.

AFTERNOON BOARD—2:30 TO 3 P. M.

Wheat—Steady and firm, but little doing. February sold at $1 40¾, and March at $1 44¾; Bids of $1 34 for cash and December, $1 35¾ for January and $1 48 for April.

Corn—Firmer, but the only sales for December at 35½c. Bids of 36 3-16c for January, 38¾c for February, 40 1-16c for March, and 43¾c for May.

Oats—No trading, but bids higher.

Provisions—Steady.

MORNING BOARD—CASH.

Flour was weaker and dull, with buyers offering lower rates and most sellers inclined to shade prices. Receivers holding stuff at the depots were most anxious to let go and sell at a decline, but parties having stock in warehouses generally held firmly.

We quote the closing rates: Fine, $4 70@4 90; superfine $4 90@5; x $5 20@5 30; xx $5 55@5 70; xxx $5 85@5 95; family $6 05@6 10; choice $6 20@6 30; fancy $6 35@6 60.

Wheat—Grades: Lower (except for No. 2 Mediterranean); No. 2 red sold lightly on speculative and order account. All else to miller; No. 3 red plenty and very dull—closed at $1 24½ in St. L. and $1 21 in C.; No. 4 and No. 2 Mediterranean scarce and firm. Samples entirely neglected; lower and greatly depressed. Sales: Grades [this side and st. fr. unless otherwise stated.] No. 2 red—7 cars mainly in E. at $1 34, 27 cars part fr. at $1 33¾; No. 3 red—7 cars in St. L. part fr. and reg. at $1 25, 2 cars in C. and St. L., later at $1 24½ (nothing doing late); No. 4—6 cars at $1 21; Mediterranean—4 cars No. 2 at $1 30, 2 cars No. 3 (one reg.) at $1 25. [Spring steady: 1 car No. 3 at $1 17, 3 cars No. — at $1 21½].

Corn—Grades—Lower. No. 2 mixed in active speculative and shipping request at 35¾c fr. and st. fr.; rejected sold at 33¾c in C. early, but closed at 33c this side; No. 2 white-mixed ½c off at 37c, and rejected white-mixed bid 1c lower at 36c. Samples lower at 38c for No. 2 white-mixed E. trk; St. Charles steady at 43c. Sales Grades: No. 2 mixed—5,000 bu spot reg. at 35¼c, 38,000 bu and 63 cars fr. to st. fr. at 35¾c; rejected 3,000 bu in C. 33¾c, 6 cars in St. L. and C. at 33c; No. 2 white-mixed—17 cars reg. to st. fr. this side and in Ad. at 37c.

Oats—Grades—Lower. No. 2 closed ¼c off at 36¾c—in local demand; rejected ½c and No. 2 white ⅛@¾c off. Samples scarce; steady at 41⅜@42c for prime mixed in new sks. Sales grades—8 cars No. 2 fr. and st. fr. this side at 36½c, 2 do in St. L. at 35¾c, 2 cars rejected at 36c, 3 cars No. 2 white at 36¾c, 1 car no-grade at 32½c.

Buckwheat Flour—Choice Eastern sells from first hands $6 50@6 75; orders 50c nigher.

Rye Flour—Choice in demand at $4 85@5 10 from first hands.

Corn Meal—Firm; in demand. Sales 900 brls city on orders at $2 25@30 del.

Bran—Very dull. A small sacked lot sold to a city buyer at 48c at mill, and a car at 47c; 1 car Shipstuffs on R. trk Saturday as 50c.

Provisions—Meats stronger and slightly better, with more disposition to buy noticeable; yet a light movement after all—operators somewhat apart. Lard bid lower; pork higher; bacon neglected. Sales: Pork—50 brls at $13 15; orders—130 brls at $13 50@75 Green Meats—c'ribs salable at 6¼@15c, hams held at 7¼c for 16s. Sales: 1,600 pcs c'ribs and short clear and 2 cars 14 and 15 ℔ hams, all on p t. Hog tongues—7 brls at $10 25. Lard—7¼c bid for prime steam. Refined on orders 8@8¼ in tcs, Bacon—10,000 lbs loose c'ribs at 7, 15 tcs s c hams (lower) at 9c plain and 9½c canv, 5 csks shoulders at 5c; Orders (43 pkgs)—shoulders 5¼c, clear rib 7⅜c, short clear 7¼c, plain hams 10c. D. S. Meats—Loose; 100,000 lbs nearly-cured short clear del in house to arrive and 1 car cured do at depot at 6½c, 1 car 20-day do at 6.55c, 1 car 30-day longs at 6.35c, 1 car cured do at 6.40c, 1 car 20-day shoulders at 4.10c, 50,000 lbs 20-day c'ribs up country (freight 10c to East to St. Louis at 6¼c, 4 cars do at 6.40c spot, (6.45 was bid for fully cured): Packed—35 bxs at 6½c for clear ribs and 6.60@6.62½c for short clear; 90 bxs bellies (Jan.) p. t. Orders: (140 pkgs)—shoulders 4½@4⅝@4¾c clear ribs and longs 6¼@6¾c, short clerr 6¾@7c.

The Cotton Market.

Few buyers were in the market to-day, and those few wanted very little, the demand being light and sellers holding stiffly, tending to restrict sales, only 579 bales changing hands and the market ruling quiet and unchanged. New York was quiet and steady; Liverpool unchanged, with a moderate demand freely supplied.

QUOTATIONS.

	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	10¼	10 1-16
Ordinary	10¾	10 15-16
Good ordinary	11¾	11 11-16
Low middling	11¾	12 3-16
Middling	11¾	12¾
Good middling	12¾	12¾
Middling fair	12¾	13¾

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

Stocks to-day, 69,675; same day last year, 45,865 bales.

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	6,704	6,004
Same day last year	2,561	2,580
Total for season to date	316,647	248,275
Same time last year	204,389	157,593

NEW YORK.

Futures steady at 2 p. m. Sales —— bales. Future quotations: January, 12.70; February, 12.98; March, 13.25; April, —; May, —; June, ——; July, —; August, —; September ——; October, ——; November, ——; December, 12.61.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 6 13-16d; Orleans, 6 15-16d. Sales, 8,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 71. Providence, 71. New York, 66. Philadelphia, 64. Baltimore, 63.

Closing Prices at Other Points

Closing prices at other markets, reported by John J. White, Manager Public Grain and Stock Exchange.

CHICAGO, December 22.

Wheat—$1 21¼ January; $1 32¾ February.
Corn—46¾c May.
Oats—39¾c May.
Pork—$13 20 January; $13 40 Feb.
Lard—7.47½c January; 7.62½c Feb.

Produce.

APPLES—The offerings were largely in excess of the demand, which was a light one even at lower figures. We quote the range: (sound stock). Eastern Baldwins $3 00@3 25; Eastern mixed $2 50@3; genuine $2 50@2 75; Ben Davis $3@3 50; off lots of small, overripe and slack brls sell at much lower figures.

ONIONS—Receipts 158 pkgs. Fair demand at $3 75@4 ₩ brl for choice Eastern; Northern $3 50@3 75.

BUTTER—Packed—Market quiet and unchanged. We quote: Choice yellow dairy 23@25c; fancy selections 26@27c; seconds—20@22c. Creamery—Good to choice 28@30c; fancy 32@34c. Country store packed 8@18c, as in quality. Low grades 9@15c; lower grades and grease butter 5@7c. Roll—In demand. Common to fair nearby make 9@15c; choice do 18c; fancy 19c and occasionally 20c; choice to fancy Northern sells at 20@22c. Sale 6 pkgs fair nearby make at 15c ₩ ℔.

EGGS—Large stock on the market, demand only a light local one and feeling weak, but prices were essentially unchanged. Fresh were selling in a small way at 19c, while lots mixed with pickled and stale eggs were almost unsalable—nominal at 10 to 16c as in quality.

POULTRY—Dressed—offerings liberal of chickens, ducks and geese and market dull and dragging even at lower figures, while turkeys which were in fair request ruled a shade firmer. Sales were: Ducks—Thin and held over stock $1 50@2, choice $2 25@2 50, fancy $2 75. Geese—Rough to fair $2 50@3 50, choice to fancy $4@5. Chickens—Small and rough looking 60@90c; fair to choice $1 25@1 50; fanch $1 75@2 ₩ dozen. Turkeys—rough to fair 7@7¾; choice 8c; fancy 8½c ₩ ℔. Live—We quote nominally: Chickens and ducks $1 25@2 as in size and condition; Turkeys $4 50@8 50; Geese—Plucked $2@2 50; feathered $4@4 50 ₩ doz.

GAME—All receipts found ready buyers at former prices; the supply of quail and erouse was light and the tendency was upward. Sales were: Choice selected undrawn grouse $5@5 25, drawn $4 50@4 75; choice selected quail $2 25; current arrivals $2; pheasant $7@7 50; jack rabbit $3 25; squirrel 40@50; Illinois rabbit $1 25@1 30; Kansas and Missouri do at $1 20@1 25. Wild Turkeys 35@65c apiece as in size and condition, or 5@7c per ℔; 'possum 5@20c apiece for small to extra large—mainly 10@15; Wild Pigeons salable at 75c ₩ dozen. Deer—Carcasses 6@7c for fair to choice; tnin 5c ₩ ℔; venison saddles—choice fresh Western 9@11c; Northern 11½@12½c; dry and salted 3@5c. Ducks—Mallard $2 25; Teal $1 50@1 60; mixed $1@1 25. Buffalo hams salable at 15c. Antelope saddles 14c. Bear, hind quarters at 15c ₩ ℔.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, December 22.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour dull; receipts, 21,000; sales, 8,000; unchanged. Rye flour dull. Wheat—spring nominal; winter ½@¾c lower; dull; receipts, 24,000; sales, 56,000; No. 2 red December $1 58. Rye quiet at 97c. Corn dull; receipts, 156,000; sales, 30,000; unchanged. Barley unchanged. Oats quil; receipts, 100,049; 50¾ for unixed Western, 50@54 for white. Pork stronger, at $12 75. Beef dul. Lard firmer at 7.92½. Butter, cheese, whisky, sugars, rgeand petroleum unchanged. Tallow 6½@6 11-16c.

BALTIMORE, December 22.—Flour dull in buyers' favor; Western super $5@5 50; do extra $5 75@6 25; do family $7 25@7 75. Wheat—Western lower and dull; No. 2 Western winter red spot and December $1 52@1 52¼; January $1 53¼@1 54; February $1 58@1 58¼. Corn—Western dull and lower; Western mixed spot 63c; new 60c; December new 60¼c; January 59¾@60c; February 60¼@60¾c; teamer 56c. Oats quiet; western white 47@48c; do mixed 45@46¾c; Pennsylvania 47@48c. Rye steady at $1. Hay steady; prime to choice Pennsylvania $17@18. Provisions firmer; mess pork $13 75; bulk meats, loose, none in market; do packed 5¾@7¾c; bacon, shoulders, 5¾c; clear rib sides 8¼c; hams 10¾@11c. Lard, refined in tierces, 8¼c. Butter dull; prime to choice Western packed 23@28c; roll 20@24c. Eggs dull; irosh 22c; limed 16@17c.

CHICAGO, December 22.—Wheat unsettled, easier; $1 30¾ cash, $1 31¼ January, $1 32¾ February. Corn easier at 39¾c cash, 40c January, 46¾c May. Oats—Market easier at 34¼c cash, 34¼c January, 39¼c May. Rye at 79¼c. Barley at 88@89c. Pork unsettled and easier at $13 20 cash, $13 40 February, $13 60 March. Lard easy at 7.40c cash, 7.60c February. Whisky $1 10.

TOLEDO, December 22.—Wheat dull but firm; No. 2 red Wabash seller December $1 40, January $1 41; March $1 48 asked, $1 47½ bid. Corn steady and nominal; No. 2 cash 43c bid, January 43c; No. 2 white cash 44¾c. Oats, no sales. Clover seed nominal. Dressed hogs $5 25 asked.

NEW ORLEANS, December 22.—Flour—steady; xxx $5 00@6 62½; family $6 75@6 87½. Receipts 3,150. Corn firm; mixed 37c, white 38c, yellow 38c. Oats steady at 48@49c. Hay steady; choice $25, prime $23. Bran quiet at 75c. Cornmeal quiet at $2 45@2 50.

CINCINNATI, December 22.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat firm at $1 35@1 37. Corn steady at 41@44c. Oats quiet at 40@41c. Pork firm at $13@13 25. Lard firm at 7.40c. Bulk meats firm and unchanged. Bacon do. Green meats held higher. Whisky quiet at $1 07.

DETROIT, December 22.—Wheat quiet, dull and heavy; extra nominal; No. 1 white and December $1 36; January $1 36¾; February $1 40¾; March $1 44; milling No. 1 nominal. Receipts—20,000 bu; shipments—1,000 bu.

BUFFALO, December 22.—Wheat, oats, rye and barley entirely negiected. Corn dull and unchanged. Sales 3 cars old No. 2 mixed Western 54c. Railroad freights unchanged.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, December 22.—Hogs—steady and firm; common $3 75@4 10; fair to good light $4 15@4 30; shipping $4 30@4 50; butchers' $4 50@4 60. Receipts, 3,088.

CHICAGO, December 22.—Hogs — Receipts 8,000; active; 10@20c higher; large packers not buying; light $4 40@5 80; mixed packing $4 35@4 60; shipping $4 60@4 75. Cattle—Receipts 2,500, unchanged; shipping firm at $3 50@5; butchers $2@3 60; stockers slow and steady.

PHILADELPHIA, December 22.—Cattle market active. Receipts, 2,200; prime $5 75@6, good $5 25@5 50, medium $4 50@5, common $3@4 50. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; market active; prime $5@5 50, good $4 75@5, medium $4 25@4 50, common $3 50@4. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market slow; prime $7, good $6 75, medium $6 25@6 50, common $5 75@6.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, IND., December 22.—Heavy rain and violent wind, with lightning and thunder, during the night. Weather cloudy to-day, with colder wind fresh from the northwest. Mercury, 42 to 34 and falling. Barometer, above 29½ and rising. River, 16¼ feet and falling. Port list: Grey Eagle, Louisville and return, 10:30 p. m.; Evansville, from Bowling Green, 11; Cons. Murar, Memphis to Cincinnati, 3 a. m.; Idlewild from Cairo, 11:45. Business light.

CAIRO, December 22.—Arrived: Hop London, Ohio, 8 p. m., Rhea, Nashville, 9 p. m.; Eldorado, New Orleans, 11 p. m.; John Means and Robert Mitchell, New Orleans, 1 a. m.; Virgie Lee, Cincinnati, 1 a. m. Departed: London, Memphis, 9 p. m.; Arkansas Belle, Evansville, 9 p. m.; Eldorado, Cincinnati, midnight; Robert Mitchell, Cincinnati, 2 a. m.; Virgie Lee, Helena, 2 a. m.; Shinkle, Memphis, 2 a. m.; Rhea, Nashville, 8 a. m. Cloudy and cold.

LOUISVILLE, December 22.—River falling slowly with 8 feet 10 inches in canal, 6 feet 10 inches in chute on falls. Business fair. Weather cloudy and pleasant: wind northwest. Arrivals and departures: Charles Morgan, for New Orleans; Virgie Lee, last night. Evansville to Cincinnati. The coal fleet is all in from Pittsburg.

CINCINNATI, December 22.—Arrived: Buckeye State, last night; John L. Rhoads, Pittsburg, 9 p. m. No departures. River 16 feet and falling. Cloudy and cool.

MEMPHIS, December 22.—River rising. Arrived: James Howard, New Orleans. Departed: Halliday, My Choice, Cairo. Threatening.

WHEELING, W. VA., December 22.—River 6 feet 7 inches and rising. Departed: Hudson, Cincinnati, La. m.

GENTLEMEN'S
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KID GLOVES!
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E. B. ECKSTEIN & CO.
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GENTS' 2 B GOUNOD, 1ST QUALITY, $1 75
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BEST IN THE WORLD.
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GENTS' 2 B DE LORME, *VERY SUPERIOR*, $1 50
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BLACK
Crow Cashmeres!
A Pure Dye!
A Brilliant Color!
Wm. F. Crow & Co
Nos. 601 and 603 N. Fourth St.,
Cor. Washington Ave.,
Are now in receipt of their third importation (this season) of these justly celebrated
BLACK CASHMERES!
Specially intended for the
HOLIDAY TRADE.
Owing to our very large sales and constantly increasing trade on these CASHMERES, the manufacturer has seen fit to accord us an extra discount on these goods, which, with great pleasure, we allow to our customers in the way of reduced prices, making the
BLACK CROW
CASHMERE
The best value in the market, and away ahead of any competition.
Our scale of reduced prices as now fixed will be 45c, 50c, 60c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c, 90c and $1 for 40-inch goods, and 75c, 85c, 90c, $1, $1 10, $1 25 for 48-inch goods.
At such prices the BLACK CROW CASHMERES require no recommendation.
WM. F. CROW & CO.,
Fourth and Washington Ave.

KEATING'S
COUGH LOZENGES
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.—Used and recommended for over 50 years by the clergy and medical profession. Sold by all Druggists. Price 50 cents. E. FOUGERA & CO., New York Agents.

X-MAS
ALBUMS, Papeteries, Pocketbooks, Diaries, Inkstands, Gold Pens, and Gold Pencils. Some very beautiful designs for Christmas and New Year's Presents at JOHN J. DALY'S, 213 N. Third St. Louis.

DIED.

LOKER—December 21. GEORGIE, oldest son of Charles F. and Kate C. Loker, aged six years and six months.

Funeral from the residence of his grandfather, George H. Loker, 2714 Locust street, to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, to Calvary Cemetery.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John C. Armbruster, and Anna, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 13th day of July, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 593, page 410, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground situated in Tamm's first subdivision, in the City of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the northern line of Singleton street, ninety-five (95) feet east of the western boundary of said subdivision, and running thence eastwardly with said Singleton street twenty-five (25) feet, thence northwardly and parallel to the western boundary line of said subdivision one hundred (100) feet to a ten-foot alley; thence westwardly with said alley twenty-five (25) feet to John Lemke's northeast corner, and thence southwardly with said Lemke's east line, one hundred (100) feet to the place of beginning; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Courthouse, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and costs of executing this trust. GEORGE W. NATION, Trustee.

St. Louis, December 22, 1879. 393

500 Pairs
OF GENTS'
CLOTH SLIPPERS
Embroidered by Hand in Silk,
For $1.25!
Also, the largest variety in HEAD Patterns, DONE IN CHENILLE.
WE save you from 25c to $1 on Slippers of any kind.
J. G. BRANDT,
506 FRANKLIN AVE.

EUGENE JACCARD & CO.'S
FIFTY-FIRST
CHRISTMAS SALE!
We beg to submit at this time to buyers of HOLIDAY PRESENTS the following as desirable in our JEWELRY DEPARTMENT:
FOR LADIES.
LACE PINS of the most exquisite designs, set with Diamonds and other precious stones, Mosaic, Cameo, Turquois, as well as plain Roman Gold, with or without Ear-Rings to match.
BAND BRACELETS, in width from 1-8 to 1 1-2 inches, in Roman or Enameled Gold, set with jewels or plain.
BANGLE BRACELETS, in great profusion and charming styles.
NOVELTIES of Gantelines, Belt Buckles, Roman Neck Chains, Pendants and Crosses, Bangle Finger-Rings, elegant Chatelaines and Vest Chains, &c., &c.
FOR GENTLEMEN.
SCARF PINS and SCARF RINGS, in price from $2 50 to $500 Such variety and richness in these goods has not yet been seen in this city.
NOVELTIES in Gold Watch Chains, Seals, Sleeve Buttons and Studs, Seal Rings, &c., &c.
FOR MISSES and CHILDREN.
We have a beautiful and endless assortment of GOLD NECK-LACES and LOCKETS, FINGER-RINGS, EAR-RINGS, BROOCHES and SASH PINS, BABY PINS, BRACELETS, &c., at all prices to suit all purses.
FOR EVERYBODY.
A Thousbnd GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, of all sizes and prices and warranted, and GOLD and SILVER VEST and GUARD CHAINS to match.
ROLLED PLATED JEWELRY of the best quality, made after the latest designs in gold, and in every variety, thus being able to supply customers with good articles at small prices.
OUR STOCK IS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES
And we Warrant Them to Be the Very Lowest.
WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT A CALL.
Fifth and Olive Streets.

WM. A. STICKNEY. CHARLES F. ELLIS.
STICKNEY & ELLIS,
CIGARS & TOBACCO
NO. 203 NORTH FOURTH STREET.
HOLIDAY PRESENTS. CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!! CHRISTMAS!!
JUST RECEIVED:
40,000 Principe de Gales Key West
10,000 Villar y Villar,
10,000 Flor de Cuba,
CIGARS
Fancy Boxes, Paper Ring; Fine Meersch aum and Amber Goods.
Our Stores, 203 N. Fourth street, and 125 Olive street, will be closed on Sundays after January 1, 1880.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S THEATER — The Only FIRST CLASS THEATER in St. Louis.
Monday, December 22, and every Evening.
—3— MATINEES —3—
W

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of Solomon Isidors, will, up to 5 o'clock p. m., December 22, 1879, receive bids upon the stock of ready-made cloth'g, hats, caps and furnishing goods, etc., assigned to him by said Solomon Isidors, and contained in store No. 1270 South Fifth street, St. Louis. Also separate bids upon the furniture and fixtures in said store; and will sell the same to the highest bidder for cash, subject to the approval of the Court. Bids to be left at my office, No. 213 North Third street.

JACOB A. FISCHER,
Assignee of S. Isidors, 213 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.
December 17, 1879. 363

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of Michael Bess, and against John P. Ottenad, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of said John P. Ottenad, the defendant, in and to certain lots of ground with improvements thereon situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the western line of Jackson street one hundred and twenty-five feet south of Anna street, thence running southwardly along the western line of Jackson street fifty feet, thence running westwardly and parallel to Anna street one hundred and forty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide, thence running northwardly along the eastern line of said alley fifty feet, and thence running eastwardly one hundred and forty feet to the point of beginning, said lot being in block No. 761 of the city of St. Louis, and bounded north by Adam Becker, east by Jackson street, south by Wm. Bauer and west by said alley; also lots Nos. 15, 16 and 17 of City Block No. 1531 of the city of St. Louis, having an aggregate front on the west side of Iroquois avenue of seventy feet by a depth of one hundred and fifty feet, bounded on the north by Frederick Meryels, on the east by Iroquois avenue, south by Protestant cemetery and west by an alley twenty-five feet wide, and I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim and property of the above named John P. Ottenad, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 22, 1879. 380

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Third National Bank of St. Louis, December 11, 1879.—The regular annual election for nine (9) directors of this bank will be held on Tuesday, January 13, 1880, at the banking rooms. Polls open from 10 a. m. until 2 p. m.

T. A. STODDART, Cashier.

BIDDLE MARKET SAVINGS BANK.—St. Louis, Mo., December 16, 1879.—A meeting of the stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 29th December, A. D. 1879, commencing at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., to determine whether the number of directors shall be reduced.

By order of the Board.

CASPER STOLLE, President.
ADOLPH SCHENK, Cashier and Secretary.

ST. LOUIS GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY.—The annual election for three Directors of this Company, to serve for three years, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Levee and Biddle streets, on Monday, December 29, 1879. Polls open from 10 a. m. till 2 p. m.

O. P. SLATTERY,
St. Louis, December 19, 1879. Secretary.

THE annual election for Directors of the St. Louis Gas Light Company will be held at the office of the company, 511 Olive street, on Saturday, December 27, 1879, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. of that day.

By order of the Board.

GEO. S. DRAKE, Secretary.

NOTICE.—To the stockholders of the Helmbacher Forge and Rolling Mills: Take notice that a meeting of the stockholders in the above-named corporation will be held on Monday, the 29th day of December, 1879, at the office of said corporation, southwest corner of Main and Cherry streets, in the city of St. Louis, Mo. The object of such meeting will be to consider the question of changing the corporate name to comply with the recent statute relative to corporate names.

MICHAEL HELMBACHER, President.
G. L. GOETZ, Secretary.
December 15, 1879.

REAL ESTATE.

M. A. WOLFF.....W. A. MEAGHER

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, Notaries Public AND CONVEYANCERS.

Rent collections a specialty, and liberal advance made on same.

OFFICE.....211 N. SIXTH ST

JOHN S. CAVENDER. EDWARD S. ROWSE.

CAVENDER & ROWSE, House & Real Estate Agents,
NOTARIES PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCERS
Loans negotiated on Real Estate. Special attention paid to Collection of Rents and care of Property.
No. 800 Olive Street. ST. LOUIS, MO.

LEGAL DIRECTORY.

EVERETT W. PATTISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Rooms 26 and 27, Third Floor, S. E. Cor. Fifth and Olive Sts., St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS CITY.
PROPOSALS FOR GOLD AND STERLING RENEWAL BONDS.
MAYOR'S OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, Dec. 15, 1879.

By virtue of Ordinance No. 11,066, authorizing the issue and sale of $565,000 in bonds of the city of St. Louis, to pay

$190,000 in bonds of the city, and
$375,000 in bonds of the late county of St. Louis for which the city is liable, maturing during this fiscal year (from April 8, 1879, to April 12, 1880), sealed proposals for the purchase of four hundred and ninety-two thousand dollars ($475,000) in St. Louis city bonds, hereinafter described, or any portion thereof, will be received at the MAYOR'S OFFICE, in the city of St. Louis, until 12 o'clock noon of the 29th day of January, A. D. 1880, and publicly opened by the undersigned, at said place and hour.

The remaining $90,000, in bonds authorized, will be purchased and retired by the Sinking Fund at the highest price offered by other bidders, thus reducing the debt to that amount.

The awards will be subject to the approval of the Committee on Ways and Means of each branch of the Municipal Assembly. Said bonds will be dated January 1, 1880, and will each be of the denomination of $1,000 U. S. GOLD COIN, or 200 POUNDS STERLING, payable TWENTY (20) YEARS after their date, and will bear interest from their date at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum. Semi-annual interest coupons payable in U. S. Gold Coin, or in pounds sterling on the 1st day of July and January respectively, will be attached to each bond, and both bonds and coupons will be payable to bearer, either at the Fiscal Agency of the Province in New York, U. S. Gold Coin, or at the office of J. S. Morgan & Co., London, England, in pounds sterling, at the option of the holder.

Bonds must be paid for in current funds and will be delivered at the office of the Comptroller of the city of St. Louis, on the 15th day of January, 1880.

Proposals must state the price offered, in current funds, per bond, and must be accompanied by a deposit of cash, or certified check payable to the order of the Comptroller (and subject to his approval), equal in amount to five (5) per cent of the amount in bonds bid for, as earnest money for the faithful compliance with the proposal; said deposit to be returned if proposal is not accepted; otherwise to be held subject to forfeiture to the city in event of failure on the part of bidder to comply with his proposal, or in case of compliance to be retained as part of the purchase money.

All proposals must refer to this advertisement as a portion of the agreement on the part of the bidder, must be addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Proposals for purchase of St. Louis City Bonds."

The undersigned reserve the right to reject any and all proposals.

A sample bond can be seen and further information obtained at the office of the Comptroller of the City of St. Louis.

HENRY OVERSTOLZ, Mayor.
E. L. ADREON, Comptroller.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of all Venereal, Sexual and Chronic Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as his card shows, and all of the latest and most judicious methods employed.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Urethritis, Hernia, or Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, as well as all those delicate diseases of a private nature, treated with unfailing success on the latest principles. Speedily, privately, with entirely safe medicines.
Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or any cause producing the following effects: Nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, diseases of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to society, self-distrust, loss of energy, loss of sexual power, etc., thereby unfitting the sufferer for the duties of married life, are permanently cured. Confidential. A friendly talk or hand-shaking costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. In most cases guaranteed, where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 A. M. to 12 P. M. Sundays 11 M. to 1 P. M. Pamphlet for Men, 1 Stamp; for Women, 1 Stamp; German for both, 2 Stamps.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. 260 PAGES.
Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry and who may not. Proper age to marry. Causes for unhappy marriages. Boyhood, Manhood, Physical Decay. The effects of celibacy and excess. How life and happiness may be increased, and many more. It could not be read by all without profit. Contains over one hundred pages. Larger and better edition, same, best paper cover, 300 pages, 50 cts. by mail, in money or postage. Cheapest book ever published in America. Read it.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against John Swatek, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One and a half story brick building situate on parts of lots 14 and 15, of block No. 6, of Durand's tract, in city block No. 1418, having a front of 29 feet 6 inches on the east line of Sterling street, by 122 feet 10 inches deep, being the south half of said lots, in said city of St. Louis, and State aforesaid; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 111

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Joseph Rundle, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Two-story brick building and brick addition, situate on lot No. 16, Allen's addition, in city block No. 838, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 125

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Anton Honnek, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One story brick building and lot in block No. 2, fronting 20 feet one hundred and six, described as follows: Beginning at a point in the east line of State street fifty feet north of the north line of Geyer avenue, thence north along the east line of State street (35) feet, thence east one hundred and fourteen feet parallel to said north line of Geyer avenue, thence south thirty-five (35) feet parallel to said east line of State street, thence west parallel to said north line of Geyer avenue one hundred and fourteen feet to the place of beginning, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 97

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Ludewig Aschbacher, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story brick building and frame kitchen, situate on lot No. 2 of city block No. 1527 in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 103

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Notice is given that by a deed of trust made by John M. Krum and Mary O., his wife, dated April 2, 1878, the following described real estate was conveyed to the undersigned, situate in the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots numbered five (5) and six (6) of Blow and Labeaume's addition, being in block 747 of said city—said lots having a front of fifty feet in Kosciusko street by a depth of one hundred and fifty-six feet and are bounded, north by Hohenschield, east by Front street, south by Scherge and west by Kosciusko street, in trust to secure the payment of a certain note therein described; and, whereas, said note has not been paid and is now past due; therefore, in pursuance of the power in said deed contained, I, the undersigned, will, on
SATURDAY, THE 3D DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,
at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of that day, offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder, for cash.

P. C. BULKELEY, Trustee.
December 9, 1879. 210

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of the notes described in a deed of trust made by me, Ernst Wagner and wife, dated November 9, 1876, recorded in the Recorder's office, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book 562, page 187, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and for the purposes of said trust, I will,

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,
between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front of the court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property described in said deed of trust, to-wit: A lot of ground situate, lying and being in block number one hundred and fifty-nine of the said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the north line of Papin street intersects the east line of Sixth street, thence running eastwardly on the north line of Papin street one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley thirty feet wide, thence northwardly on the west line of said alley twenty-one feet and six inches (21 feet 6 in.), thence westwardly on a line parallel to the north line of Papin street one hundred and twenty (120) feet to the east line of Sixth street, and thence southwardly with the said east line of Sixth street twenty-one feet and six inches (21 feet 6 in.) to the point of beginning.

JOHN GRETHER,
Trustee, 213 N. Sixth street,
St. Louis, Mo., December 10, 1879. 322

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Mrs. Mary Westbrook, an unmarried person, by her certain deed of trust, dated the 13th day of April, A. D. 1878, and recorded in book No. 6, at pages 88, 89, 90 and 91, in the records of deeds in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-four, and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirteen, all being in township forty-five (45), of range three (3) east, and known as the Westbrook farm, and containing one hundred and twenty acres, and which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the pay ment one of the interest notes described in said deed; and whereas also default has been made in the payment of taxes required to be paid under the provisions of said deed of trust; now, therefore, I, Henry A. McGindley, the trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, will on
MONDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1879,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell said real estate at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY A. McGINDLEY, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 3, 1879. 187

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In pursuance of a deed of trust executed by William C. Jamison as trustee of Ellen Davis, at her written request annexed to said deed of trust, dated the 30th day of January, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the then county, now city, of St. Louis, in book 505, page 78, at the request of the owners and holders of said notes described in said deed of trust, some of which are due and remain unpaid, the undersigned will, on
TUESDAY, THE (23D) TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder, for the purposes mentioned in said deed of trust, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, for cash the undivided (1-36) one-thirty-sixth interest in and to the following described real and personal property, subject to the life estate of Jemima Lindell, situated in the city of St. Louis and county of St. Louis, in State of Missouri, being the same devised and bequeathed to Jesse G. Lindell, Jr., by Jesse G. Lindell, Sr., as per his last will and testament, dated January 19, 1858, and proved and recorded in the Probate Court, February 9, 1858, and recorded in book of Wills F, page 174, and the same conveyed by Jesse G. Lindell, Jr., to said William C. Jamison, trustee of Ellen Davis, as per deed duly executed and recorded as aforesaid in said Recorder's office, to-wit:

1. Four hundred and seventy-one (471) feet front on Washington avenue by a depth of 125 feet 5 inches, bounded south by Washington avenue, east by Eleventh street, north by Christy avenue and west by Twelfth street.

2. Three hundred and eighty (380) feet 4 inches front on Washington avenue, 137 feet 5 inches in depth, bounded south by Washington avenue, east by Twelfth street, north by Christy avenue and west by Thirteenth street.

3. Lot in block No. 67 fronting west on Broadway and running back east to an alley, beginning at a point on Broadway corresponding with the center of the north wall of the row of four buildings erected in the year 1842 by Lindell, thence through and along the center of said north wall eastwardly parallel to Green street one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley, thence north along said alley one hundred and two feet and ten inches to a point thirty-seven and a half feet south of Morgan street, thence west parallel with Morgan street one hundred and twenty-five feet to Broadway and thence south one hundred and two feet to the point of beginning.

4. Lot in block No. 67 fronting east on Second street and running back west to an alley, beginning at the northeast corner of the block of nine buildings fronting on Second street, and which is the northeast corner of said block; thence running south along Second street one hundred and thirty-seven feet and three inches to a point opposite the center of the partition wall which separates the fifth from the sixth house in said row from Morgan street; thence west along and through the center of the said partition wall to Morgan street one hundred and thirty feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

5. Lot in block No. 67, fronting on Morgan street, west of the alley, beginning in the south line of Morgan street at a point one hundred and fifteen feet east from the west side of the curbstone as the same is now set on the east side of Broadway, thence south parallel with Broadway thirty-seven and a half feet; thence east parallel to Morgan street twenty feet, more or less, to an alley; thence north along said alley thirty-seven and a half feet to Morgan street; thence west with Morgan street twenty feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

6. Lot in block No. 24, fronting on First street and running west to an alley, beginning on First street at a point seventy feet and a half south from the south line on Morgan street, and corresponding with the center of the partition wall which separates the row of four store houses erected by said Lindell from the buildings of Isaac Walker, known as the Missouri Hotel, thence west parallel with Morgan street, through said partition wall on the south line of the one foot of ground conveyed on the 4th of November, 1830, by said Lindell to Thomas Biddle, one hundred and forty feet, more or less to an alley, thence south along said alley forty-one and a half feet, more or less, to the center of the space between the two one-story ware-houses on the alley used as a passway, thence east parallel with and along the center of said space or passway to a point on a line which the east wall of said warehouses, thereon in a direct line to a point at the west wall of said storehouses, directly corresponding with the center of the partition wall which separates the two most northern from the most southern storehouses of the four erected, in front of and through the center of the last mentioned partition wall to First street, and thence in a direct line forty-one and a half feet more or less to the place of beginning; the said pieces of land being acquired by said Jesse G. Lindell from Peter Lindell, as per partition deed dated June 28, 1856, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis in book 175, page 149.

7. Lot in block No. 169, Christy addition, fronting 280 feet on Morgan street by a depth of 125 feet south to an alley, bounded north by Morgan street, east by Eighth street, south by an alley and west by Ninth street.

8. Lot in block No. 169, fronting seventy-two feet on Green street by a depth of one hundred and six feet north to an alley, bounded north by an alley, east by Hill, south by Green street and west by Ninth street.

9. Lot in block No. 169, fronting 96 feet on Green street by a depth of one hundred and six feet north to an alley, bounded north by an alley, east by Eighth street, south by Green street and west by January.

10. Lot in block No. 178, fronting one hundred and thirty-five feet on Washington avenue by a depth of one hundred and fifty feet north, bounded south by Washington avenue, west by Eleventh street, east by St. Louis University and north by self and others.

11. Lot in block No. 178, fronting eighty-five feet on Green street by a depth of seventy-six feet southwardly, and bounded south by Green street, east by St. Louis University, south by self and west by Christy and others.

12. Lot in block No. 64, fronting thirty-two feet on Vine street by a depth of thirty feet southwardly, bounded north by Vine street, east by St. Jean, south by Le Beau and west by an alley.

13. Lot in block No. 520, fronting two hundred and ninety-six feet on Washington avenue by a depth of one hundred and fifty-five feet five inches to Christy avenue, bounded north by Christy avenue, east by Baker, south by Washington avenue and west by Lucas or Finney.

14. Lot in block No. 60, beginning at a point on the south line of Chestnut street, one hundred and nine feet one inch east of Third street; thence south and parallel to Third street thirty-eight feet eight and a half inches; thence west and parallel with Chestnut street eight feet two inches; thence south and parallel to Third street sixty-seven feet nine inches, more or less, to a lot of Samuel Simmons; thence east along said Simmons' north line thirty-one feet three and a half inches, more or less, and parallel to Third street one hundred and six feet, more or less, to Chestnut street, and thence west along Chestnut street twenty-three feet two and a half inches, more or less, to the place of beginning; and bounded north by Chestnut street, east and south by said Simmons, and west by Missouri Republican building.

15. The undivided half of a lot in block No. 226 fronting one hundred and twenty feet on Lewis street by a depth of one hundred and forty-five (5) and six (6) of Blow and Labeaume's addition, being in block 747 of said city—said lots having a front of fifty feet in Kosciusko street by a depth of one hundred and fifty-six feet and are bounded, north by Hohenschield, east by Front street, south by Scherge and west by Kosciusko street, in trust to secure the payment of a certain note therein described; and, whereas, said note has not been paid and is now past due; therefore, in pursuance of the power in said deed contained, I, the undersigned, will, on
SATURDAY, THE 3D DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,
at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of that day, offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder, for cash.

P. C. BULKELEY, Trustee.
December 9, 1879. 210

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of the notes described in a deed of trust made by me, Ernst Wagner and wife, dated November 9, 1876, recorded in the Recorder's office, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book 562, page 187, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and for the purposes of said trust, I will,

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,
between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front of the court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property described in said deed of trust, to-wit: A lot of ground situate, lying and being in block number one hundred and fifty-nine of the said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the north line of Papin street intersects the east line of Sixth street, thence running eastwardly on the north line of Papin street one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley thirty feet wide, thence northwardly on the west line of said alley twenty-one feet and six inches (21 feet 6 in.), thence westwardly on a line parallel to the north line of Papin street one hundred and twenty (120) feet to the east line of Sixth street, and thence southwardly with the said east line of Sixth street twenty-one feet and six inches (21 feet 6 in.) to the point of beginning.

JOHN GRETHER,
Trustee, 213 N. Sixth street,
St. Louis, Mo., December 10, 1879. 322

February 4, 1852, and recorded in book F No. 6, page 207.

26. 87 75-100 acres of land in United States survey No. 1261, also 13 60-100 acres in United States survey No. 1262, also 15 60-100 acres in United States survey No. 1263; also 63 48-100 acres of land in United States survey No. 658; all of said four tracts adjoin and are bounded north by the Natural Bridge Plank Road, east by January and others, south by County Road and west by the Clay tract, and being the residence of Jesse G. Lindell when he died.

27. The south half of a tract of land in St. Louis county, containing 248 acres, it being the most northeastern portion of United States Survey No. 2648, New Madrid location, for 640 acres, certificate No. 345, issued to Peter Saffray.

28. All sums of money received by said Jemima Lindell on account of or for property of said estate of said Jesse G. Lindell, Sr., and which will be due from her at time of her death.

GEORGE W. CLINE,
Trustee
St. Louis, November 29, 1879. 155

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Joseph Sleszack, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One story brick building and frame kitchen situated on ...t in city block No. 895, fronting 30 feet on northeast line of Geyer avenue by a depth of 72 feet northerly and bounded east by a line 60 feet west of Buell street, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF ECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 107

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against John Swatek, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Two and a half story brick building situate on lot No. two (2), in city block No. 203, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 147

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Herman Stindt, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story brick building with stone basement and frame stable situate on lot No. 1 of block No. 5 of Ida Warren's addition, and fronting 25 feet on Ida, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 135

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against George Gerhard, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Two-story brick and scantling dwelling-house, situate on lot No. 8 of block No. 45 of Allen's addition, in city block No. 678, in said city of St. Louis, and State aforesaid; and I will, on the
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 144

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against John Elsenhuth, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story brick building, frame kitchen and shed, situate on lot 39 of city block No. 2049, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 147

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Herman Stindt, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story brick building with stone basement and frame stable situate on lot No. 1 of block No. 5 of Ida Warren's addition, and fronting 25 feet on Ida, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 126

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Anton Honnek, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One story brick building and frame kitchen, situated on lot No. 2 of city block No. 1527 in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 106

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Myer A. Rosenblatt, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and against Henry L. Edmunds, William W. Valle and Thomas J. Allen, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered 13 and 14 in block No. 1284 of said City of St. Louis, and in block No. 4 of Compton Hill Addition, each of said lots containing 25 feet front on Mary Ann street by 136 3-12 feet in depth; and I will on
FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 29, 1879. 156

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against John Bezdek and Mary Bezdek, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story brick building, situate on the north ten feet of lot No. 5 and south 14 feet 3 inches of lot No. 6 of block No. 38, Allen's addition, in city block No. 1974, in said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 149

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Patrick Sullivan and Winnie Sullivan, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story frame dwelling house situate on lot No. 33 of block No. 8, Central addition, in city block No. 1670 of said city of St. Louis and State aforesaid; and I will on
TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 115

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Patrick Sullivan and Winnie Sullivan, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story frame dwelling house situate on lot No. 33 of

LEGAL.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, December Term, 1879.
Thursday, December 4, 1879.
Horace Hatchman,
vs.
Mary E. Hatchman.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by his attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the said plaintiff and the defendant, on the ground of adultery on the part of the defendant; and, unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 6th day of December, 1879.

(SEAL) CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

GEO. BADCOCK, Esq., Attorney for plaintiff. 208

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF STOCKS. —IN RE

MOREY T. ANDREWS'

Estate.—Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order made on the 19th December, 1879, by the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, I will sell for and on account of the estate of the late Morey T. Andrews, the following described stocks, to-wit:

1 share St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association.
20 shares St. Louis Petroleum Company, $100 each.
100 shares St. Louis Petroleum Company, $10 each.
2 shares Taylor Manufacturing (St. Louis) Company, $100 each.

Sale at east front of the Court house in the city of St. Louis on Wednesday the 31st December, 1879, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day. Terms, cash.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator.

Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, Room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, December 20, 1879. 375

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, December Term, 1879.
Friday, December 5, 1879.
James J. Gallagher
vs.
Ann Gallagher.

It appearing from the petition herein duly verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of cruel and barbarous treatment, such as to endanger the life of plaintiff, and on the further ground of indignities offered to plaintiff such as to render his condition intolerable; and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 6th day of December, 1879.

(SEAL) CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

D. A. JAMISON, Attorney for plaintiff. 206

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Dominick Lallement and Joseph Lallement, and the other in favor of Jacob Kuntz, and both against Francis X. Marsot and Francis Pompeney, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: A lot of land fronting 150 feet on the west line of Main street, by a depth of 139 5-12 feet along the south line of Pine street, and having a width of 150 feet throughout, and being in city block No. 3013.

Also, a lot of land having 25 feet front on the west side of Main street by a depth westwardly of one hundred and thirty-nine (139) feet, bounded on the north by Nasse, on the south by Schilley, and on the west by an alley, and being in city block No. 3083

Also lot of land in city block No. 2977, having a frontage of 110 5 12 feet on the east side of Main street by a depth with that width of 124 5-12 feet to the Iron Mountain R. R., and running along the south line of Lafayette street.

Also a lot in city block No. 2979, fronting 33 feet on the east side of Second street, by a depth with that width of 147 11-12 feet to land of Nethe and being bounded on the north by Picot, and on the south by Edling.

Also lot in city block 3007, fronting 17½ feet on the west side of Water street by a depth with that width of 122 11-12 feet to the Iron Mountain R. R., bounded on the north by Powell, and on the south by Forquelin.

Also a lot in city block No. 3015, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Third street by a depth with that width of 147 11-12 feet to land of Massardet al., bounded north by Renzhauzer et al., and south by Hoffmeister.

Also a lot in city block No. 3015, having a width of 25 feet by a depth of 25 feet, and being bounded north by Herbel, east by Pingle, south by Leahy, and west by Lawson.

Also, a lot in city block No. 3018, fronting 75 feet on the west side of Fourth street by a depth of 147½ feet along north side of Quincy street, bounded north by O'Shea and west by Farrer.

Also, a lot in city block No. 3049, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Benton street by a depth with that width of 137 11-12 feet to an alley, bounded north by Kaiser and south by Deppe.

Also, a lot in city block No. 3079, fronting 300 feet on the west side of Fifth street by a depth with that width of 295 feet to Sixth street, bounded north by Kirk street and south by Heaven street.

Also, lots 6 and 7 of city block No. 3126, fronting, together, 67½ feet on the south side of Franklin street, by a depth with that width of 140 feet.

Also, lots Nos. 26 and 27 of city block No. 3129, fronting, together, 50 feet on the west side of Main street by a depth westwardly with that width of 130½ feet along north line of Primm street; and I will on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interests, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, Marsot and Pompeney, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said executions and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 18, 1879. 366

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their deed of trust, dated October 23, 1876, recorded in book 560, page 147, of the records of deeds in St. Louis city and county, John T. Kelly and Mary, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, with the improvements thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in city block 940, beginning at a point on the west line of Twenty-first street eighty-four feet eight and one-half inches (84 8½) north of the northwest corner of Morgan and Twenty-first street; thence running northwardly along the said west line of Twenty-first street fifteen (15) feet; thence westwardly and parallel to said Morgan street seventy feet (70 feet); thence south parallel to Twenty-first (21st) street fifteen feet, (15 feet); thence eastwardly parallel to Morgan seventy (70) feet to place of beginning, on Twenty-first street; the same being the southern fifteen feet off of a lot of twenty feet fronting said Twenty-first street, acquired by L. S. Brotherton, Special Commissioner, by deed dated October 12, 1876, and being the southern portion of a lot marked No. 5 in a subdivision of this with other adjoining ground; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes and the performance of certain covenants therein described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said notes, and in the performance of said covenants; Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the holders of said notes, I will proceed to sell said real estate at the east front door of the Court-house, in St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder,

ON WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D., 1879.

CHAS. HEWITT.
St. Louis, Mo., November 29, 1879. 158

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Francis Elizabeth Baldwin, widow of John R. Baldwin, deceased, now Francis Elizabeth Goll (or Elizabeth Francis Goll), wife of John F. Goll (she having married a second time), and John F. Goll, her husband, by their certain deed of trust dated June 29, 1878, and recorded in the records of the office of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 597, page 158, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Four certain lots, pieces or parcels of ground in Labadie and Lynch addition, a plat of which said addition is of record in the office of said Recorder of Deeds and described as follows: Lots numbered fifty-four (54) and fifty-five (55) in block numbered sixteen, fronting together fifty (50) feet on the south line of Rappahannock street, and with that width running southwardly one hundred and fifty-seven (157) feet to an alley, and thirty-eight (38) and thirty-nine (39) in block numbered seventeen (17), fronting together fifty (50) feet on the north line of Rappahannock street, and with that width running northwardly one hundred and fifty-six (156) feet—all of said property being the same property acquired by the said Elizabeth Francis Baldwin (now Goll), by deed dated July 13, 1859, and recorded in book 220, page 363, of the records of deeds of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis City; which said first-mentioned conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of a certain note therein described; and whereas said note has become due, and remains unpaid: Now, therefore, in compliance with the conditions in said deed contained, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house of the city of St. Louis, at public auction, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property, to satisfy said note, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

F. F. ESPENSCHIED,
As Trustee.
St. Louis, December 16, 1879. 360

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John Steinmetz and Dora, his wife (the said John Steinmetz, being now dead more than nine months), by their certain deed of trust dated March first, 1871, and recorded in the office of the now Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, in book 415, page 550, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described lots or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis county, Missouri, in township forty-five (45) north, range four (4) east, and containing eighty-three hundredths of an acre, to-wit: the same piece of land acquired of Hank Rems by deed dated September 28th, 1868, in which a more full description will be found, and having a width on the Central Plank-road of ninety-six (96) feet, and on the north end of seventy-seven (77) feet and nine (9) inches, with a depth of four hundred and twenty (420) feet, bounded on the north by land of said Rems, on the east by F. Schwenk, on the south by Central Plank-road, and on the west by John Steinmetz; also a lot or parcel of ground lying in the same county and State, and alongside of the above described land, containing one and one-half acres and more fully described in a deed from Hans Rems and wife, dated March 23, 1866, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, of the now City of St. Louis, in book 314, page 375, and having a front breadth on the Central Plank-road of one hundred and fifty-six (156) feet, by a depth northwardly of four hundred and twenty (420) feet, and is bounded on the north by Weinrich, on the east by Steinmetz, on the south by the Central Plank-road and west by Hens: also all the improvements thereon, such as dwelling and stores and fixtures in the store; and which said conveyance was so made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of one of the principal notes in said deed described, therefore, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, I will on

TUESDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF JANUARY, A.D. 1880,

and between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, for the purposes of said trust.

RUDOLPH BOEKHOFF,
Trustee.
327

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the principal note secured by and fully described in a deed of trust executed by Bernard Lamkemeyer and Maria, his wife, dated the 10th day of November, 1875, and recorded, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, in book 581, page 232, and the undersigned trustee having been requested by the legal holder of said unpaid note to execute the trust by said deed created, public notice is therefore given that the undersigned trustees will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city (late the county) of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, the real estate in said deed of trust described and situate, lying and being in block numbered eleven hundred and eighty-six (1186) of the city of St. Louis, in the (then) county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the south line of Salisbury street, thirty-three feet west from the west line of Eleventh street, thence running westwardly with the south line of Salisbury street, sixty-seven feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Eleventh street, one hundred and thirty-five feet ten inches to an alley twenty feet wide, thence eastwardly with the north line of said alley sixty-seven feet, thence northwardly and parallel with Eleventh street, one hundred and thirty-five feet ten inches to the place of beginning, for the purposes of said trust.

ADAM BOECK,
Trustee.
213 North Sixth street.
St. Louis, December 11, 1879. 325

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of two executions issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, one in favor of Dominick Lallement and Joseph Lallement, and the other in favor of Jacob Kuntz, and both against Francis X. Marsot and Francis Pompeney, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: A lot of land fronting 150 feet on the west line of Main street, by a depth of 139 5-12 feet along the south line of Pine street, and having a width of 150 feet throughout, and being in city block No. 3013.

Also, a lot of land having 25 feet front on the west side of Main street by a depth westwardly of one hundred and thirty-nine (139) feet, bounded on the north by Nasse, on the south by Schilley, and on the west by an alley, and being in city block No. 3083

Also lot of land in city block No. 2977, having a frontage of 110 5 12 feet on the east side of Main street by a depth with that width of 124 5-12 feet to the Iron Mountain R. R., and running along the south line of Lafayette street.

Also a lot in city block No. 2979, fronting 33 feet on the east side of Second street, by a depth with that width of 147 11-12 feet to land of Nethe and being bounded on the north by Picot, and on the south by Edling.

Also lot in city block 3007, fronting 17½ feet on the west side of Water street by a depth with that width of 122 11-12 feet to the Iron Mountain R. R., bounded on the north by Powell, and on the south by Forquelin.

Also a lot in city block No. 3015, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Third street by a depth with that width of 147 11-12 feet to land of Massardet al., bounded north by Renzhauzer et al., and south by Hoffmeister.

Also a lot in city block No. 3015, having a width of 25 feet by a depth of 25 feet, and being bounded north by Herbel, east by Pingle, south by Leahy, and west by Lawson.

Also, a lot in city block No. 3018, fronting 75 feet on the west side of Fourth street by a depth of 147½ feet along north side of Quincy street, bounded north by O'Shea and west by Farrer.

Also, a lot in city block No. 3049, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Benton street by a depth with that width of 137 11-12 feet to an alley, bounded north by Kaiser and south by Deppe.

Also, a lot in city block No. 3079, fronting 300 feet on the west side of Fifth street by a depth with that width of 295 feet to Sixth street, bounded north by Kirk street and south by Heaven street.

Also, lots 6 and 7 of city block No. 3126, fronting, together, 67½ feet on the south side of Franklin street, by a depth with that width of 140 feet.

Also, lots Nos. 26 and 27 of city block No. 3129, fronting, together, 50 feet on the west side of Main street by a depth westwardly with that width of 130½ feet along north line of Primm street; and I will on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interests, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, Marsot and Pompeney, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said executions and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 18, 1879. 366

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against John Odeller, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: One-story frame dwelling situate on lots numbered 20 and 21 of city block numbered two thousand three hundred and nine in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri; and will, on

TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 105

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Gregor Heidenreich and Catherine, his wife, by their deed, dated November 11, 1869, and of record in book 417, page 511, of the St. Louis Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned lot four in block seven hundred and forty-three in Morrison's addition to the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, fronting 27 feet 6 inches on Easton street by a depth of 132 feet 6 inches, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, in trust to secure the payment of one certain note more fully described in said deed; and whereas said note and interest has been allowed to remain due and unpaid; and whereas Gregor Heidenreich, since the execution of said deed and note, has died, and more than 9 months have elapsed since his death; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the provisions in said deed, and upon the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned, will sell on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7TH, 1880.

between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the Court-house door (east front) in St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property above described to satisfy said note with interest and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

THEO. HORMANN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 12, 1879. 332

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas James Woodworth, by his other deed of trust dated the 28th day of May, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at deed book 617, page 474, conveyed to the undersigned trustee all his right, title, interest and estate in and to the following described real estate situated in the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.: Lots number one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and the north twenty-seven feet and three inches of lot number nine (9), block number twenty-six (26) of South St. Louis suburb, having a front of three hundred and ten feet and two inches (310 ft. 2 in.) on the western line of Stringtown road, by a depth on the northern line of said lots of fifty-one feet and one inch on Itaska street, and a depth on the southern line of said lots of one hundred and fifty-four feet more or less to Seventh avenue, and bounded south by the south line of U. S. survey number ninety (90); which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes in said deed described; and, whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, formerly city and county of St. Louis, State aforesaid, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on

MONDAY, THE 22ND DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,

between the hours of nine in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note, together with the cost and expenses of executing this trust.

THEOPHILE PAPIN,
Trustee.
Dated this 28th day of November, 1879. 152

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Saller and Elizabeth Saller, his wife, by their deed dated the thirtieth day of August, A. D. 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in Book 552, page 430, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot numbered (8) eight and (9) nine of block number (2) two of subdivision of part of the Baccanne tract, and further described as the subdivision of Baldwin's estate, said lots having together a front of 50 feet each on the west side of Prairie street by a depth of (125) one hundred and twenty-five feet more or less to an alley and bounded on the east by Prairie avenue, on the north by lot number (10) ten of said block, on the west by an alley and on the south by lot number (7) seven of said block; said property being in city block number 2086, it being the same property acquired by the said Henry Saller of Oscar F. Baldwin and others by deed dated the 28th day of July, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in book number 499, page 346; in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said first mentioned deed described; and whereas, default has been made in said first mentioned deed described has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, the undersigned Trustee hereby gives notice that he will, pursuant to the provisions of said trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, sell the property hereinbefore described, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p.m., of

TUESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A.

at the eastern front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

CHRISTIAN KOERNER, Trustee.
St. Louis, December 5, 1879. 199

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Andrew S. Dilmore and Lydia A. Dilmore, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 13th day of June, A. D. 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 568, page 457, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots nineteen and twenty in block seventeen (17) of the estate of Robert Wash, deceased, having a front of one hundred (100 feet) feet along the Western line of Good avenue by a depth along the south line of St. Ferdinand street of one hundred and thirty (130) feet to the eastern line of a fifteen (15) foot alley, on which said lots abut, by a depth of one hundred (100) feet; which said conveyance was made in trust to the undersigned trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed fully described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of the last interest note as well as the principal note, and both of said notes still remain unpaid; Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1879,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the cost and expenses of executing said deed.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Trustee.
Office, room 10, second floor Insurance Building, northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets.
St. Louis, Mo., December 2, 1879. 162

WHEREAS, Joseph Bogy and Eliza, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 8th day of June, 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 5698, page 452, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described land, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain lot of ground situated in block number five hundred and eleven (511), in the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the south line of Lucas Place one hundred feet west of the west line of Sixteenth street, thence running west along Lucas Place forty-three feet, thence south, parallel with Sixteenth street, one hundred and fifty-five feet to an alley, thence east along the north line of said alley forty-three feet, and thence north, parallel with Sixteenth street, one hundred and fifty-five feet to Lucas Place, beginning, bounded west by Bogy, north by Lucas Place, east by Bogy, south by alley and west by Hunt—(on said property there is a two-story dwelling and good stable); which said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein mentioned; and whereas default has been made in payment of said notes and interest thereon, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10TH, 1880,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purpose of satisfying said indebtedness and the cost and expenses of this trust.

SAMUEL N. HOLLIDAY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 11, 1879. 326

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of William B. Thompson, to the use of Alexander Davis, assignee, and against Henry P. Hart and George W. Hart, security on the appeal bond, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of Henry P. Hart, one of the defendants, in and to the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: 1. A piece or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the western line of Third street one hundred and twenty-three feet three inches from the southeast corner of block number 77, north of said southeast corner of said block; thence northwardly with the north line of survey number 257, according to the plat of Brow's survey in the office of the United States Surveyor-General for the district of Missouri, one hundred and sixty-six feet six and one-half inches to the northwest corner of said survey No. 257, thence southwardly with the west line of said survey twenty-nine feet five inches; thence eastwardly in a direct line to a point in the western line of Third street thirty feet nine and three-fourths inches from the point of beginning; thence northwardly with said western line of Third street thirty feet nine and three-fourths inches, and being the same property acquired by the late James Hart of Adelaide Auduchon, widow of Michael Morin, Antoine Morin and Theodore Berger, by deed dated March 12, 1847, and recorded in book F, No. 4, pages 446 and following; and I will on

SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Henry P. Hart, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 10, 1879. 219

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Ralph Clayton and William D. Clayton, by their deed of trust dated 13th July, 1874, and recorded in the recorder's office of St. Louis county, State of Missouri, in book 503, page 139, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being situated in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the west line of the Hanley road two (2) chains, more or less, south of the intersection of the said road with the Bonhomme road; thence running south along said west line thirty-three and one-third (33⅓) chains, more or less, to a point; thence running westwardly on a line parallel with the north line of Ralph Clayton's land thirty (30) chains, more or less, to a point; thence northward on a line parallel to said west line of said Hanley road thirty-three and one-third (33⅓) chains to said Clayton's said north line; thence eastwardly along said north line to the place of beginning, bounded east by Hanley road, south and west by Ralph Clayton's land, and north by Central suburbs division, said tract containing one hundred acres, more or less, and being partly in United States survey No. 1918 and partly in United States survey No. 1919, in township 45 north and range 6 east, less thirteen (13) acres, more or less, off south side which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30TH, 1879,

for the purposes of said trust.

ISAAC M. VEITCH,
ALFRED CARR,
Trustees
St. Louis, Mo., December 4, 1879. 188

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, James Nugent and Mary, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the twelfth day of August, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the county of St. Louis as the same then existed according to law, in book 530, at page 257, did convey to one Bernard J. Reilly, as trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered five (5) and six (6) in block numbered one (1) of Beaumont addition to the city of St. Louis, and in city block numbered nine hundred and thirty (930) of the said city of St. Louis, and being more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Certain lot or ground fronting on the south side of Lucas avenue fifty (50) feet by one hundred and sixty-six (166) feet more or less in depth to an alley, and which said lot is measured as follows: Beginning at a point on Lucas avenue one hundred feet east of the intersection of said Lucas avenue with Beaumont street; thence running east on Lucas avenue fifty (50) feet, thence south and parallel with Beaumont street one hundred and sixty-six feet, six inches (166 6) more or less to said alley; thence west along said alley fifty feet; thence north one hundred and sixty-six (166) feet more or less to the place of beginning; in trust to secure the payment of certain specified notes in said deed, and whereas, said Bernard J. Reilly did refuse to act as such trustee, whereupon the Circuit Court City of St. Louis did, on the 29th day of November, 1879, appoint the undersigned trustee to execute said deed of trust in place of said Bernard J. Reilly, original trustee as aforesaid; and whereas, one of the notes secured by said deed of trust is due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed, and of the statutes of the State of Missouri, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of

MONDAY, DECEMBER TWENTY-NINTH, 1879, for the purposes of said trust.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 3, 1879. 180

TRUSTEE'S AND ASSIGNEES' SALE—Whereas, Thomas F. Houston and Mary H. Houston, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 20th of January, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office in Pettis County, Mo., in Trust, Deed and Mortgage Record Book X, on Page 259, and Book 260 and 261, conveyed to the undersigned, Thomas E. Tutt, trustee, the following described tracts of land situate in the County of Pettis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The east half of the east half of section twenty-nine, in township forty-eight of range twenty-two, and all of section twenty-eight in said township and range, except its east half of its southeast quarter, making in all 320 acres, more or less; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, executed by said Thomas F. Houston to one Henry E. Lewis, in said deed of trust fully set forth and described; which said note was, after the execution thereof, assigned and transferred to one John H. Louderman; and whereas the said Thomas F. Houston was afterwards adjudged a bankrupt by the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri, and the said John H. Louderman presented said note and deed of trust in said court as a secured claim against the estate of said bankrupt, and upon due proof of the same it was allowed by said court as such secured claim; and whereas, afterwards, on the 14th day of November, 1879, on the petition of said John H. Louderman for an order of sale of said real estate, under said deed of trust, it was ordered by said District Court that J. H. Bothwell and James E. Babbitt, assignees of said bankrupt, join with the said Thomas E. Tutt, trustee, proceed to advertise and sell, in conformity with the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, the property thereby conveyed and hereinbefore described, such sale to be made subject to the payment of all taxes and assessments due and becoming due; now, therefore, in pursuance of said order of said Court and in conformity with the terms and provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the owner and holder of said notes, we will on

SATURDAY, THE 3D DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell said real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, to satisfy said note and the costs and expenses of said deed of trust.

THOMAS E. TUTT,
Trustee.
J. H. BOTHWELL,
JAMES C. BABBITT,
Assignees. 154

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Thomas K. Skinker, trustee of Mary K. Woodward, wife of John M. Woodward, by written request of the said Mary, the said Mary K. Woodward, and the said John M. Woodward, her husband, by their deed dated August 10, 1877, and recorded in record book No. 5, pages 105 and 106, of the records of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, and ex officio Recorder of the County of Lawrence, of the State of Arkansas, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described tracts and parcels of land situated in the County of Lawrence, and State of Arkansas, to-wit: The west half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) of section five (5), the east half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼) of section five (5), the northwest quarter (¼) of section fifteen (15), the west half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) of section fifteen (15), the southwest quarter (¼) of section twenty-two (22), the northwest quarter (¼) of section twenty-four (24), the west half (½) of southwest quarter (¼) of section twenty-four (24), the fractional southwest quarter (¼) of section thirty (30), all of section thirty-one (31), the west half (½) of section thirty-two (32), the southwest quarter (¼) of northeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-two (32), the west half (½) of southeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-two (32), the southeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-two (32), the south half (½) of section thirty-three (33), the southeast quarter (¼) of the northwest quarter (¼) of section thirty-three (33), the northeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-three (33), the west half (½) of northwest quarter (¼) of section thirty-four (34), the east half (½) of west half (½) of section thirty-six (36); the west half (½) of southeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-six (36); all in township fifteen (15) north, range one (1) west; also, the southeast quarter (¼) of southwest quarter (¼) of section eleven (11), the southeast quarter (¼) of southwest quarter (¼) of section eleven (11), the northeast quarter (¼) of section fourteen (14), the south half (½) of section fourteen (14), the north half (½) of section twenty-three (23), the southeast quarter (¼) of section twenty-three (23); all in township fifteen (15) north, range two (2) west, containing, altogether, four thousand and forty-nine and 97-100 (4,049 97-100) acres; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specifically described in said deed; now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said tracts and parcels of land for sale at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879, for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY M. BRYAN, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 2, 1879. 160

TRUSTEE'S SALE

Of a Beautiful Suburban Residence,

WITH TWELVE ARPENTS OF GROUND,

IN COTE BRILLIANTE.

Default having been made in the payment of one of the notes secured by deed of trust executed by J. H. Dowell and wife under date of July 31, 1875, and of record in Book 526, page 241, of St. Louis City Recorder's office, public notice is hereby given that I will, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, on

THURSDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate conveyed to me in trust by said deed and therein described, as follows, to-wit: Four parcels of land, all situated in a subdivision in the county (now city) of St. Louis, in United States Survey No. 2971, styled "Suburb Cote Brilliante," a plat of which is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of said county (now city), said lots being known and designated on said plat as lots Nos. 21, 22, 33 and 34 of said "Suburb Cote Brilliante," and containing in the aggregate twelve and 55-100 arpents of land, and being together bounded north by lots Nos. 23 and 32 of said Suburb Cote Brilliante, east by Caroline avenue, south by lots Nos. 23 and 32 of said Suburb Cote Brilliante and west by King's Highway, for the purposes of the trust created by said deed.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.

This property was the homestead of the late J. H. Dowell, and is one of the most desirable residences in the suburbs—it adjoins the elegant mansion of Samuel Cupples, Esq., and is opposite that of Capt. Geo. H. Rea, and the new building of the Christian Brothers; is very accessible by street cars, and fronts on two beautiful avenues now occupied by our best citizens. I have the certificate of title to the date of the trust, and which I will cheerfully exhibit to any one desiring to see it, and give any and all information regarding the property.

M. A. WOLFF,
359 211 North Sixth street, Trustee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John M. Bauer and Edward P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against Albert Wuch, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Two-story brick building and kitchen situate on lot No. 8 of block No. 27 of Allen's addition in city block No. 805 in said city of St. Louis, and State aforesaid; and I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1879,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 28, 1879. 107

SHERIFF'S SALE.

AMERICAN WINE CO.
Office and Salesroom 507 and 509 N. Third St.,
CORNER OF ST. CHARLES.
Purer and Cost One-Half Less than Imported Champagnes.

SHOES
BEST ASSORTMENT
IN ST. LOUIS.
MOUND CITY.
411 NORTH FOURTH ST.

Freund's | New and Elegant Restaurant and Ice Cream Saloon for Ladies 918 OLIVE ST.

VIENNA MODEL BAKERY.
516 Olive Street.
J. C. SNODGRASS & CO., Proprietors.
Fine Cakes and Pastry.
(All baked in our Vienna Ovens.)
Our Vienna Bread and Rolls delivered fresh twice daily to Grocers.

Lehigh Valley Anthracite,
Big Muddy, Basin Block
And Illinois COALS
LEWIS P. HARVEY & CO.,
311 OLIVE STREET.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Book Store.
PHILIP ROEDER,
(Eighteen years with Willie H. Gray),
Books, Stationery, Periodicals, Gold Pens, Knives, Albums, Fancy Goods, Etc.,
322 Olive st., near Fourth, St. Louis.

To beautify your skin use Pozzoni's Medicated Powder; is healthful—no drugs in it.

DR. E. C. CHASE,
922 Olive St., set of best teeth only $8.

BARSTOW & Baltimore Fire Place Heaters. $55, $60, $65. Dana & Co., 117 Washington av.

NEW edition of the Life and Works of Washington Irving, complete in one volume, ornamentally bound, for the small sum of $5 00. Suitable book for the holidays. J. H. Chambers, 305 Locust street.

Thony's Oyster House, 325 N. Third Street.
The well known reputation of Thony for first-class oysters—the choicest New York and Baltimore oysters and clams always on hand. The Baltimores are served raw, stewed or fried at 25c per dozen. Families and parties supplied.

WHY is it that the place of C. Conrad & Co. is always crowded? Simply on account of its many attractions. As the needle unerringly points to the pole, so wanders every admirer of good Beer to the Budweiser Department. Fresh oysters and delicacies always on hand.
C. CONRAD & CO.

GOLDEN EAGLE Clothing House open every evening this week till 9 p. m.

Divorces by Default as Usual.
Botcher against Botcher was the first matrimonial trouble settled by Judge Wickham today. The couple were married in Stettin, Prussia, in 1863, and lived together until the 7th of November, 1878. Then trouble began culminating in this suit, which grants the plaintiff the custody of her four children.
Joseph Dorsey has had the martail tie unbound which has hitherto held him to what was but is not his Louisa. Her temper apparently was violent, so much so that on several occasions she has pursued plaintiff about the house and on the street, waving a reeking butcher-knife in her hands and calling on all the gods at once to let her catch up with her flying mate. She is now in the seclusion of the Work-house, and Joseph has selected this time to make his temporary separation permanent. The decree was granted to him.
Louisa Ludwig against Ludwig Ludwig is the last case upon which Judge Wickham passed. The old story of drunkenness, abuse and unhappiness was recited in the petition and the divorce promptly granted.

School Board Notes.
Next Wednesday the children at the different Kindergartens will have Christmas celebrations. At several of the schools there will be several Christmas trees. At the Stoddard school a grotto will be built, from which Santa Claus will emerge when the children are assembled and go through his tactics.
The following circular was issued from the office of the Superintendent of Public Schools to-day:
"Miss Blow requests that the 'Mutter und Kose Lieder' class meet at the Eads Kindergarten on Saturday, January 3d, at nine o'clock a. m. Directors are requested to meet on the same day at ten o'clock. It is important all should attend."

ABOUT TOWN.

ON the first of January two elegant Pullman sleepers, the Gem and the Verona, refitted at a costly expense, will be put on the line between St. Louis and Rock Island, Ill.

SCRIBNER'S Monthly, January, 1880, Harper's, Appletons' Journal, Watson's Young Lady's Journal, January and Christmas parts, Bow Bells, January and Christmas parts, and the London Queen and Illustrated Dramatic and Sporting News. X mas number, at Willie Gray's, 306 and 709 Olive street.

THE remains of the late Col. Henry Sheppard arrived in the city this morning from New Orleans, en route to their final resting place at Springfield, Mo., his former home. The deceased had been in very delicate health for some time, and a month ago went to New Orleans intending to spend the winter, when he died very suddenly on Friday. The remains leave to-night for Springfield.

"THE QUEER" PARSON.

The Counterfeiting Divine on His Trial in the U. S. Court.

How the Theologian of the Koniackers Handled Spurious Coin and Frequented Unclerical Localities.

The trial of "The Parson" of the counterfeitnig gang, otherwise known to fame as A. J. Thomas, alias A. J. Jones, was continued in the United States Circuit Court this morning, and proved quite interesting to the large crowd in attendance. "The Parson" was present in all the glory of his manhood. He was the central object of interest as he appeared with his wife in the court-room.

The testimony submitted during the morning included the evidence of several parties who had been taken in by the seductive manner of "the Parson," and had invariably turned state evidence and given the amateur divine away to the United States officials.

A street car conductor testified that Thomas had attempted to pass a bogus standard dollar in paying his car fare. The conductor refused it as he detected its counterfeit quality.

Thomas took it back and mildly insinuated that "the coin was as good as gold," whereupon the conductor stated that he would prefer gold.

The Parson's shortcomings, as represented by the witness for the prosecution, were shown up in a most glaring manner and would indicate that he not only frequented saloons and other places not considered the correct caper for gentlemen of that calling; bnt also that he was willing to impose on the verdancy of people by passing coin not manufactured by authority of the Federal Government.

The "Parson" appeared to be interested in the proceedings, and with his wife seemed to enjoy the good points made by the witnesses, especially when his bravery was mentioned.

THE FIRST WITNESS

was Sergeant Sommers, of the city police force. He stated that some time ago the United States authorities had called on the police to assist in the arrest of A. J. Thomas. Witness, in company with other policemen, went out to "the Parson's" house on Finney avenue. Thomas was not at home, and his wife was the only occupant of the house. The officers informed her that they had the warrant to search the house. They also put her under arrest. A policeman was left outside to await the coming of Thomas. Soon afterwards witness heard a pistol shot, and learned, on going out, that Thomas had resisted the officer and that the latter had fired at him. Witness went out and arrested Thomas.

Thomas was taken to the Fifth District Police Station, and from there was placed in a wagon and conveyed to jail. Thomas was hand-cuffed at the time. Witness didn't know whether Thomas had washed his face at the police station or not; but thought Thomas' face was covered with blood.

On the cross-examination witness stated that Thomas said during the ride to the jail that he (Thomas) did not know the man who attempted his arrest was in earnest, as that person had many times before told Thomas that he was going to arrest him.

The next witness was

W. W. KENNETT,

who was a member of the Secret Service of the United States, and was so employed during the summer of 1878.

"Do you know Chas. Smith, who testified in this court regarding these cases?"
"Yes, I know him."
"Where did you first meet him?"
"In the District Attorney's office."
"What occurred?"
"Smith gave me some information respecting certain men."
"Did you give him any directions?"
"Yes, I gave him directions to proceed on the information he gave me, which was investigating the dealings of these men about whom the information was given."
"What did he do?"
"Smith went out, and I followed him to ascertain if his information was correct."
"When was that?"
"About the 18th of June. Smith went out to 2818 Franklin avenue, where Bosse's saloon is located."
"Did you see the defendants?"
"I saw Smith meet a man by the name of A. J. Jones, and they both went into the saloon. Soon afterwards Jones came out and went for Biebusch. The two returned to the saloon, and the three men remained for some time. They separated and Jones went to the Sheridan House."
"Did you ever see them again?"
"Yes, on the 2nd of July I saw Jones and Biebusch go into the Sheridan house. I went in and saw they were engaged in conversation."
"Who was this Jones?"
The witness then pointed out A. J. Thomas, the defendant, as the man who sailed under the cognomen of Mr. Jones.
"Where did Jones or Thomas live?"
"At 1527 Austin street."
The cross-examination then was conducted as follows:
"When was the last time you saw Thomas at 1527 Austin street?"
"It was in June some time, about the 25th of the month. It was before the 4th of July."
"What did Smith receive for his services?"
"I didn't tell him that he would be paid by the Government."
"Did you ever have any experience in having the metal run from the moulds?"
"I have seen it done in Brooklyn, N. Y., while acting in the capacity of secret agent of the Government."
"Smith did a good deal of the work with these parties at night?"
"Not to my knowledge. I only saw him with them during the day."
"How many times did you see Smith with these parties?"
"Twice. Once at Bosse's saloon on Franklin avenue."
"When was the next time?"
"I can't give the date of the second meeting. The first was on the 18th of June."
The witness was asked by the Court to give the directions of the different localities mentioned, but was unable to do so as he was a comparative stranger in the city.

J. HOGAN

knew the defendant Thomas, and had lived on Austin street. The defendant was known by the name of Thomas. Witness didn't know that Thomas was engaged in any business.

POLICEMAN DONAHUE

was next called. He was shown some coins, and identified them as the same as found on the 25th of October last in the yard of the Thomas residence.
"Who lived in that house?"
"Thomas and a lady that I supposed was his wife."
The cross-examination was as follows:
"What time was this coin found?"
"About ten o'clock on Saturday morning, the 25th of October."
"Were they found where the other money was dug up?"
"No; as near as I was informed it was about four feet from the fence where the other money was dug up. The two dollars were under a flower pot."
The witness was then questioned by the Court for the purpose of giving the jury a clear idea of the various localities. The information gained was not of a character to throw much light on this subject.

JOHN BURNS

is engaged as a hostler in one of the police stations. He was shown a coin which he identified as one he had found on the 23d day of October in the wagon that was employed to convey Thomas to the jail.
On the cross-examination the following information was obtained:
"Did you see Thomas depart in that wagon on the night of his arrest?"
"No, sir."
"How many pieces did you find?"
"Only one piece."
"What time did you find it?"
"At about 7 o'clock in the morning."
"How did you happen to discover it?"
"Well, I took out the cushion and the money was found on the seat."
A juryman asked witness how he knew the piece.
Witness stated that he had marked it before allowing it to leave his possession.

TIMOTHY DONAHER

was next called. He was a street car conductor on the Olive street line.
"Do you know the defendant?"
"Yes, I saw him once during or after the last Fair."
"State the circumstances of your meeting."
"I asked him for his fare, and he gave me a standard silver dollar which I pronounced counterfeit."
"Did you take it?"
"No, I gave it back; and he paid me a nickel."
"How do you know it was counterfeit?"
"I took a good fifty-cent piece and cut the dollar with it."
On the cross-examination witness stated that he didn't know that he had ever seen the defendant before. When the witness returned the counterfeit dollar to Thomas, Thomas said "it was as good as gold." Witness told him he would sooner have gold.
Witness was then closely examined as to his memory of the man who attempted to pass the dollar on him.
Wm. Leonard was called, but was excused by the Court on the ground that he had appeared before the grand jury and his name had not been given to the defendant's counsel.

HENRY WOODS,

who lived in St. Louis, was next examined:
"Do you know Thomas?"
"Not by that name. I know him as 'the Preacher.'"
"Where did you meet him?"
"At Bosse's saloon in company with Biebusch."
Some coins were shown witness, and he was asked where he received them and if he had ever seen them before.
"Yes. I got them from 'the Preacher.' He gave them to me to pass on the 28th of February. He gave me two pieces and offered me $5 worth of them."
"What did you do with them?"
"I brought them down to the Government building and gave them to the Assistant District Attorney."
"When did you see him again?"
"On the 27th I met him by appointment near the Rock Church and bought ten half dollars from 'the Preacher.'"
"How do you know them?"
"I marked them when I gave them to the Assistant District Attorney."
On the cross-examination witness was put through the following ordeal:
"Are you a sneak thief by profession?"
"No, sir; I am not."
Mr. Estes then questioned witness as to several parties, giving them by name, and asked him if he had ever stolen anything from them, and was answered in every case in the negative.
"How many times have you been arrested?"
"Twice or three times."
"You always get out by turning State's evidence?"
"I never turned State's evidence before, as I never had occasion to do so."
"Are you indicted in this court now?"
"Not that I know of. I was arrested ——."
"How old are you?"
"Thirty-one years."
"Where did you come from?"
"From Montana."
"How long have you been here?"
"About eleven years."
"You and Hoosier Bill have committed robberies together?"
"I decline to answer that question."
Witness stated that at one time "the Parson" accused him of "peaching" on him, when Thomas, who was armed, said that it would take three good men to arrest him. Thomas also said that if he thought that witness had given him away he would blow out witness' brains if he had such articles in his cranium.
The witness was also closely examined as to any crimes in which he had been engaged, but whenever a direct question of his connection with a crime was put to him, he declined to answer the question. He finally stated his reason for declining to answer such questions was that he did not wish to implicate himself.

W. W. HULL,

of the United States Secret Service, was called. He knew Henry Woods, the last witness. He met him in the District Attorney's office. Witness then detailed the circumstances of engaging Woods to secure counterfeit money from the parties suspected of dealing in that commodity.
The witness identified the coins shown him as the same as those obtained from Woods.
Mr. Hall, as an expert, pronounced the coins counterfeit which had been received by various ways from Thomas.
The coins were distributed among the jurymen for their inspection and examination.
At the conclusion of this testimony, court adjourned until this afternoon.

This Afternoon.
The session did not commence until some time after 2 o'clock, owing to two of the jurymen being late.
Promptly at 2 o'clock the Parson came into the court room escorting his better half. The latter is supposed to be in delicate health, although her appearance would not indicate that fact. She is tenderly cared for by her husband, who assists her to and from the court room, and gives public demonstrations of his regard for the partner of his life.
The first witness was an employe of the Secret Service named Richard Benazer. He was known by the name of Charles B. Dennis in St. Louis during the year 1878 and 1879. He was directed to take that name by the Government, as he was known to certain men in St. Louis by his real name. Witness repeated the circumstances of Woods' being employed to obtain money from Thomas—in substance the same as that stated by Mr. Hall.
Witness thought, while passing Woods and Thomas during one of their interviews, that he saw Thomas pass a small package to Woods.
The witness was not now in the service of the Government.

DETECTIVE TYRRELL,

of the Secret Service, was next called. He also gave his evidence on the transaction between Woods and Thomas in which the former acted under direction of United States officers.
The witness also gave an account of the arrest of Thomas and the finding of the money buried in the yard.
The coins offered in evidence were identified by the witness as the same as found on the premises a few nights after the arrest.
The trial is progressing.

Circuit Court Brevities.
COURT NO. 1.
Dozier, Weyl & Co. vs. Henry Tauszky; judgment for defendant for plaintiff for $405 17.
McCombs, Caruth & Byrnes vs. the Factors' and Brokers' Cotton Compressing Company and the St. Louis National Bank; judgment for plaintiff for possession and one cent damages.
The application of the City of St. Louis for leave to inspect the books of the St. Louis Gas Light Company was granted.
The suit of Rodgers vs. Windsor Flats Company was referred to Silas W. Dooley.
Thomas Buckean vs. Henry M. Howard, Wm. H. Ryan and T. J. Kleinschmidt; judgment for plaintiff for $193 01.
In the matter of Wm. Cole, the Sheriff was appointed trustee.
COURT NO. 2.
This was default day in No. 2, and a large amount of business was transacted. In the State, to the use of Hill against Taylor and others, motion for a new trial was overruled.
A. J. Geraghty against J. R. Ern, motion for a new trial was sustained, the former judgment set aside and the cause reinstated and continued. In the city of St. Louis against Skrainka and others, a final judgment of condemnation was issued. C. W. Caines gets possession and one cent damages from G. W. Embree. In the State to use of Aeby against Thomas and others, the death of William McKee, one of the defendants, was suggested and the cause continued.
COURT NO. 3.
A motion for a new trial was overruled in the case of Stegrist against Arnot. McGuffin against Hodnett and others was dismissed for want of prosecution. Dewey against Denton motion in arrest of judgment was overruled.
COURT NO. 4.
In the case of Homthal and others against the Fourth National Bank garnishees Block, Daan & Co. were discharged upon payment of $331 99, less $15.
COURT NO. 5.
Wm. H. Clopton against Edward P. Corby took a judgment for $100. State use M. D. Lewis against Marcus A. Wolff took a judgment for $1,328. Amanda E. Christy against B. M. Chambers was submitted to court and judgment for plaintiff for penalty of bond and damages assessed at $11,685 32. H. A. Haenssler against Mrs. Bridget Walsh took a judgment for $290.

Legal Notes.
Letters of administration were this morning granted to Margaret R. Reber on the estate, valued at $20,000, of Samuel Reber.

FOR a good, reliable shoe go to Swope's.

CHARLES S. PARNELL.

The Knights of St. Patrick will Invite the Great Irish Agitator to St. Louis.
The departure of Chas. S. Parnell, the great agitator, from Ireland, which event occurred last Saturday, and his early arrival in the United States are looked upon with great interest by the Irish-Americans of this country.
Mr. Parnell, on his arrival in New York, will be met with a hearty reception, and will be requested to deliver an address on the recent troubles in Ireland.
He will be invited to visit St. Louis and address the Knights of St. Patrick, as that society are now making the necessary preparations for his visit to this city.
It is expected that a large mass meeting will be held in St. Louis on the arrival of the great Irish agitator, and a fitting reception given him. The Knights of St. Patrick are now raising funds to assist in the work with which Mr. Parnell is identified, and it is probable that his visit here will be made the occasion of a large and well attended meeting.
As yet no programme has been arranged, but the subject will receive the early attention of the society at its next meeting.

SWOPE'S English walking shoes for $3 50 a pair. Every pair warranted.

The Justices of the Peace.
For a livery bill J. B. Shevlin sues H. F. Spelker in B. P. Taaffe's court. In the same court Caroline Grant claims $18 from George H. Geiger. The case of F. D. F. Decker, of the Globe Theater, with Marion Knight, the actress, is set for this evening before Justice Taaffe.
The first case instituted in Justice B. P. Taffe's court this morning was by Mary Garvey against Mary McGuinn. The plaintiff claims to have worked in the defendant's millinery establishment in the capacity of seamstress to the extent of $51 80.
Justice Smythe rendered judgment this morning in the case of Morris Cantlin vs. J. J. Doyle, in favor of plaintiff. The claim was for wages.
A suit was instituted to-day in Justice Monahan's court that is rather novel. The plaintiff is B. Hyeinger, President of the Congregation of Shaare Emeth, who sues A. M. Steinburg for pew rent to the amount of $44 25.
The case of W. R. Harvy vs. Wm. Andrews was tried to day by Justice Mullery. Harvey claims $21 80 for work he performed for the defendant.

The Latest Local Billiard News.
Tom Gallagher arrived from New York this morning and assumes charge of the Chamber of Commerce Billiard Hall to-morrow. Under his superintendence this hall will doubtless become a popular resort for lovers of the beautiful game of billiards. Tom informed a POST-DISPATCH reporter that there is a fair prospect for a match between Carter and himself to be played in St. Louis about the 15th of January. In the event of such a game being arranged it will be 1,000 points, as the regular three ball game, for $500 a side, the choice of table to be tossed for. Tom will engage in active practice at once.
Schaefer, Sexton, Slosson and Daly may be expected in St. Louis about the 20th of January. The match between Schaefer and Sexton for the championship, at the champion's game, now held by the latter, is finally set for the 10th prox., at Tammany Hall, New York, and the players above named will come this way within a few days after that date.

CALL at Swope's and see the beautiful styles of embroidered slippers.

FEATHERLY'S Parisian Complexion Powder makes the face as beautiful as a lily. All druggists sell it.

WASHINGTON IRVING'S works, including biography of his life, in one volume, for the small sum of $5. A first-class holiday book.
J. H. CHAMBERS,
305 Locust street.

OUR AIM
Is to reach the acme of perfection in the make and finish of every garment we turn out of our Tailoring Department. In order to do this, we have secured the services of some of the best artists to be found. The trimmings we use are as good as any one can buy. The stock of goods from which a selection can be made comprises every make of material, adapted to all purposes, and in great variety. This being the case, we will please you in every particular—Goods, Price, Style, Make, Fit, and whatever else you may suggest. Now, having given you these assurances, we ask you to examine our goods, to see samples of the work we do. Don't say "Bosh," "Humbug," and all that sort of thing, but simply come and see whether we can save you $5, $10 or $15 (perhaps more) on a suit made in our Tailoring Department. Ask to see our London Suitings and our new styles in $15 suits we make to order in a first-class manner.
TAILORING DEPARTMENT
"FAMOUS,"
705, 707, 709, 711, 713 Franklin Avenue.
Samples and rules of self-measurement sent free on application.

WILLIAM F. CROW & CO.,
FOURTH AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.
HOLIDAY DRY GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY!

A. E. FAUST'S FULTON MARKET.
Fresh Sea Fish, Lobsters, Etc.
ARE NOW PREPARED to offer in above goods, together with all the luxuries of the season, Saddle Rock Oysters, extra select; Diamond Brand; New York Tub Oysters, Bulk Oysters, Shell Oysters, Clams, etc.; wholesale and retail, and served to order at FAUST'S OYSTER DEPOT AND PACKING HOUSE, Northeast corner Fifth and Elm streets.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITIES!
For a few days longer to purchase Diamond Ear-Rings, Finger Rings, Watches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Jewelry and Silver of all kinds at the Clearance Sale of the EDWARD MEAD CO., Corner of Fourth and Washington Ave. This sale is positive to realize cash to close a copartnership on January 1, 1880.
Goods of all kinds are advancing in price, and sales are daily made that could not be replaced for double the money.

IMMENSE VARIETY OF
CHRISTMAS GOODS!
SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY,
NINTH STREET AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.
Open Until 9 P. M.

THE QUESTION OF THE HOUR:
What Shall I Give My Friend?
For your Husband's Christmas Present, go to KENT & MILLER'S for an Elegant Overcoat.
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